8.12.
$$Y_i \stackrel{iid}{\sim} U(\theta, \theta + 1)$$

9. $EY_i = \frac{\theta + \theta + 1}{2} = \theta + \frac{1}{2}$

which is biased

b. $Y - \frac{1}{2}$ is unbiased.

c. $V(Y_i) = \frac{(G+1) - 6J^2}{+2} = \frac{1}{12}$
 $V(Y_i) = \frac{V(X_i)}{n} = \frac{1}{(2n)}$

bias $B(Y_i) = \frac{1}{2}$
 $MSE(Y_i) = V(Y_i) + B(Y_i)^2$
 $= \frac{1}{(2n)} + \frac{1}{4}$

8.43. a. $P(U = u) = P(f_i) \times f_i = u$
 $= P(Y_i \leq u\theta) \dots Y_n \leq u\theta$
 $= P(Y_i \leq u\theta) \dots Y_n \leq u\theta$

$$= \frac{(u\theta)^n}{\theta} = u^n \qquad 0 \le u \le l$$

b.
$$P(\frac{y_{(n)}}{\theta} \leq u) = u^{n} \equiv 95\%$$

$$u = (95\%)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y_{(n)}}{\theta} \leq (95\%)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta \geq (95\%)^{\frac{1}{n}} \cdot y_{(n)}$$