Introduction

There are some useful scripts.

vcf2snpbinner.R

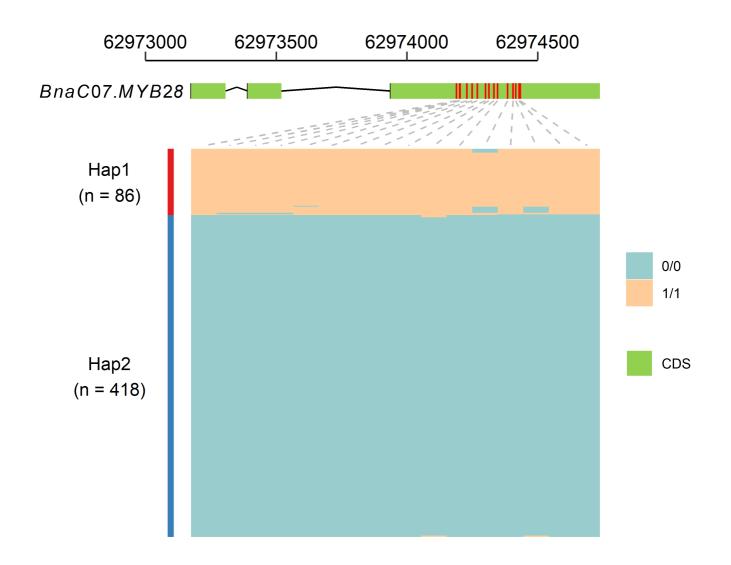
A R script for transforming vcf file to SNPBinner input file. The heterozygosity and missing rate will be calculated for output SNP marker.

```
Rscript ./vcf2snpbinner.R -h
```

```
usage: reform.R [--] [--help] [--opts OPTS] [--input INPUT] [--out OUT]
       [--parent1 PARENT1] [--parent2 PARENT2] [--minDP_p1 MINDP_P1]
       [--minDP_p2 MINDP_P2]
a program for converting vcf to table of snpbinner. genotype same as
parent_1 is designated 'a', genotype same as parent_2 is designated
'b', heterozygous genotype is designated 'h', missing genotype is
designated '-'
flags:
  -h, --help
                 show this help message and exit
optional arguments:
  -x, --opts
                  RDS file containing argument values
  -i, --input
                 vcf or vcf.gz file containing two parents and progeny
                  lines
                output file prefix
  -o, --out
  -p, --parent1 name of parent_1
  --parent2 name of parent 2
  -m, --minDP_p1 Minimum depth of parent_1 [default: 5]
  --minDP_p2
                 Minimum depth of parent_2 [default: 5]
```

GeneStructure_with_Variation

A R script for drawing gene structure and the variation of this gene in a population. A gtf file containing target gene, a vcf file containing variation of this gene and phenotype data is needed. Hierarchical clustering algorithm was adopted to distinguish different haplotype, the number of haplotype can be designated according clusting result. Some polymorphism may exsit within samples belonging to the same haplotype, you can divided them into different haplotypes by setting more haplotypes.



ePCR.pl

A perl script for ePCR. Input is tsv (tab-separated values) file containing three columns (PrimerID, forwardPrimer, Reverse Primer).

Requiement

• ePCR

Preparation

```
# lower letter to UPPER letter
seqkit seq -u reference.fa > genome.fa
# prepare sequence database for re-PCR searches
famap -t N -b genome.famap genome.fa
fahash -b genome.hash -w 12 -f 3 genome.famap
```

```
perl ePCR.pl -h
```

slidingWindow.R

A sliding window function in R. The R package tidyverse should be installed. values is a vector containing column names which need be calculted.

```
source("./slidingWindow.R")
# An example
sldWid <- slidingWindow(df = df, winSize = 1000000, winStep = 200000, groups =
"CHROM", position = "POS", values = c("R.R3.depth", "R.qY.depth"), fun = "mean")</pre>
```

addUp.R

A R function for calculating accumulation value for a column of a table. For example, a data.frame contain two columns, "chromosome" and "position", this function will calculate the accumulation position of different chromosome, then a list containing a table with a new column "position_add_Up", a vector containing breaks position, a vector containing labels, a vector containing gaps position, will be returned.

```
source("./addUp.R")
# An example
addUp(df = df, len = len, group = "chromosome", pos = "position", band = 0.01)
addUp(df = df, len = len, group = "chromosome", pos = c("start", "end"), band = 0.01)
```

run_DESeq2.R

A R script for differential expression analysis using DESeq2. You need to prepare three files:

- read count matrix file.
- samples file, tab-delimited text file indicating biological replicate relationships. e.g.

```
cond_A cond_A_rep1
cond_A cond_A_rep2
cond_B cond_B_rep1
cond_B cond_B_rep2
```

• contrasts file, tab-delimited text file containing the pairs of sample comparisons to perform. e.g.

```
cond_A cond_B
cond_Y cond_Z
```

Usage:

```
Rscript run_DESeq2.R -h
```

```
usage: run_DESeq2.R [--] [--help] [--opts OPTS] [--matrix MATRIX]
       [--samples_file SAMPLES_FILE] [--min_reps MIN_REPS] [--min_cpm
      MIN_CPM] [--contrasts CONTRASTS]
Run differential expression analysis using DESeq2.
flags:
 -h, --help show this help message and exit
optional arguments:
 -x, --opts
                     RDS file containing argument values
 -m, --matrix
                     matrix of raw read counts (not normalized!)
 -s, --samples_file tab-delimited text file indicating biological
                     replicate relationships.
                     At least min count of replicates must have cpm
 --min reps
                     values > min cpm value. [default: 2]
  --min_cpm
                     At least min count of replicates must have cpm
                     values > min cpm value. [default: 1]
                     file (tab-delimited) containing the pairs of
  -c, --contrasts
                     sample comparisons to perform.
```