

$$4.12. \quad (a) \quad \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} F(y) = 0$$

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} F(y) = \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} 1 - e^{-y^2} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{If } y_1 > y_2 \\ & 1 - e^{-y_1^2} > 1 - e^{-y_2^2} \\ & \Rightarrow F(y) \text{ is non-decreasing.} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \quad F(y) = .30$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - e^{-y^2} = .30$$

$$\Rightarrow -y^2 = \log .70$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{-\log .70}$$

(c)

$$f(y) = F'(y) = 2y e^{-y^2}, \quad y \geq 0$$

$$(d) \quad P(Y \geq 200)$$

$$= 1 - P(Y < 200)$$

$$= 1 - (1 - e^{-200^2})$$

$$= e^{-200^2}$$

$$(e) \quad P(Y > 100 \mid Y \leq 200)$$

$$= \frac{P(100 < Y \leq 200)}{P(Y \leq 200)}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-100^2} - e^{-200^2}}{1 - e^{-200^2}}$$

4.62. a.

$$\begin{aligned} & P(Z < 1) \\ &= P(-1 < Z < 1) \\ &= .6826 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b. } & P(Z < 3.84/46) \\ &= P(-1.96 < Z < 1.96) \\ &= .95 \end{aligned}$$