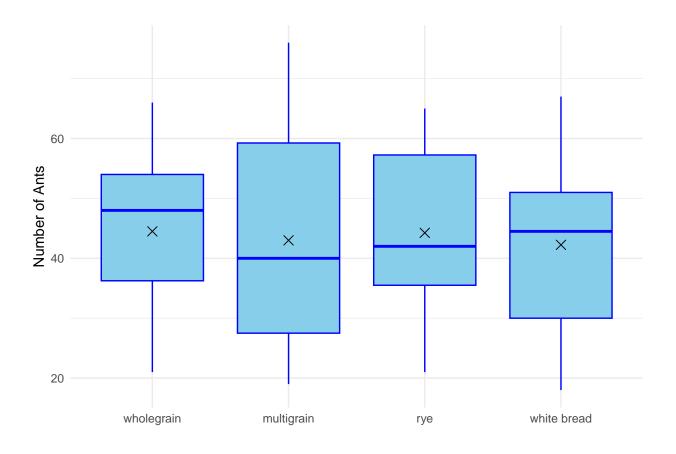
# Project\_2

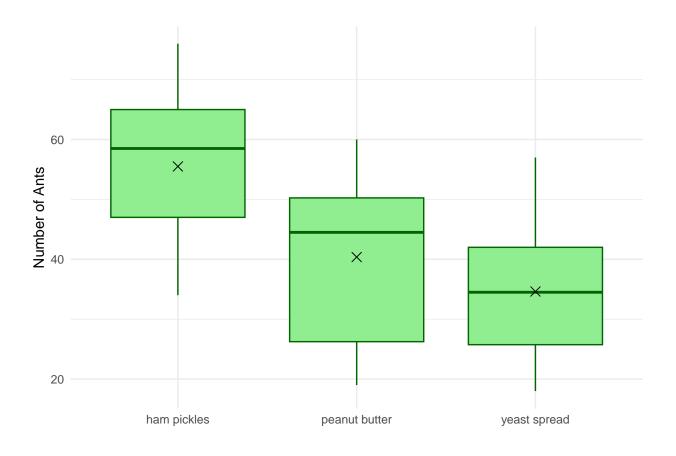
### Rahul

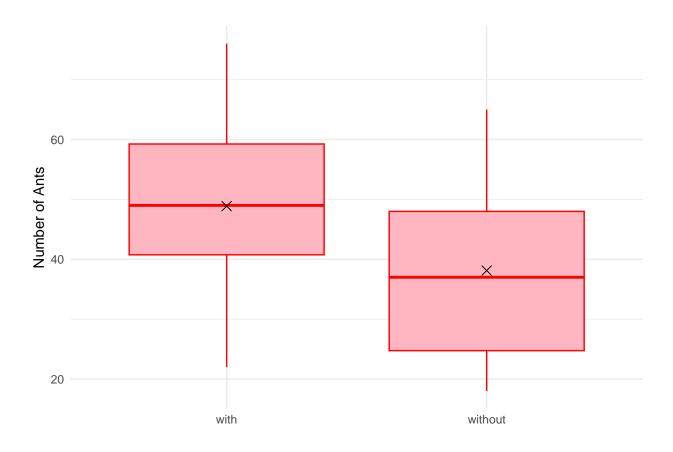
#### 2024-04-24

```
#Loadind and setups
library(haven)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
dataset <- read_sav("Sandwich.sav")</pre>
# Renaming the covariates
names(dataset) <- c("Ants", "Bread", "Topping", "Butter")</pre>
dataset$Bread <- as.factor(dataset$Bread)</pre>
levels(dataset$Bread) <- c("wholegrain", "multigrain", "rye", "white bread")</pre>
dataset$Topping <- as.factor(dataset$Topping)</pre>
levels(dataset$Topping) <- c("ham pickles", "peanut butter", "yeast spread")</pre>
dataset$Butter <- as.factor(dataset$Butter)</pre>
levels(dataset$Butter) <- c ("with", "without")</pre>
names(dataset)
## [1] "Ants"
                             "Topping" "Butter"
                  "Bread"
summary(dataset)
##
         Ants
                            Bread
                                                Topping
                                                               Butter
## Min.
           :18.0
                    wholegrain :12
                                      ham pickles :16
                                                          with
                                                                  :24
                    multigrain :12
## 1st Qu.:30.5
                                      peanut butter:16
                                                          without:24
## Median :43.0
                                :12
                                      yeast spread :16
                    rye
## Mean
           :43.5
                    white bread:12
## 3rd Qu.:57.0
           :76.0
## Max.
#Box Plots for each factor
```

```
# Bread
gg.Bread <- ggplot(dataset, aes(x = Bread, y = Ants)) +</pre>
  geom_boxplot(fill = "skyblue", color = "blue") +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "point", shape = 4, size = 3,
              color = "black") + # Add mean point
  labs(x = "", y = "Number of Ants"
       # , title = "Box Plot of Ants by Bread type"
      ) +
 theme_minimal()
# Toppings
gg.Topping <- ggplot(dataset, aes(x = Topping, y = Ants)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "lightgreen", color = "darkgreen") +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "point", shape = 4, size = 3,
              color = "black") + # Add mean point
 labs(x = "", y = "Number of Ants"
       # , title = "Box Plot of Ants by Topping type"
      ) +
 theme_minimal()
# Butter
gg.Butter <- ggplot(dataset, aes(x = Butter, y = Ants)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "lightpink", color = "red") +
 stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "point", shape = 4, size = 3,
              color = "black") + # Add mean point
 labs(x = "", y = "Number of Ants"
       # , title = "Box Plot of Ants by with or without Butter"
      ) +
 theme_minimal()
gg.Bread; gg.Topping; gg.Butter
```







## **Test Assumptions**

## <fct>
## 1 wholegrain

1 Equal variance among the groups. 2 The data is normally distributed 3 The data is independent.

#Statistical Summary for each factor

<int> <dbl>

21

48

12

```
#Bread : 4 levels
summary.Brot <- dataset %>% group_by(Bread) %>%
  summarise(
    count = n(),
    min = min(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
    # Q1 = quantile(Ants, 0.25),
    median = median(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
    \# Q3 = quantile(Ants, 0.75),
    max = max(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
    mean = mean(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd = sd(Ants, na.rm = TRUE)
    # IQR = quantile(Ants,0.75) - quantile(Ants,0.25)
print(summary.Brot)
## # A tibble: 4 x 7
##
    Bread
                 count
                         min median
```

66 44.5 14.6

<dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <

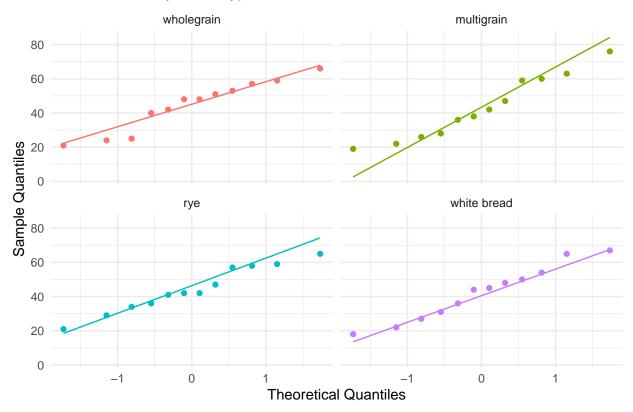
```
12 19 40 76 43
12 21 42 65 44.2
## 2 multigrain
                                                18.2
## 3 rye
                                     65 44.2 13.4
                   12 18 44.5 67 42.2 15.9
## 4 white bread
summary.Brot$sd
## [1] 14.60697 18.23084 13.39691 15.86377
summary.Brot$sd[-2][3] - summary.Brot$sd[-2][2]
## [1] 2.466854
#Topping : 3 levels
summary.Topping <- dataset %>% group_by(Topping) %>%
 summarise(
   count = n(),
   min = min(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   # Q1 = quantile(Ants, 0.25),
   median = median(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   \# Q3 = quantile(Ants, 0.75),
   max = max(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   mean = mean(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   sd = sd(Ants, na.rm = TRUE)
    \# IQR = quantile(Ants, 0.75) - quantile(Ants, 0.25)
 )
print(summary.Topping)
## # A tibble: 3 x 7
   Topping count min median max mean
    <fct>
                  <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1 ham pickles
                   16 34
                               58.5 76 55.5 12.1
                               44.5
                                      60 40.4 14.2
## 2 peanut butter
                     16 19
## 3 yeast spread
                     16 18
                                34.5 57 34.6 11.2
summary.Topping$sd
## [1] 12.05543 14.18391 11.15870
max(summary.Topping$sd) - min(summary.Topping$sd)
## [1] 3.025207
#Butter : 2 levels
summary.Butter <- dataset %>% group_by(Butter) %>%
 summarise(
   count = n(),
   min = min(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   # Q1 = quantile(Ants, 0.25),
   median = median(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   \# Q3 = quantile(Ants, 0.75),
   max = max(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   mean = mean(Ants, na.rm = TRUE),
   sd = sd(Ants, na.rm = TRUE)
    # IQR = quantile(Ants, 0.75) - quantile(Ants, 0.25)
print(summary.Butter)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 7
## Butter count min median max mean sd
## <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> = 14.5
## 2 without 24 18 37 65 38.1 14.1
```

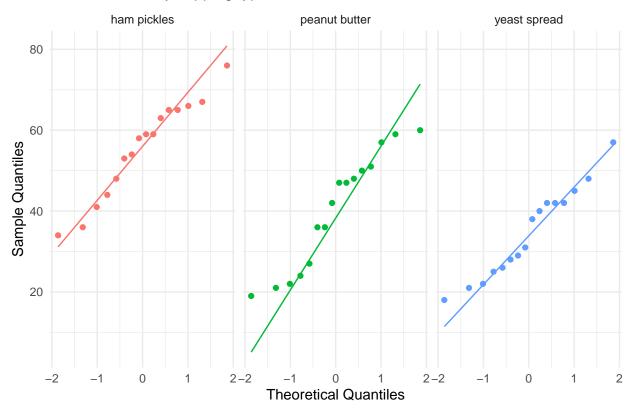
## QQ plot for normality test for each factor and their levels

```
# Brot(Bread) QQ
qq_plot_Bread <- ggplot(dataset, aes(sample = Ants, color = Bread)) +
 stat_qq() +
  stat qq line() +
  labs(title = "QQ Plot : Ants by Bread type") +
  facet_wrap(~ Bread) + # Create separate plots for each category of Bread
  theme_minimal() + # Set theme to minimal
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12), legend.position = "none") + # Decrease title font size
  xlab("Theoretical Quantiles") + # Add x-axis label
  ylab("Sample Quantiles")
# Belag(Topping) QQ
qq_plot_Topping <- ggplot(dataset, aes(sample = Ants, color = Topping)) +</pre>
  stat_qq() +
  stat_qq_line() +
  labs(title = "QQ Plot : Ants by Topping type") +
  facet_wrap(~ Topping) + # Create separate plots for each category of Belag
  theme_minimal() + # Set theme to minimal
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12), legend.position = "none") + # Decrease title font size
  xlab("Theoretical Quantiles") + # Add x-axis label
 ylab("Sample Quantiles")
# Butter QQ
qq_plot_Butter <- ggplot(dataset, aes(sample = Ants, color = Butter)) +
  stat_qq() +
  stat_qq_line() +
 labs(title = "QQ Plots : Ants by with or without Butter") +
  facet_wrap(~ Butter) + # Create separate plots for each category of Butter
  theme_minimal() + # Set theme to minimal
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12), legend.position = "none") + # Decrease title font size
  xlab("Theoretical Quantiles") + # Add x-axis label
  ylab("Sample Quantiles")
qq_plot_Bread; qq_plot_Topping; qq_plot_Butter
```

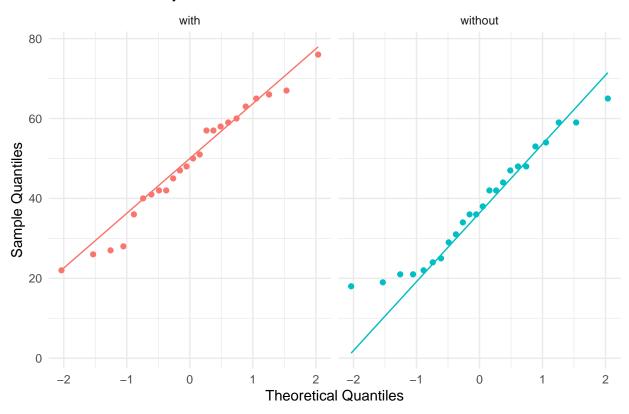
QQ Plot : Ants by Bread type



QQ Plot : Ants by Topping type



### QQ Plots: Ants by with or without Butter



#ANOVA compares the mean in different group are equal or not # ie. We will test for each factor with different levels

```
# Step 1: Load necessary libraries
library(stats)
                  # For statistical functions
#ANOVA - Bread
cat("Bread Group \n")
## Bread Group
Bread_anova <- aov(Ants ~ Bread, data = dataset)</pre>
summary(Bread_anova)
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Bread
                3
                       41
                             13.5
                                    0.055 0.983
               44 10745
                            244.2
summary_Bread_anova <- summary(Bread_anova)</pre>
summary_Bread_anova[[1]]$`Pr(>F)`[1]
## [1] 0.9826739
#ANOVA - Topping
cat("\n Topping Group \n")
##
## Topping Group
```

```
Topping_anova <- aov(Ants ~ Topping, data = dataset)</pre>
summary(Topping_anova)
##
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Topping
              2
                   3721
                            1860
                                 11.85 7.35e-05 ***
## Residuals
              45
                   7065
                            157
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Summarize ANOVA results
summary_Topping_anova <- summary(Topping_anova)</pre>
# Extract p-value
summary_Topping_anova[[1]]$`Pr(>F)`[1]
## [1] 7.351161e-05
```

T-test for each factor with different levels

## ie. pair-wise t test among different levels

```
# Pairwise T-test for Topping ===============================
\# To store p-values for each combination of levels of Topping
unadjusted.p.values <- c()
## (1) "ham pickles" & (2) "peanut butter"
t.Topping.H01 <- t.test(dataset$Ants[dataset$Topping == "ham pickles"],</pre>
       dataset$Ants[dataset$Topping == "peanut butter"],
       alternative = "two.sided", paired = FALSE, var.equal = TRUE)
unadjusted.p.values[1] <- t.Topping.H01$p.value
## (1) "ham pickles" & (3) "yeast spread"
t.Topping.H02 <- t.test(dataset$Ants[dataset$Topping == "ham pickles"],</pre>
       dataset$Ants[dataset$Topping == "yeast spread"],
       alternative = "two.sided", paired = FALSE, var.equal = TRUE)
unadjusted.p.values[2] <- t.Topping.H02$p.value
## (2) "peanut butter" & (3) "yeast spread"
t.Topping.HO3 <- t.test(dataset$Ants[dataset$Topping == "peanut butter"],</pre>
       dataset$Ants[dataset$Topping == "yeast spread"],
       alternative = "two.sided", paired = FALSE, var.equal = TRUE)
unadjusted.p.values[3] <- t.Topping.HO3$p.value
# adjusting p-values with "bonferroni" method
```

## [1] 0.01232967