

$$1. (a) 10.0 = 1010.00$$

$$= 1.010 \times 2^3$$

sig  
single

$$\text{sign} = 0 \quad \text{expon} = 3 \quad \text{mant} = 1.010$$

$$127 + 3 = 130 = 1000\ 0010$$

$$0, 1000\ 0010, 010\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000$$

$$(b) 10.5 = 1010.101$$

$$= 1.010101 \times 2^3$$

$$\text{sign} = 0 \quad \text{expon} = 3 \quad \text{mant} = 1.010101$$

$$127 + 3 = 130 = 1000\ 0010$$

$$0, 1000\ 0010, 10101010\ 00\ 000000\ 0000\ 0000$$

$$(c) 0.1 = 0.00011 = 1.100110011 \dots \times 2^{-4}$$

$$\text{sign} = 0 \quad \text{expon} = -4 \quad \text{mant} = 1.100110011 \dots$$

$$127 - 4 = 123 = 0111\ 1011$$

$$0, 0111\ 1011, 10011\ 0011\ 0011\ 0011\ 0011\ 00$$

$$\text{double (a)} \quad 1023 + 3 = 1026 = 100\ 0000\ 0010$$

$$10.0 = 0, 100\ 0000\ 0010, 010 \dots 0$$

$$(b) \quad 1023 + 3 = 1026 = 100\ 0000\ 0010$$

$$10.5 = 0, 100\ 0000\ 0010, 010101\ 0000 \dots 0$$

$$(c) \quad 1023 - 4 = 1019 = 011\ 1111\ 1011, 10011\ 0011\ 0011 \dots 001$$

2.  $S_1 = 1.010$        $e_1 = 0$

$S_2 = 0.1001$        $e_2 = 0$

signs are different

replace  $S_2$  as  $S_2 = 1.0111$

$$S = S_1 + S_2$$

$$= (-) 0.1011$$

$\therefore$  signs are different, ignore carry out

shift left till normalized

$$S = 1.011 \quad e = -1$$

result is  $1.011 \times 2^{-1}$



3. a. suppose  $A$  is positive  $B$  is negative  
 $A+B = a-b$

(1)  $\text{compl}(b)$

(2)  $a + \text{compl}(b) = S$

if  $S$  has a carry out,  $S$  is positive

$S$  has the same sign as  $A$

$$S = a - b = A + B$$

other wise  $S$  has the same sign. as  $B$

$$S = -(b - a) = A + B$$

b. in part a. we show that  $A$  and  $B$  have different signs, floating point addition can be performed within 1 adder.

for  $A$  and  $B$  have the same sign.  
 $r$  and  $s$  bits can be obtained before addition.

(1) If a roundup is indicated,

$$S = a + b + 1$$

(2) If no roundup indicated

$$S = a + b$$

thus floating addition can be performed in one adder