# Belgium Ancient Book 1601-1625 data analysis and visualization

# descriptive statistics

The LIMO database of ancient books contains information about printed publications present at the Library of Leuven which can be dated before 1840. Our specific dataset contains the metadata from ancient Belgian books dating from 1601 to 1625. The metadata is organized into two main categories. First, there is the bibliographical information of the books, for example their (sub)title, author(s), publisher(s), seller(s), printer(s) and so on. Second, there is the holding information of the books, including their provenance, acquisition, library, and physical location.

#### In [168]:

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from wordcloud import WordCloud
from PIL import Image
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import folium
from folium import plugins
import gender_guesser.detector
from collections import defaultdict
import re
import networkx as nx
import itertools
from pyvis.network import Network
import community as community louvain
```

The first part of the exploration is to take a look at the demographic characterists of the authors using the reconciled data

#### In [308]:

```
## Since the author names in column 700 are separated into two columns 700$0$0$a and 700$1$0$a in ou # Here I add the reconciled values seprately and join the two dataframe together to get df_7000a = pd.read_csv('7000a.csv', encoding = 'latin1') df_7001a = pd.read_csv('7001a.csv', encoding = 'latin1') df_reconcile=df_7000a.append(df_7001a)
```

C:\Users\95327\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_85392\2051073032.py:3: FutureWarning: The frame append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas concat instead.

df\_reconcile=df\_7000a.append(df\_7001a)

#### In [332]:

```
df_reconcile['bool']=None
```

#### In [336]:

# In [337]:

df\_reconcile

### Out[337]:

	author name	identifier	country of citizenship	educated at	field of work	occupation	religion or worldview	sex or gender
0	Albert VII, Archduke of Austria	Q311452	Archduchy of Austria	NaN	NaN	military personnel	Catholic Church	male
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Catholic priest	NaN	NaN
2	Isabella Clara Eugenia	Q158256	Spain	NaN	NaN	politician	Catholic Church	female
3	Alonso de Madrid	Q5670348	Spain	NaN	NaN	literary	Catholicism	male
4	Aegidius Aureaevalensis	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4289	Diego de Estella	Q325647	Spain	University of Toulouse	NaN	theologian	Catholic Church	male
4290	NaN	NaN	NaN	University of Salamanca	NaN	monk	NaN	NaN
4291	Jan van Blitterswyck	Q27995644	NaN	NaN	NaN	monk	NaN	male
4292	Van Blitterswyck, Maria	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4293	Henricus Sedulius	Q21546722	NaN	NaN	NaN	theologian	NaN	male

4937 rows × 9 columns



# In [338]:

df\_reconcile\_clean = df\_reconcile.loc[df\_reconcile['bool']==False]

# In [339]:

df\_reconcile\_clean

### Out[339]:

	author name	identifier	country of citizenship	educated at	field of work	occupation	religion or worldview	sex ( gend(
0	Albert VII, Archduke of Austria	Q311452	Archduchy of Austria	NaN	NaN	military personnel	Catholic Church	ma
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Catholic priest	NaN	Na
2	Isabella Clara Eugenia	Q158256	Spain	NaN	NaN	politician	Catholic Church	fema
3	Alonso de Madrid	Q5670348	Spain	NaN	NaN	literary	Catholicism	ma
6	Bernard of Clairvaux	Q188411	France	NaN	philosophy	theologian	Catholic Church	ma
4288	Cornelius Thielmans	Q64031624	NaN	NaN	NaN	writer	NaN	ma
4289	Diego de Estella	Q325647	Spain	University of Toulouse	NaN	theologian	Catholic Church	ma
4290	NaN	NaN	NaN	University of Salamanca	NaN	monk	NaN	Na
4291	Jan van Blitterswyck	Q27995644	NaN	NaN	NaN	monk	NaN	ma
4293	Henricus Sedulius	Q21546722	NaN	NaN	NaN	theologian	NaN	ma
3622 rows × 9 columns								

4

rning:

#### In [314]:

```
df_reconcile_clean['author name'].fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
df_reconcile_clean['identifier'].fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\95327\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_85392\3777763541.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

ndas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)
df\_reconcile\_clean['author name'].fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
C:\Users\95327\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_85392\3777763541.py:2: SettingWithCopyWa

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

df\_reconcile\_clean['identifier'].fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)

#### In [315]:

df\_reconcile\_clean

#### Out[315]:

	author name	identifier	country of citizenship	educated at	field of work	occupation	religion or worldview	g
	Albert VII, Archduke of Austria	Q311452	Archduchy of Austria	NaN	NaN	military personnel	Catholic Church	
	Albert VII, Archduke of Austria	Q311452	NaN	NaN	NaN	Catholic priest	NaN	
;	Isabella Clara Eugenia	Q158256	Spain	NaN	NaN	politician	Catholic Church	1
;	Alonso de Madrid	Q5670348	Spain	NaN	NaN	literary	Catholicism	
(	Bernard of Clairvaux	Q188411	France	NaN	philosophy	theologian	Catholic Church	
428	Cornelius Thielmans	Q64031624	NaN	NaN	NaN	writer	NaN	
428	Diego de Estella	Q325647	Spain	University of Toulouse	NaN	theologian	Catholic Church	
429	Diego de Estella	Q325647	NaN	University of Salamanca	NaN	monk	NaN	
429	Jan van Blitterswyck	Q27995644	NaN	NaN	NaN	monk	NaN	
429	Henricus Sedulius	Q21546722	NaN	NaN	NaN	theologian	NaN	
3622	? rows × 9 colu	umns						_
4								
1								

### In [316]:

```
df_unique = df_reconcile_clean.drop_duplicates(subset=['identifier'], keep='first')
```

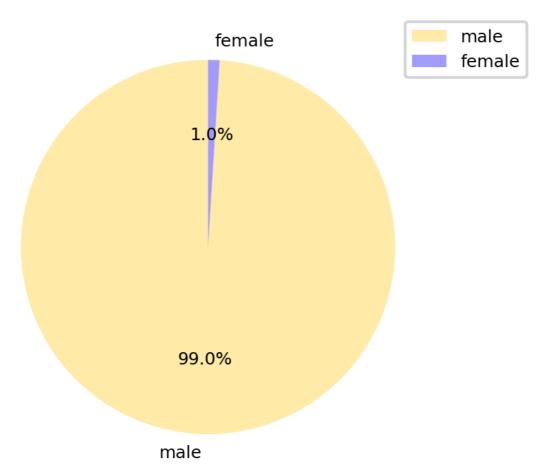
Now we can use the unique dataframe to analysis the authors' gender, religion, citizenship since these values are unique and use cleaned data to analyze the education, occupation and field of work the because they have multiple value

# Gender

#### In [317]:

```
df_gender= df_unique.dropna(subset=['sex or gender'])
sum_male=sum(df_gender['sex or gender']=='male')
sum_female=sum(df_gender['sex or gender']=='female')
category_names=['male', 'female']
sizes=[sum_male, sum_female]
plt.figure(figsize=(3, 3), dpi=300)
custom_colors=['#ffeaa7', '#a29bfe']
plt.pie(sizes, labels=category_names, textprops={'fontsize':6}, startangle=90, colors=custom_colors, autoplt.title("Gender distribution among authors", fontsize=6)
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.2, 1), fontsize=6)
plt.show()
```

# Gender distribution among authors



# Religion

### In [319]:

```
df_religion= df_unique.dropna(subset=['religion or worldview'])
df_religion['religion or worldview'].value_counts()
```

## Out[319]:

Catholic Church	139
Catholicism	43
Protestantism	5
Eastern Orthodoxy	3
Calvinism	2
Eastern Christianity	1
Eastern Orthodox Church	1
Christianity	1
Christian	1
Greco-Roman religion	1

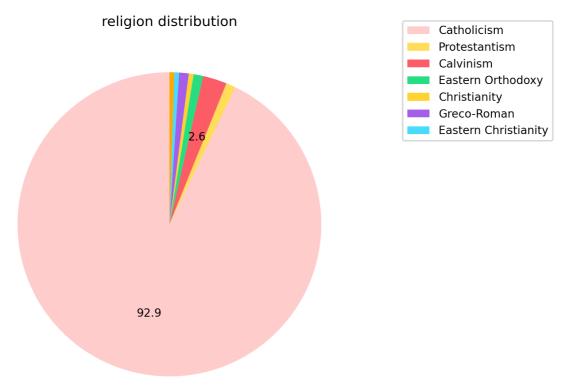
Name: religion or worldview, dtype: int64

#### In [345]:

```
sum_Catholicism=sum(df_religion['religion or worldview'].isin(['Catholic Church', 'Catholicism']))
sum_Protestantism=sum(df_religion['religion or worldview']=='Protestantism')
sum_Calvinism=sum(df_religion['religion or worldview']=='Calvinism')
sum_Eastern_Orthodoxy=sum(df_religion['religion or worldview'].isin(['Eastern Orthodoxy', 'Eastern Osum_Christianity = sum(df_religion['religion or worldview'].isin(['Christianity', 'Christian']))
sum_Greco_Roman=sum(df_religion['religion or worldview']=='Greco-Roman religion')
sum_Eastern_Christianity=sum(df_religion['religion or worldview']=='Eastern Christianity')

category_names=['Catholicism', 'Protestantism', 'Calvinism', 'Eastern Orthodoxy', 'Christianity', 'Greco-sizes=[sum_Catholicism, sum_Christianity, sum_Protestantism, sum_Calvinism, sum_Eastern_Orthodoxy, sum_Caplt.figure(figsize=(5,5),dpi=300)
custom_colors=['#ffcccc', '#ffdd59', '#fc5c65', '#26de81', '#fed330', '#a55eea', '#48dbfb', '#ffa801']

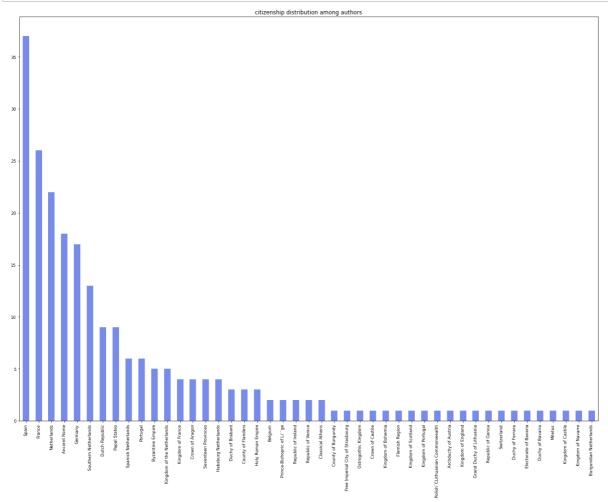
plt.pie(sizes, textprops={'fontsize':8}, startangle=90, colors=custom_colors, autopct = lambda p: formaplt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.1,1.05), fontsize=8, labels=category_names)
plt.title("religion distribution", fontsize=10)
plt.show()
```



# Citizenship

#### In [326]:

```
df_citizen= df_unique.dropna(subset=['country of citizenship'])
series_citizen =pd. Series(df_citizen['country of citizenship']. value_counts())
plt.figure()
ax = series_citizen.plot(
    kind='bar',
    title = "citizenship distribution among authors",
    figsize=(18, 15),
      y1im=(2, 9),
    legend=False,
    color='#778beb',
    fontsize=9)
for tick in ax.get_xticklabels():
    tick.set_rotation(90)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
ax. figure. savefig('country distribution.pdf')
```



# Field of work

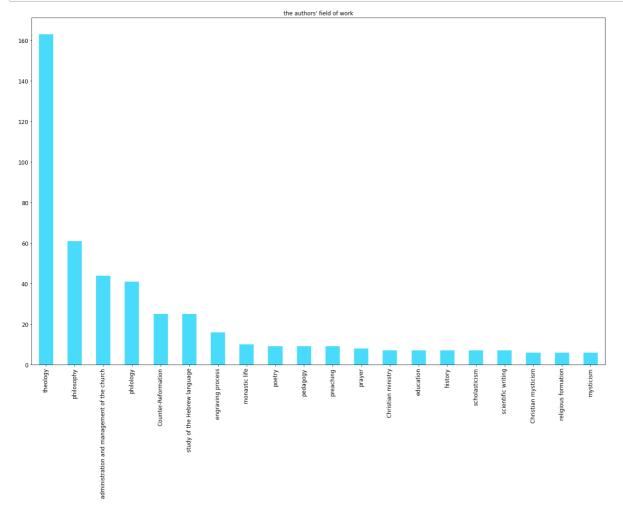
#### In [340]:

```
df_field = df_reconcile_clean.dropna(subset=['field of work'])
df_field.drop_duplicates(subset=['identifier', 'field of work'], keep='first')
series_field = df_field['field of work'].value_counts()
```

#### Out[340]:

#### In [342]:

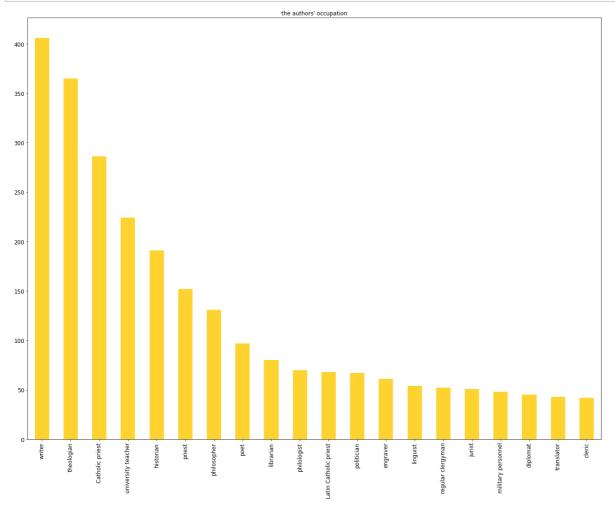
```
ax_field = series_field[0:20].plot(
    kind='bar',
    title ="the authors' field of work",
    figsize=(18, 15),
#    ylim=(2, 9),
    legend=False,
    color='#48dbfb',
    fontsize=12)
for tick in ax_edu.get_xticklabels():
    tick.set_rotation(90)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
ax_field.figure.savefig('field of work.pdf')
```



# Occupation

#### In [328]:

```
df occupation = df reconcile clean.dropna(subset=['occupation'])
df_occupation.drop_duplicates(subset=['identifier','occupation'], keep='first')
series_occupation = df_occupation['occupation'].value_counts()
series occupation
ax_occupation = series_occupation[0:20].plot(
    kind='bar',
    title ="the authors' occupation",
    figsize=(18, 15),
      y1im=(2, 9),
    legend=False,
    color='#fed330',
    fontsize=12)
for tick in ax_occupation.get_xticklabels():
    tick.set_rotation(90)
plt. tight layout()
plt.show()
ax_occupation.figure.savefig('occupation.pdf')
```



```
In [347]:
```

```
series_occupation[0:20]
```

#### Out[347]:

406 writer theologian 365 Catholic priest 286 university teacher 224 historian 191 priest 152 philosopher 131 97 poet librarian 80 70 philologist Latin Catholic priest 68 politician 67 engraver 61 linguist 54 regular clergyman 52 51 jurist military personnel 48 45 diplomat translator 43 42 cleric Name: occupation, dtype: int64

#### In [ ]:

# **Education**

#### In [343]:

```
df_edu = df_reconcile_clean.dropna(subset=['educated at'])
df_edu.drop_duplicates(subset=['identifier', 'educated at'], keep='first')
series_edu = df_edu['educated at'].value_counts()
series_edu
```

#### Out[343]:

Old University of Leuven	283
University of Douai	137
University of Padua	73
Pontifical Gregorian University	67
Universit"   catholique de Louvain	50
Queens' College	1
University of Turin	1
Merton College	1
University of " vora	1
University of Helmstedt	1
Name: educated at, Length: 63, dtype:	int64

#### In [344]:

```
plt.figure()

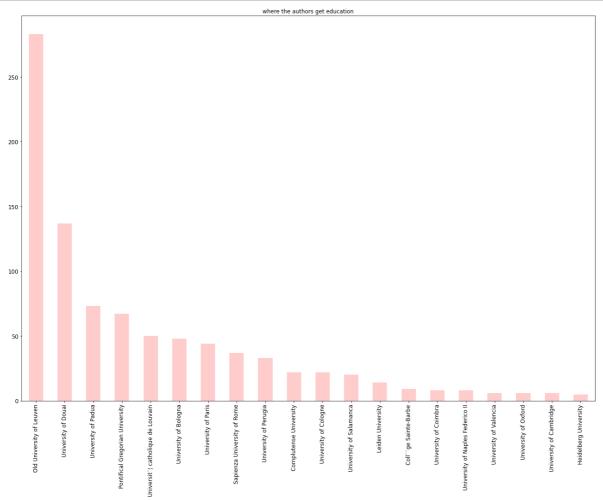
ax_edu = series_edu[0:20].plot(
    kind='bar',
    title = "where the authors get education",
    figsize=(18, 15),

# ylim=(2, 9),
    legend=False,
    color='#ffcccc',
    fontsize=12)

for tick in ax_edu.get_xticklabels():
    tick.set_rotation(90)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

ax_edu.figure.savefig('education distribution.pdf')
```



#### In [348]:

```
df_edu['educated at'].value_counts()[0:20]
```

### Out[348]:

Old University of Leuven	283
University of Douai	137
University of Padua	73
Pontifical Gregorian University	67
Universit"   catholique de Louvain	50
University of Bologna	48
University of Paris	44
Sapienza University of Rome	37
University of Perugia	33
Complutense University	22
University of Cologne	22
University of Salamanca	20
Leiden University	14
Coll " "ge Sainte-Barbe	9
University of Coimbra	8
University of Naples Federico II	8
University of Valencia	6
University of Oxford	6
University of Cambridge	6
Heidelberg University	5
Name: educated at, dtype: int64	

# Use the cleaned data

```
In [ ]:
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('Belgium-1601-1625_data.csv', encoding = 'latin1')
df.head()
```

# **Publication Place Analysis**

```
In [5]:
```

```
# Find out publication location distribution
```

#### In [7]:

```
publication_place = df['Place_of_publication'].dropna()
publication_place.unique()
```

#### Out[7]:

```
array(['Antwerp', 'Ghent', 'Leuven', 'Brussels', 'En Brvsselas', 'Mons', 'A Anvers', 'Ath', 'Li " ge', 'Lvgdvni', 'Avgvst? Ebvronvum',
       'Montibus', 'Mechelen', 'Tornaci Nerviorum', 'V?neunt Lovanii',
       'Na de copie Tot Loven', 'S.1.', 'Eerst tot Antwerpen',
       'Pal?opoli Advaticorvm [=Antwerpen]', 'Dvaci', 'Gandavi',
       'A Tournay', 'Middelburgi', 'Parisiis', "Ghedruckt t' Antwerpen",
       'Gheprint Tantwerp?', 'A?Brvxelles', 'Antvverpi?',
       'Palaeopoli Advaticorum', 'Tot Antwerpen', 'Ipris', 'Tournai', 'Amsterdam', 'Arras', 'Montibus Hannoniae', 'Bruges',
       'Lvgdni Batavorum', 'Lovvain', 'Athi', "t' Ypre",
       'Ypris Flandrorum', 'Paris', 'Louanij', 'LovenI', 'Avtverpi? [!]',
       'Ypre:', 'Ghedruckt tot Loven', '[plaats van uitgave onbekend]',
       'Courtrai', 'Cologne', 'Francofurti', "t'?Ipre", 'In Anverso',
       'Ghedruckt, te Ghendt', 'A Liege', 'Coloni? Agrippin?', 'A Brvges',
       'Tornaci', 'Metelloburgi Mattiacorum [= Antwerp]',
        'drucker tot Ghendt ghesworden', 'Gedruckt tot Lueuen',
       'A Lovvain', 'Na de copije: tot Bruessel', 'Tot Lvyck', 'Louany',
        "gheprint t'Antvverpen", 'Printed, at Antwarp'], dtype=object)
```

#### In [8]:

```
publication_place=publication_place.replace(['Lvgdvni','Louanij','Na de copie Tot Loven','V?neunt Lopublication_place=publication_place.replace(['A Anvers','Metelloburgi Mattiacorum [= Antwerp]','Avtv publication_place=publication_place.replace(['Li " "ge','A Liege'],'Liege')
publication_place=publication_place.replace(['En Brvsselas','A?Brvxelles', 'Na de copije: tot Brues publication_place=publication_place.replace(['A Brvges','Bruges'],'Bruges')
publication_place=publication_place.replace(['Tornaci','Tornaci Nerviorvm','A Tournay'],'Tournai')
publication_place=publication_place.replace(['Ghedruckt, te Ghendt','drucker tot Ghendt ghesworden',
```

#### In [18]:

```
publication_place
```

#### Out[18]:

```
1
         Antwerp
3
           Ghent
5
           Ghent
7
          Leuven
10
        Brussels
4379
         Antwerp
4381
         Antwerp
4383
         Antwerp
4387
         Antwerp
         Antwerp
Name: Place_of_publication, Length: 1252, dtype: object
```

#### In [19]:

```
df_publication = pd.DataFrame(publication_place)
```

#### In [20]:

```
df\_publication
```

#### Out[20]:

	Place_of_publication
1	Antwerp
3	Ghent
5	Ghent
7	Leuven
10	Brussels
4379	Antwerp
4381	Antwerp
4383	Antwerp
4387	Antwerp
4391	Antwerp

#### 1252 rows × 1 columns

#### In [21]:

```
df_publication['Place_of_publication'].unique()
```

#### Out[21]:

#### In [9]:

publication\_place.value\_counts()

#### Out[9]:

Antwerp	863
Leuven	144
Brussels	101
Liege	34
Ghent	28
Mons	13
Tournai	9
Mechelen	8
S. 1.	6
Ath	5
Montibvs	5
t' Ypre	4
Ipris	3
Ypris Flandrorum	3
t'?Ipre	2
Montibus Hannoniae	2 2 2 2
Bruges	2
[plaats van uitgave onbekend]	2
Athi	2
Dvaci	2
Francofurti	1
Cologne	1
Ypre:	1
Courtrai	1
Coloni? Agrippin?	1
Amsterdam	1
Paris	1
Lvgdni Batavorum	1
Arras	1
Palaeopoli Advaticorum	1
Parisiis	1
Middelburgi	1
Avgvst? Ebvronvum	1
Tot Lvyck	1
Name: Place_of_publication, dtype	e: int64

As shown in the List, most of the books were published in Belgium, while a very small portion of books were published in the nearby countries, such as in Paris and Amsterdam

Since the rest cities are either hard to recognize or too small to be include in term of publication number, here I am going to take the top 8 publication cities and map out the location

#### In [13]:

```
city_list = ['Antwerp','Leuven','Brussels','Liege', 'Ghent', 'Mons','Tournai' , 'Mechelen']
```

```
In [26]:
```

```
df_publication=pd.DataFrame(publication_place)
df_publication_top = df_publication.loc[df_publication['Place_of_publication'].isin(city_list)]
df_publication_top.value_counts()
```

#### Out[26]:

 Place\_of\_publication

 Antwerp
 863

 Leuven
 144

 Brussels
 101

 Liege
 34

 Ghent
 28

 Mons
 13

 Tournai
 9

8

dtype: int64

#### In [32]:

Mechelen

```
df_publication_top.rename(columns={'Place_of_publication':'city'}, inplace=True)
```

#### In [36]:

```
df_publication_top.city
```

#### Out[36]:

```
1
         Antwerp
3
            Ghent
5
            Ghent
7
          Leuven
10
        Brussels
          . . .
4379
         Antwerp
4381
         Antwerp
4383
         Antwerp
4387
         Antwerp
4391
         Antwerp
Name: city, Length: 1200, dtype: object
```

#### In [40]:

```
df_publication_top.index
```

### Out[40]:

```
Int64Index([ 1, 3, 5, 7, 10, 11, 13, 15, 19, 21, ... 4369, 4371, 4373, 4375, 4377, 4379, 4381, 4383, 4387, 4391], dtype='int64', length=1200)
```

#### In [42]:

```
df_publication_top['lat']=None
df_publication_top['lng']=None
...
```

#### In [43]:

```
# Search for the latitude and longitude of the 8 cities and add to the dataframe
for i in df_publication_top.index:
    if df_publication_top.city[i] == 'Antwerp':
        df publication top['lat'][i]=51.260197
        df_publication_top['lng'][i]=4.402771
    elif df publication top.city[i] == 'Leuven':
        df_publication_top['lat'][i]=50.879590
        df publication top['lng'][i]=4.700930
    elif df_publication_top.city[i] == 'Brussels':
        df_publication_top['lat'][i]=50.850450
        df_publication_top['lng'][i]=4.348780
    elif df publication top.city[i] == 'Liege':
        df_publication_top['lat'][i]=50.633730
        df_publication_top['lng'][i]=5.567490
    elif df_publication_top.city[i] == 'Ghent':
        df publication top['lat'][i]=51.050000
        df_publication_top['lng'][i]=3.716670
    elif df_publication_top.city[i] == 'Mons':
        df publication top['lat'][i]=50.454130
        df_publication_top['lng'][i]=3.389320
    elif df publication top.city[i] == 'Tournai':
        df_publication_top['lat'][i]=50.607150
        df publication top['lng'][i]=4.348780
    elif df_publication_top.city[i] == 'Mechelen':
        df_publication_top['lat'][i]=51.025740
        df_publication_top['lng'][i]=4.477620
```

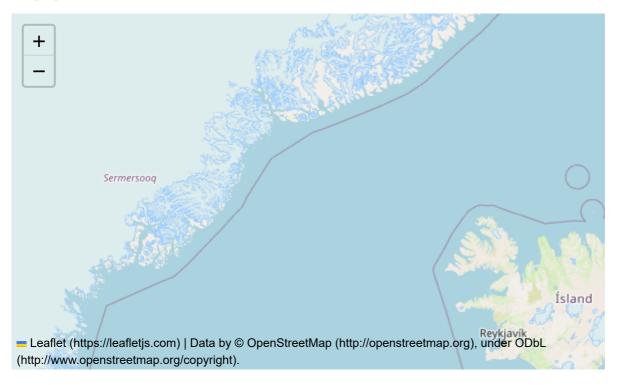
#### In [24]:

```
latitude= 50.850450
longitude=4.348780
bel_map = folium.Map(location = [latitude, longitude], zoom_start = 8)
```

#### In [44]:

bel\_map

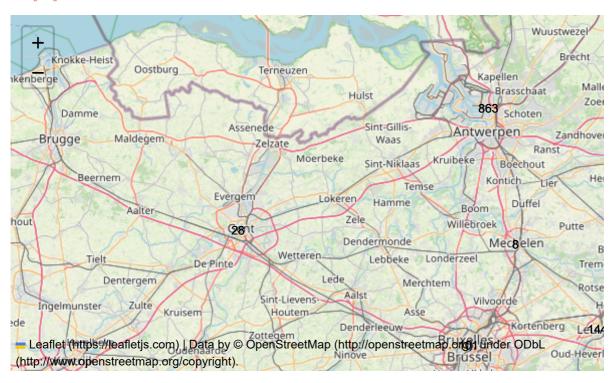
#### Out[44]:



#### In [46]:

```
publication = plugins.MarkerCluster().add_to(bel_map)
for lat, lng in zip(df_publication_top.lat, df_publication_top.lng):
    folium.Marker(
    location=[lat, lng],
    icon=None).add_to(publication)
bel_map.add_child(publication)
```

#### Out [46]:



Book publishers were scattered throughout Belgium, and most of book were published in the centre and north, namely Antwerp, Leuven and Brussels, which became the major cities of Belgium later on.

# publication language analysis

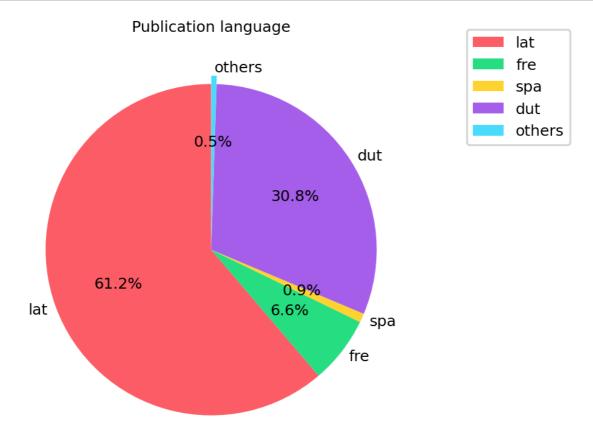
```
In [10]:
languages= df['publication_language'].dropna()
languages
Out[10]:
()
        lat
2
        dut
4
        dut
6
        dut
9
        dut
       . . .
4378
        lat
4380
        lat
        dut
4382
4386
        dut
4390
        lat
Name: publication_language, Length: 1143, dtype: object
In [11]:
# Find out what languages are used in the ancient books
languages. unique()
Out[11]:
array(['lat', 'dut', 'spa', 'fre', 'heb', 'per', 'grc', 'eng'],
      dtype=object)
In
    [12]:
# Find out language distribution
languages. value counts()
```

. . .

#### In [18]:

```
labels=['lat', 'fre','spa', 'dut','others']
sizes=[700,75,10,352,6]
plt.figure(figsize=(4,4),dpi=227)
explode = (0,0,0,0,0.05)
custom_colors=['#fc5c65','#26de81','#fed330','#a55eea','#48dbfb']
# ,textprops={'fontsize':6},

plt.pie(sizes,labels=labels,labeldistance=1.05,startangle=90,textprops={'fontsize':8},colors=custom
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.1,1.05),fontsize=8,labels=labels)
plt.title('Publication language',fontsize = 8)
plt.show()
```



As shown in the picture, among all the publication languages, Latin makes up the majority, with Dutch coming in second at 30.6%.

# linguistic features

#### latin

```
In [21]:
#In this case I would use the most popular two language, the latin and dutch to find out the linguis
title = df['Main title'].dropna()
title
Out[21]:
0
        F. Henrici SedvlI ... Pr?scriptiones adversvs ...
2
                                    Den crvys-wech Christi
        Kalengier ende lyst-hof der H. kercke verciert...
4
6
        Den christelycken spieghel, om wel ende deuchd...
9
        Edicht ende ordinancie vande eertzhertogen ons...
        C. Ivlii C?saris Commentariorvm de bello civil...
4378
4380
        M. Tvllii Ciceronis Pro lege Manilia ad popvlv...
4382
        Solilogvivm oft Alleenspraecke des H. seraphis...
                Van des vvereldts ydelheden te versmaden.
4386
        F. Henrici Sedvlii ... Apologeticvs aduersus A...
4390
Name: Main_title, Length: 1357, dtype: object
In [24]:
df latin = df.loc[df['publication language']=='lat']
title_latin = df_latin['Main_title'].dropna()
In [29]:
latin stopword='ab, ac, ad, adhic, aliqui, aliquis, an, ante, apud, at, atque, aut, autem, cum, cur,
latin stopword=latin stopword.split(', ')
latin stopword
                                                 . . .
In [42]:
title_as_string = ' '.join(title_latin)
```

#### In [43]:

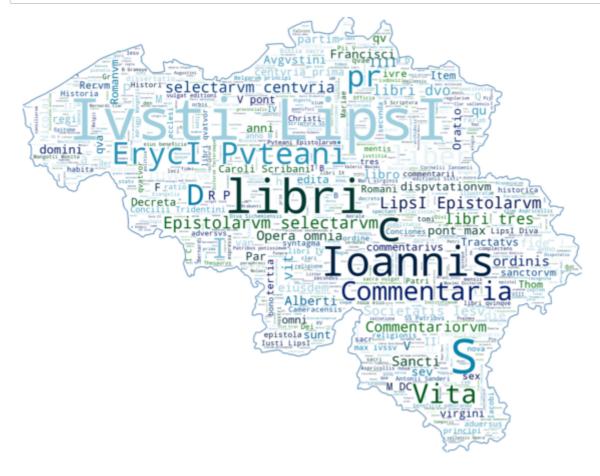
```
belguim_file = 'belgium.png'
icon=Image.open(belguim_file).convert("RGBA")
image_mask=Image.new(mode='RGB', size=icon.size, color=(255, 255, 255))
image_mask.paste(icon, box=icon)

rgb_array=np.array(image_mask)

word_cloud=WordCloud(mask=rgb_array, background_color='white', stopwords=latin_stopword, max_words=100
word_cloud.generate(title_as_string)

plt.figure(figsize=[16,8])

plt.imshow(word_cloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



```
Ivsti LipsI
ErycI Pvteni
LispI Epistolarvm
Ioannis
Commentaria
```

#### dutch

```
In [45]:

df_dutch = df.loc[df['publication_language']=='dut']
title_dutch = df_dutch['Main_title'].dropna()

In [53]:
```

```
Out[53]:

Den crvys-wech Christi
```

```
4
        Kalengier ende lyst-hof der H. kercke verciert...
6
        Den christelycken spieghel, om wel ende deuchd...
9
        Edicht ende ordinancie vande eertzhertogen ons...
        Een gulden boecken ghenoemt De conste om Godt...
14
                                 Beghijnken van Machelen,
4339
4347
        Den oorspronck ende cavse vande iaerlicksche f...
        De gheestelycke vryagie, waer Christvs de ziel...
4355
4382
        Soliloqvivm oft Alleenspraecke des H. seraphis...
4386
                Van des vvereldts ydelheden te versmaden.
```

Name: Main\_title, Length: 352, dtype: object

```
title_as_string = ' '.join(title_dutch)
```

```
title_as_string = .join(title_dutch)
```

```
In [54]:

title_as_string
```

```
In [55]:
```

In [50]:

```
dutch_stopword = set(stopwords.words('dutch'))
```

```
In [56]:
```

```
word_cloud=WordCloud(mask=rgb_array, background_color='white', stopwords=dutch_stopword, max_words=100
word_cloud.generate(title_as_string)

plt. figure(figsize=[16, 8])

plt. imshow(word_cloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt. axis('off')
plt. show()
```



There are also places for example 'leuven', 'Antwerp'

### french

#### In [58]:

```
df_french = df.loc[df['publication_language']=='fre']
title_french = df_french['Main_title'].dropna()
title_french
```

#### Out[58]:

```
175
        Practique de la perfection et des vertvs chres...
        La ivstice de S. A. imploree povr la deffense ...
180
223
             Le pelerin moral de F. Bernard dv Verger ...
        Contemplations tres-pievses svr le crvcifix, e...
238
243
                                     Miroir de discipline
        Histoire de la vie, miracles et translation de...
4237
        Histoire des miracles advenvz n'agveres a l'in...
4288
4292
        Histoire des miracles advenvz n'agveres a l'in...
        Avtres miracles de Nostre Dame av Mont-aigv ad...
4305
4322
        Ordonnance et edict perpetvel des archidvcqz ....
Name: Main_title, Length: 75, dtype: object
```

#### In [61]:

```
french_stopword = set(stopwords.words('french'))
```

#### In [62]:

```
title_as_string = ' '.join(title_french)
word_cloud=WordCloud(mask=rgb_array, background_color='white', stopwords=french_stopword, max_words=10
word_cloud.generate(title_as_string)

plt.figure(figsize=[16,8])

plt.imshow(word_cloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



#### In [44]:

# the most common words in different languages

# **Social Network Analysis**

#### In [51]:

```
series_authors = df['700'].dropna()
```

```
In [52]:
```

```
series authors
Out [52]:
0
        $1$ $aSedulius, Henricus$ $ $c0.F.M.$ $ $d154...
                       2
                       4
6
        ^$1$ $aAlonso de Madrid$ $ $cO.F.M.$ $ $d1480-...
        ^$0$ $aAlbrecht$ $ $bVII$ $ $cArchduke of Aust...
9
        ^$1$ $aCaesar, Caius Julius$ $ $d100 BC-44 BC$...
4378
        ^$1$ $aCicero, Marcus Tullius$ $ $d106 BC-43 B...
4380
        $1$ $aBonaventura$ $ $c0. F. M. $ $ $d1221-1274$...
4382
        ^$1$ $aStella, Didacus$ $ $c0.F.M.$ $ $d1524-1...
4386
        ^$1$ $aSedulius, Henricus$ $ $c0. F. M. $ $ $d154...
4390
Name: 700, Length: 1233, dtype: object
    [53]:
In
authors = []
roles = []
for i in series_authors:
    patern1 = re. compile(r' \^\s\\w(.*?) \')
    patern2 = re. compile(r' \s\s\$\s\$4(\w\w\w)')
    author = patern1.findall(i)
    role = patern2.findall(i)
    authors. append (author)
    roles. append (role)
In [141]:
# Find out the average number of authors for a book
length author=[]
for i in authors:
    length_author.append(len(i))
length_author_series = pd. DataFrame(length_author)
length author series.mean()
Out[141]:
     2.135442
dtype: float64
In [154]:
(length author series==1).sum()
Out[154]:
     569
dtype: int64
```

```
In [155]:
```

```
length author series.max()
Out[155]:
```

39 dtype: int64

There are 569 book who were written by independent author, the average author for a book is 2.13, and the book with the most authors is 'Ivsti LipsI sapienti? et litterarvm antistitis fama postuma', with 39 authors accomplishing it together.

```
In [143]:
```

```
len(length_author_series)
```

#### Out[143]:

1233

#### In [144]:

```
len(length_author_series)
```

#### Out[144]:

1233

#### In [84]:

```
df_authors = pd. DataFrame(authors)
```

#### In [85]:

```
df_roles = pd.DataFrame(roles)
df roles
                                                     . . .
```

#### [90]: In

```
author role=[]
for i in range (0, 39):
    for j in range(0,1233):
        author_role.append((df_authors[i][j], df_roles[i][j]))
```

```
In [91]:
```

```
author role
 ('Bellarmino, Roberto', 'aut'),
 ('Colibrant, Rumoldus', 'dte'),
 ('van Gorcum, Jan', 'aut'),
('Thomas Aquinas', 'aut'),
('Boonen, Jacobus', 'dte'),
 ('Lucas Brugensis, Franciscus', 'aut'),
 ('Lipsius, Justus', 'eul'),
 ('Andreas, Valerius', 'aut'),
 ('Barradas, Sebastianus', 'aut'),
('Aldobrandini, Pietro', 'dte'),
 ('Gramaye, Joannes Baptista', 'aut'),
 ('de Covarrubias y Leyva, Diego', 'aut'),
 ('Justinianus', 'oth'),
 ('Lipsius, Justus', 'aut'),
('Lipsius, Justus', 'aut'),
 ('Cuyckius, Henricus', 'aut'), ('Miraeus, Johannes', 'dte'),
 ('Hunnaeus, Augustinus', 'aut'),
('Cripius, Guillelmus', 'aut'),
              T-----, D--4:-4-,
In [98]:
while (None, None) in author role:
     author role.remove((None, None))
In [99]:
len(author_role)
Out [99]:
2638
In [ ]:
#Find out people who play multiple roles
```

#### In [100]:

```
author_role_series = pd. Series(author_role)
author_role_series. value_counts()
```

#### Out[100]:

```
(Lipsius, Justus, aut)
                                           68
(Puteanus, Erycius, aut)
                                           34
(Costerus, Franciscus, aut)
                                           34
(Lessius, Leonardus, aut)
                                           27
(Scribani, Carolus, aut)
                                           26
(Moretus, Balthasar, edt)
(Divaeus, Petrus, aut)
(Baeckx van Baerlandt, Adrianus, ctb)
(Favre, Antoine, clb)
                                            1
(toe Boecop, Arent, ctb)
                                            1
Length: 1416, dtype: int64
```

#### In [106]:

```
s= author_role_series.unique()
```

#### In [115]:

```
multi_role=[]
for i in range(0, 1416):
    for j in range(i+1, 1416):
        if s[i][0]==s[j][0]:
            multi_role.append(s[i])
            multi_role.append(s[j])
```

#### In [116]:

```
multi_role
```

```
('Oudaert, Nicolaus', 'eul'),
('Bochius, Joannes', 'eul'),
('Bochius, Joannes', 'ctb'),
('Van den Wouwer, Jan', 'apr'),
('Van den Wouwer, Jan', 'ctb'),
('Bulteel, Gislain', 'eul'),
('Bulteel, Gislain', 'ctb'),
('Segeth, Thomas', 'eul'),
('Lindanus, David', 'eul'),
('Lindanus, David', 'ctb'),
('Bircovius, Simon', 'ctb'),
('Bircovius, Simon', 'eul'),
('Rivius, Gaugericus', 'eul'),
('Rivius, Gaugericus', 'eul'),
('Bircovius, Fabianus', 'ctb'),
('Bircovius, Fabianus', 'cul'),
('Van Hoye, Andr''|', 'ctb'),
('van Hoye, Andr''|', 'cul')]
```

```
In [117]:
```

```
d=defaultdict(list)
```

### In [118]:

```
for key, value in multi_role:
    d[key].append(value)
multi_role_list=[]
for i in d.items():
    multi_role_list.append(i)
multi_role_list
...
```

#### In [120]:

```
df_author_role = pd.DataFrame(multi_role_list)
```

#### In [121]:

```
df_author_role
```

#### Out[121]:

1	0	
[aut, oth, aut, edt, oth, edt]	Sedulius, Henricus	0
[oth, aut, oth, dte, oth, apb, aut, dte, aut,	Albrecht	1
[aut, com]	Junius, Balduinus	2
[aut, ctb]	Florus, Lucius Annaeus.	3
[edt, aut]	Godefridi, Petrus	4
		•••
[eul, ctb]	Bochius, Joannes	177
[eul, ctb]	Bulteel, Gislain	178
[eul, ctb]	Segeth, Thomas	179
[ctb, eul]	Bircovius, Simon	180
[ctb, eul]	Bircovius, Fabianus	181

#### 182 rows × 2 columns

#### In [134]:

```
df_author_role.rename(columns={0:'name'}, inplace = True)
df_author_role.rename(columns={1:'role'}, inplace = True)
```

#### In [137]:

```
df_author_role.set_index('name',inplace=True)
```

```
In [138]:
df author role.loc['Albrecht']
Out[138]:
        [oth, aut, oth, dte, oth, apb, aut, dte, aut, ...
Name: Albrecht, dtype: object
   [156]:
In
authors
In [307]:
# To see how active the author is
#Flatten the nested list
author list = []
for i in authors:
    for j in i:
        author_list.append(j)
author count = {}
for i in author_list:
    if i not in author count:
        author_count[i]=1
    else:
        author count[i]+=1
# sort active author frequency
sort_author_frequency = [(c, a) for a, c in author_count.items()]
sort_author_frequency. sort (reverse=True)
sort author frequency = [(a,c)] for c, a in sort author frequency
sort author frequency
Out[307]:
[('Lipsius, Justus', 97),
 ('Puteanus, Erycius', 43),
 ('Albrecht', 37),
 ('Isabella Clara Eugenia', 36),
 ('Costerus, Franciscus', 36),
 ('Lessius, Leonardus', 32),
 ('Scribani, Carolus', 30),
 ('Hovius, Matthias', 30),
 ('Bellarmino, Roberto', 25),
 ('Miraeus, Aubertus', 24),
 ('Spoelbergh, Guilielmus', 20),
 ('Makeblijde, Lodewijk', 20),
 ('Numan, Philippus', 19),
 ('Gramaye, Joannes Baptista', 19),
 ('David, Jan', 18),
 ('a Lapide, Cornelius Cornelii', 16),
 ('Galle, Theodoor', 16),
 ('Beverlinck, Laurentius', 16).
```

Here we see that Lipsius Justus is the most active author

## In [167]:

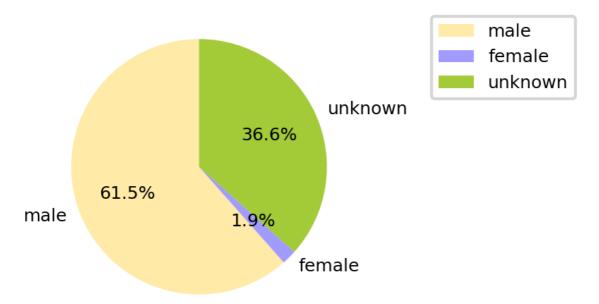
```
unique_author = set(author_list)
unique_author
```

```
Out[167]:
{'de Ramires, Maria',
 'Jacobs, Joannes',
 'Brouwer, Christophorus',
 'von Bayern, Ferdinand',
 'De Balinghem, Antonius',
 'Paludanus, Johannes',
 'Herman, Hugo',
 'Clenardus, Nicolaus',
 'de Petter, Hieronymus',
 'de Wannemaker, Philippus',
 'Divaeus, Petrus',
 'Joannes',
'Junius, Cornelius',
 'Corenus, Jacobus',
 'de Casta?iza, Juan',
 'Bartholomaeus a Salutio.',
 'Vorsterman, Lucas Emil',
 'van de Casteele. Peeter'.
```

## In [198]:

```
#Find out gender distribution among all the author
firstname=[]
for i in unique_author:
    name = i.split(', ')
    firstname. append (name [-1])
gender = []
gender_detector= gender_guesser.detector.Detector()
for name in firstname:
    guess = gender detector.get gender(name)
    gender. append (guess)
gender_series = pd. Series(gender)
sum male=sum(gender series=='male')
sum_female=sum(gender_series=='female')
sum unknown=sum(gender series=='unknown')
category_names=['male', 'female', 'unknown']
sizes=[sum male, sum female, sum unknown]
plt.figure(figsize=(2,2),dpi=300)
custom_colors=['#ffeaa7','#a29bfe','#A3CB38']
plt. pie (sizes, labels=category_names, textprops={'fontsize':6}, startangle=90, colors=custom_colors, auto
plt. title ("Gender distribution among authors", fontsize=6)
plt. legend (bbox to anchor= (1.2, 1), fontsize=6)
plt. show()
```

# Gender distribution among authors



```
In [ ]:
```

```
# To find out the authors' social network
```

```
In [157]:
```

```
network_list = []
for i in authors:
    if len(i)>1:
        network_list.append(i)
network_list
```

### In [159]:

```
relations=[]
for i in network_list:
    relations.append(list(itertools.combinations(i,2)))
relations
```

```
Out[159]:
```

```
[[('Alonso de Madrid', 'vanden Broecke, Franciscus')],
[('Alonso de Madrid', 'Farzyn, Jacobus'),
    ('Alonso de Madrid', 'Henten, Johannes'),
    ('Farzyn, Jacobus', 'Henten, Johannes')],
[('Gerlach Peters', 'van Gorcum, Jan'),
    ('Gerlach Peters', 'van Heese, Nicasius'),
    ('van Gorcum, Jan', 'van Heese, Nicasius')],
[('Arnoldus ab Isca', 'vanden Calster, Anna.')],
[('Albrecht', 'Isabella Clara Eugenia')],
[('Bijns, Anna.', 'Pippinck, B. Henrick.')],
[('Jordan, Raymondus', 'van Alen, Jan')],
[('Godefridi, Petrus', 'Vervoort, Frans')],
[('Florianus, Joannes.', 'Ovidius Naso, Publius')],
[('Campi de Salutio, Bartholomeus', 'Van Blitterswyck, Jan')],
[('Smising, Theodorus', 'von Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, Eitel Friedrich')],
[('Bonaventura', 'Spoelbergh, Guilielmus')],
```

## In [160]:

```
# Flatten the nested list
relations_list = []
for i in relations:
    for j in i:
        relations_list.append(j)
```

#### In [161]:

```
relations_count = {}
for i in relations_list:
    if i not in relations_count:
        relations_count[i]=1
    else:
        relations_count[i]+=1
relations_count
```

```
In [183]:
```

```
# sort relationship frequency
sort_relations_frequency = [(c,a) for a,c in relations_count.items()]
sort_relations_frequency.sort(reverse=True)
```

### In [173]:

```
sort_relations_frequency ...
```

Here we can see that Albrecht and Isabella Clara Eugenia had a close connection in co-authoring a book

#### In [185]:

```
relation network = [(a, c) for c, a in sort relations frequency if c>=3]
relation network
 ((Gudelinus, Petrus Paulus, Gudelinus, Philippus), 3),
 (('Gudelinus, Petrus', 'Gudelinus, Philippus'), 3), (('Gudelinus, Petrus', 'Gudelinus, Petrus Paulus'), 3),
 (('Gregorius', 'Sixtus'), 3),
 (('Gregorius', 'Rocca, Angelo'), 3),
(('Gregorius', 'Ridolfi, Petrus'), 3),
(('Gregorius', 'Joannes Diaconus Hymonides'), 3),
(('Gregorius', 'Innocentius'), 3),
 (('Gregorius', 'Basa, Dominicus'), 3),
 (('Galle, Cornelius', 'Lipsius, Justus'), 3), (('De Haen, Willem', 'Jansenius, Cornelius'), 3),
 (('Clemens', 'Pius'), 3),
 (('Boonen, Jacobus', 'Zachmoorter, Michiel'), 3),
 (('Bonaventura', 'Thielmans, Cornelius'), 3),
 (('Bolswert, Bo?tius Adamsz.', 'Sucquet, Antonius'), 3),
 (('Bellarmino, Roberto', 'Sforza, Francesco'), 3),
 (('Baronius, Caesar', 'Spondanus, Henricus'), 3),
 (('Baronius, Caesar', 'Rubens, Peter Paul'), 3),
 (('Albrecht', 'Miraeus, Aubertus'), 3),
 (('Albrecht', 'Lessius, Leonardus'), 3)]
In [186]:
column from = [i[0][0] for i in relation network]
column to = [i[0][1] for i in relation network]
column value = [i[1] for i in relation network]
```

#### In [187]:

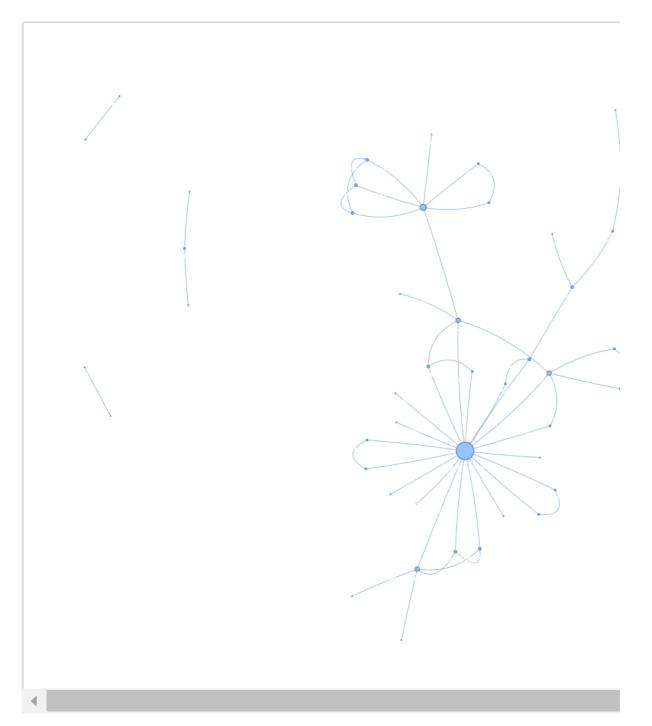
### In [188]:

### In [189]:

```
net = Network(notebook = True, width = '1000px', height = '700px', bgcolor='#222222', font_color='whit
node_degree = dict(G. degree)
nx. set_node_attributes(G, node_degree, 'size')
net. from_nx(G)
net. show('author.html')
```

Local cdn resources have problems on chrome/safari when used in jupyter-notebook.

## Out[189]:





#### In [371]:

```
# the most important person
# degree centrality

degree_dict = nx.degree_centrality(G)
degree_dict
```

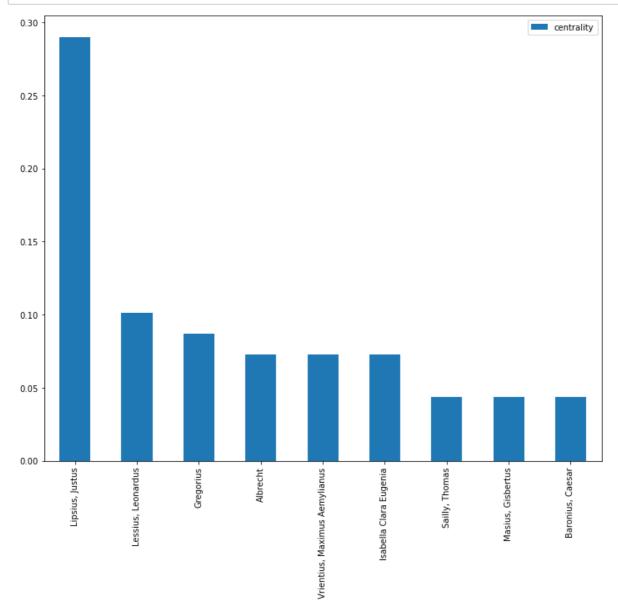
#### Out[371]:

```
{'Albrecht': 0.07246376811594203,
 Isabella Clara Eugenia': 0.07246376811594203,
'Lipsius, Justus': 0.2898550724637681,
'Sweerts, Pierre Fran?ois': 0.043478260869565216,
'Seneca, Lucius Annaeus': 0.014492753623188406,
'Puteanus, Erycius': 0.028985507246376812,
'David, Jan': 0.028985507246376812,
'Galle, Theodoor': 0.028985507246376812,
'Costerus, Franciscus': 0.014492753623188406,
'Hovius, Matthias': 0.028985507246376812,
'Oudaert, Nicolaus': 0.028985507246376812,
'de Cro?, Charles': 0.014492753623188406,
'Vrientius, Maximus Aemylianus': 0.07246376811594203,
'Galle, Cornelius': 0.028985507246376812,
'Rubens, Peter Paul': 0.043478260869565216,
'Baronius, Caesar': 0.043478260869565216,
'Rosweydus, Heribertus': 0.028985507246376812,
'de Gouda, Joannes': 0.028985507246376812,
'Lessius, Leonardus': 0.10144927536231885,
'Thomas a Kempis': 0.028985507246376812,
'Sommalius, Henricus': 0.014492753623188406,
'Van den Wouwer, Jan': 0.028985507246376812.
'Pighius, Stephanus': 0.028985507246376812,
'Miraeus, Aubertus': 0.043478260869565216,
'Fabricius, Gulielmus': 0.014492753623188406,
'Beyerlinck, Laurentius': 0.028985507246376812,
'Sailly, Thomas': 0.043478260869565216,
'Masius, Gisbertus': 0.043478260869565216,
'Hugo, Herman': 0.014492753623188406,
'David, Joannes': 0.014492753623188406,
'de Pretere, Guillaume': 0.014492753623188406,
'Bonfrerius, Jacobus': 0.014492753623188406,
'Hogius, Michael': 0.028985507246376812,
 'a Lapide, Cornelius Cornelii': 0.014492753623188406,
 'Zoes, Gerardus': 0.028985507246376812,
'Zoes, Nicolaus': 0.028985507246376812,
'Sucquet, Antonius': 0.043478260869565216,
'zu dem Berch, Elisabeth': 0.043478260869565216,
'Rodoan, Carolus Philippus': 0.014492753623188406,
'Valerius Maximus.': 0.028985507246376812,
'van Ravelingen, Frans': 0.014492753623188406,
'Pr" ®chnicki, Jan Andrzej': 0.014492753623188406,
'Moretus, Balthasar': 0.014492753623188406,
'Lernutius, Janus': 0.043478260869565216,
'Ignatius de Loyola': 0.028985507246376812,
'La "a nez, Diego': 0.014492753623188406,
'Aquaviva, Claudius': 0.014492753623188406,
'Heinsius, Daniel': 0.014492753623188406,
'Gudelinus, Petrus Paulus': 0.028985507246376812,
'Gudelinus, Philippus': 0.028985507246376812,
'Gudelinus, Petrus': 0.028985507246376812,
```

- 'Gregorius': 0.08695652173913043,
- 'Sixtus': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Rocca, Angelo': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Ridolfi, Petrus': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Joannes Diaconus Hymonides': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Innocentius': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Basa, Dominicus': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'De Haen, Willem': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Jansenius, Cornelius': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Clemens': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Pius': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Boonen, Jacobus': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Zachmoorter, Michiel': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Bonaventura': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Thielmans, Cornelius': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Bolswert, Bo?tius Adamsz.': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Bellarmino, Roberto': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Sforza, Francesco': 0.014492753623188406,
- 'Spondanus, Henricus': 0.014492753623188406}

## In [372]:

```
degree_df = pd. DataFrame. from_dict(degree_dict, orient = 'index', columns = ['centrality'])
degree_df. sort_values('centrality', ascending = False)[0:9]. plot(kind = 'bar', figsize=(10, 10))
plt. tight_layout()
plt. savefig('degree. pdf', dpi = 300)
```

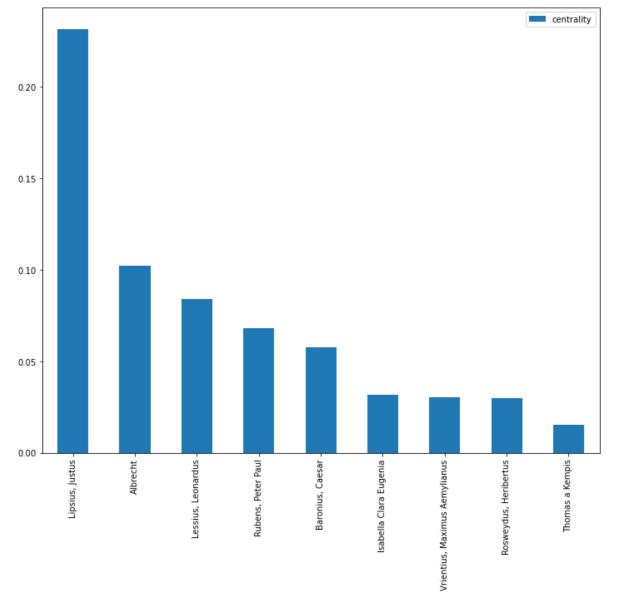


#### In [370]:

```
# Betweeness centrality
betweenness_dict = nx.betweenness_centrality(G)
betweenness_df = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(betweenness_dict, orient = 'index', columns = ['centrality'])

#Plot top 10 nodes
betweenness_df.sort_values('centrality', ascending = False)[0:9].plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 10))
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig('betweeness.pdf', dpi = 300)

## pretty much the same result
```

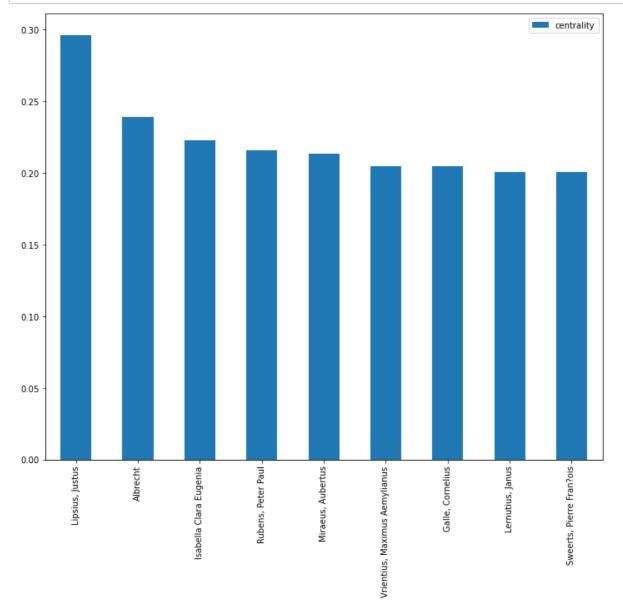


### In [367]:

```
# Closeness centrality
closeness_dict = nx.closeness_centrality(G)
closeness_df = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(closeness_dict, orient = 'index', columns = ['centrality'])

#Plot top 10 nodes
closeness_df.sort_values('centrality', ascending = False)[0:9].plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 10))
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig('closeness.pdf', dpi = 300)

## pretty much the same result, but the gaps are smaller. this is a dense network
```



### In [194]:

```
# Save centrality measures
nx.set_node_attributes(G, degree_dict,'degree_centrality')
nx.set_node_attributes(G, betweenness_dict,'betweenness_centrality')
nx.set_node_attributes(G, closeness_dict,'closeness_centrality')
```

## In [195]:

```
communities = community_louvain.best_partition(G)
```

## In [196]:

```
nx.set_node_attributes(G, communities, 'group')
```

## In [197]:

```
com_net =Network(notebook=True, width = '1000px', height = '700px', bgcolor='#222222', font_color='whi
com_net.from_nx(G)
com_net.show('author_communities.html')
```

Local cdn resources have problems on chrome/safari when used in jupyter-notebook.

## Out[197]:

