Cheat sheet for Mathematica

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Basic Operation

Matrix Operation

multiplication, dot production, power

Side note: how to generate a matrix:

"()" and press " ctrl + enter" to increase row entries; "ctrl +," to increase columns

Or we can represent a matrix in vector forms

Example 1:Let's generate a generalized 2 by 2 matrix and then do some basic calculation

```
A = \begin{pmatrix} a11 & a12 \\ a21 & a22 \end{pmatrix}; (*here we generate a 2 by 2 matrix*)
           {{a11, a12}, {a21, a22}}
           {{a11, a12}, {a21, a22}} // MatrixForm
           B = \{\{a11, a12\}, \{a21, a22\}\} // MatrixForm
           A + B (*This doesn't work since B
            matrix is stored as an image instead of a matrix*)
           B1 = \{\{a11, a12\}, \{a21, a22\}\}
           B1 // MatrixForm (*This works because we first store the
            B matrix in vectors and then transform it ito the matrix form*)
           A + B1
           A + A (*addition*)
           A * A (*this represents the multiplication of individual elements*)
           A^2 (*this is equivalent to "A*A"*)
           A^2 (*the hotkey is "ctrl+6" and it is the same as "A*A"*)
           MatrixPower[A, 2] (*this is for power operation*)
           A.A // MatrixForm (*this is identical to the power of any matrix*)
           Eigensystem[A] (*eigenvalues and their corresponding eignvectors*)
   Out[*]= { {a11, a12}, {a21, a22}}
Out[ • ]//MatrixForm=
            a11 a12
            a21 a22
Out[ • ]//MatrixForm=
            / a11 a12
   \text{Out[$^{o}$]=$ } \left\{ \left\{ \text{a11} + \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \text{a11} & \text{a12} \\ \text{a21} & \text{a22} \end{array} \right), \ \text{a12} + \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \text{a11} & \text{a12} \\ \text{a21} & \text{a22} \end{array} \right) \right\}, \ \left\{ \text{a21} + \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \text{a11} & \text{a12} \\ \text{a21} & \text{a22} \end{array} \right), \ \text{a22} + \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \text{a11} & \text{a12} \\ \text{a21} & \text{a22} \end{array} \right) \right\} \right\} 
  Out[*]= { { a11, a12}, { a21, a22} }
Out[ • ]//MatrixForm=
            / a11 a12
            a21 a22
   Out[*]= \{ \{ 2 a11, 2 a12 \}, \{ 2 a21, 2 a22 \} \}
   Out[\bullet]= \{\{a11^2, a12^2\}, \{a21^2, a22^2\}\}
  Out[\bullet]= \{\{a11^2, a12^2\}, \{a21^2, a22^2\}\}
  Out[\sigma] = \left\{ \left\{ a11^2, a12^2 \right\}, \left\{ a21^2, a22^2 \right\} \right\}
   Out[v]= \{\{a11^2 + a12 a21, a11 a12 + a12 a22\}, \{a11 a21 + a21 a22, a12 a21 + a22^2\}\}
Out[ • ]//MatrixForm=
              a11<sup>2</sup> + a12 a21 a11 a12 + a12 a22
            a11 a21 + a21 a22 a12 a21 + a22<sup>2</sup>
  Out[*]= \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left( a11 + a22 - \sqrt{a11^2 + 4 a12 a21 - 2 a11 a22 + a22^2} \right) \right\} \right\}
               \frac{1}{2} (a11 + a22 + \sqrt{a11^2 + 4 a12 a21 - 2 a11 a22 + a22^2})},
             \left\{ \left\{ -\frac{-\,\mathsf{a11}+\mathsf{a22}+\,\sqrt{\mathsf{a11}^2+4\,\mathsf{a12}\,\mathsf{a21}-2\,\mathsf{a11}\,\mathsf{a22}+\mathsf{a22}^2}}{-\,\mathsf{a11}-\,\mathsf{a22}+\,\mathsf{a22}^2},\,\,\mathbf{1} \right\} ,
               \left\{-\frac{-a11+a22-\sqrt{a11^2+4a12a21-2a11a22+a22^2}}{1a22+a22^2}, 1\right\}\right\}
```

Extracting submatrices

```
Part[A, 2, 1] (*Part command can extract any entry of a matrix*)
          A[[2, 1]] (*Double parentheses*)
           {A[[2, All]]} // MatrixForm
          B2 = \{A[[2, A11]]\}
          Let's consider how to extract some specific rows and columns
          mat = Table[Subscript[m, i, j], {i, 5}, {j, 5}]; (*Subscript is a function*)
          mat // MatrixForm
          B3 = mat[[1;; 3, 2;; 3]] // MatrixForm (*";;" refers to "span" command*)
             m_{1,1} m_{1,2} m_{1,3} m_{1,4} m_{1,5}
             \mathsf{m}_{2,1} \ \mathsf{m}_{2,2} \ \mathsf{m}_{2,3} \ \mathsf{m}_{2,4} \ \mathsf{m}_{2,5}
             m_{3,1} m_{3,2} m_{3,3} m_{3,4} m_{3,5}
             m_{4,1} \ m_{4,2} \ m_{4,3} \ m_{4,4} \ m_{4,5}
            \binom{\mathsf{m}_{5,1}}{\mathsf{m}_{5,2}} \binom{\mathsf{m}_{5,3}}{\mathsf{m}_{5,4}} \binom{\mathsf{m}_{5,5}}{\mathsf{m}_{5,5}}
Out[@]//MatrixForm=
            ( m_{1,2} m_{1,3} )
             m_{2,2} m_{2,3}
            \left( \mathsf{m}_{3,2} \; \mathsf{m}_{3,3} \right)
```

Concatenation matrix

```
r1 = (1 2 3)
         r2 = (2 3 4)
         Join[r1, r2] // MatrixForm
         (*Vertical concatenation can be achieved by the "Join" command*)
        r4 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}
        Join[r3, r4] // MatrixForm (*Note: this is not horizontal concatenation*)
        Transpose[Join[Transpose[r3], Transpose[r4]]] // MatrixForm
         (*Note: Transpose command only applies to matrix instead of vectors*)
        C1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}
C2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
        ArrayFlatten[{{C1, 0}, {0, C2}}] // MatrixForm
          (*"ArrayFlatten" can be used to generate diagonal matrices *)
  Out[*] = \{ \{1, 2, 3\} \}
  Out[\circ]= { { 2, 3, 4} }
Out[ • ]//MatrixForm=
         (1 2 3 V
         2 3 4
  Out[\circ]= \{\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}\}
  Out[\circ]= \{\{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}\}
Out[ • ]//MatrixForm=
          1
           2
           3
           2
           3
Out[ •]//MatrixForm=
         (12
          2 3
  Out[\circ]= \{ \{ 1, 0 \}, \{ 0, 2 \} \}
  Out[\bullet]= { {1, 0}, {0, 1}}
Out[ •]//MatrixForm=
         1000
          0 2 0 0
          0 0 1 0
         0001
```

$$Out[*] = \{ \{1, 2, 3\} \}$$

$$Out[\ \circ\]= \{\{2, 3, 4\}\}$$

Out[•]//MatrixForm=

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{2} & \mathbf{3} \\ \mathbf{2} & \mathbf{3} & \mathbf{4} \end{array}\right)$$

Out[
$$\circ$$
]= $\{\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}\}$

Out[
$$\bullet$$
]= $\{\{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}\}$

Out[•]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Set: Symbol D is Protected.

Out[
$$\bullet$$
]= { {1, 4}, {5, 2}}

Set: Symbol e is Protected.

Out[
$$\circ$$
]= { {1, 4}, {7, 5}}

Exercise: IEEE 2020 TPEL

(*Calculate Facc*)

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{In[a]:=} & \text{F1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \\ &\text{F2} = \begin{pmatrix} -wa & 0 \\ 0 & -wa \end{pmatrix}; \\ &\text{Fd} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{-120}{T^3} & \frac{-60}{T^2} & \frac{-12}{T} \end{pmatrix}; \\ &\text{Fq} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{-120}{T^3} & \frac{-60}{T^2} & \frac{-12}{T} \end{pmatrix}; \end{aligned}$$

F3 = ArrayFlatten[{{Fd, 0}, {0, Fq}}];

$$F4 = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{R1}{L1} & w1 \\ -w1 & -\frac{R1}{L1} \end{pmatrix};$$

Facc = ArrayFlatten[{{F1, 0, 0, 0}, {0, F2, 0, 0}, {0, 0, F3, 0}, {0, 0, 0, F4}}]; (*calculate Hacc*)

$$H1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix};$$

$$H2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix};$$

$$H3 = \begin{pmatrix} \theta & \theta \\ 0 & \theta$$

Bacc = Hacc.Lacc1.M1.Kacc.Lacc2 + Hacc.Lacc2;

```
Cacc = Lacc3.M1.Jacc ;
Dacc = Lacc3.M1.Kacc.Lacc2 + Lacc4;
(*generate Fvsc Hvsc Jvsc Kvsc*)
(*Fvsc*)
\mathsf{Fpll} = \left( \begin{array}{cc} 0 & 0 \\ \mathsf{kip} & 0 \end{array} \right);
Fdvc = (0);
Favc = (-wac);
\mathsf{Fapb} = (0);
Fvsc = ArrayFlatten[{{Aacc, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, Fpll, 0, 0, 0},
      {0, 0, Fdvc, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, Favc, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, Fapb}}];
(*Hvsc*)
Hpll = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ kpp \end{pmatrix};
Hdvc = (1);
Havc = (kpa * wac);
Hapb = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \frac{Id1}{Cdc*Vdc0} & \frac{Iq1}{Cdc*Vdc0} & \frac{V1}{Cdc*Vdc0} & 0 \right);
Hvsc = ArrayFlatten[{{Hacc, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, Hpll, 0, 0, 0},
      {0, 0, Hdvc, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, Havc, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, Hapb}}];
(*Jvsc*)
Jpll = (0 1);
\mathsf{Jdvc} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{Kid} * \mathsf{Vdc0}}{\mathsf{V1}}\right);
Javc = (1);
Japb = (-1);
Jvsc = ArrayFlatten[{{Jacc, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, Jpll, 0, 0, 0},
      {0, 0, Jdvc, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, Javc, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, Japb}}];
(*Kvsc*)
Kpll = (0);
Kdvc = \left(\frac{Kpd * Vdc0}{V1}\right);
Kavc = (0);
Kapb = \left( 0 \quad 0 \quad - \frac{L1*Id1}{Cdc*Vdc0} \quad - \frac{L1*Iq11}{Cdc*Vdc0} \right);
Kvsc = ArrayFlatten[{{Kacc, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, Kpll, 0, 0, 0},
      {0, 0, Kdvc, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, Kavc, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, Kapb}}];
(*define Lvsc matrices*)
                     0
            0 0
                          1 0 0
            0 0
                     0
                          0 1 0
            0 0
                          0 0 0
                    0
                  - V1
            0 0
                          0 0 0
            0 0
                  – V1
                          0 0 0
Lvsc1 =
           0 1
                    0
                          0 0 1
            0 0
                          0 0 0
                     0
            0 0
                          0 0 0
                     0
            0 0
                    0
                          0 0 0
            1 0 - Iq1 0 0 0
           (01 Id1 000)
```

(*Define Identify matrix*)

I2 = IdentityMatrix[11];

M1 = Inverse[I1 - Kvsc.Lvsc1] // MatrixForm

Dot: Tensors

Dot: Tensors

incompatible shapes.

- Dot: Tensors {{0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}} and {{1, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}, {0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0}} have incompatible shapes.
- Dot: Tensors

Out[•]//MatrixForm=

