

Congratulations! You passed!

6. How do you convert a Python-trained model to JSON?

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

1/1 point

Week 3 Quiz

Latest Submission Grade 100%

1.	When using the toxicity library, a statement will be labelled with 2 probabilities. What are they?	1/1 point
	O The first is the probability value for whether or not the phrase is an insult, and the second is the probability for whether or not it is not	
	O The first is the probability value for whether or not the phrase is not an insult, and the second is the threshold	
	The first is the probability value for whether or not the phrase is an insult, and the second is the threshold	
	The first is the probability value for whether or not the phrase is not an insult, and the second is the probability for whether or not it is	
	○ Correct	
2.	If toxicity returns a probabilities list with values of [0.8, 0.2], what does that mean?	1/1 point
	O The phrase contains an insult	
	O The phrase does not contain an insult	
	O There's an error	
	We don't know. The answer depends on something else	
	⊘ Correct	
3.	How do you determine what type of toxicity is contained in a result from toxicity?	1 / 1 point
	O There's no way to determine type of toxicity, either a sentence is toxic or it isn't	
	O When you call the API you send it a list of specific toxicity types you want it to look for (i.e. (['threat', 'obscene'])	
	O When you call the API you specify what type of toxicity you are looking for with a parameter (i.e. 'threat')	
	(a) It returns an array of answers, each one corresponding to a different type of toxicity	
	⊘ Correct	
4.	When using mobilenet in js to classify an image, it can recognize up to 1000 types. How many predictions does it return by default?	1/1 point
	O 1000	
	33	
	All non-zero predictions	
	All that are above a threshold, set by the threshold parameter	
5.	When converting Python-trained models to JSON to use in tensorflow.js, what is the package that you need to 'pip install' (assuming you already have installed tensorflow)	1/1 point
	O tensorflow-js	
	O None, it's built into TensorFlow	
	O tensorflow-javascript	
	Tensorflowjs	
	⊘ Correct	

<pre>1 const model = await tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = await tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) ② Correct</pre>		U SIMPIY Save it as JSON	
Save it as a TensorFlow Saved Model, then use the tensorflowjs_convertor script in Python ○ Correct 7. If you have a model that you've converted to JSON how do you load it into JavaScript? 1 const model = await tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = await tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) ○ Correct 8. When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? 1/1 poi Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights ② At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files		Save it as a TensorFlow Saved Model, then use the tensorflowjs_convertor script in JavaScript	
7. If you have a model that you've converted to JSON how do you load it into JavaScript? 1 const model = await tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = await tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) 2 correct 8. When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? 1/1 poi Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files		Save it as a TensorFlow Saved Model, then import that as a JSON object	
7. If you have a model that you've converted to JSON how do you load it into JavaScript? 1 const model = await tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = await tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) 1 const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) 2 correct 8. When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files		Save it as a TensorFlow Saved Model, then use the tensorflowjs_convertor script in Python	
<pre></pre>		⊘ Correct	
<pre></pre>			
<pre></pre>	7.	If you have a model that you've converted to JSON how do you load it into JavaScript?	1/1 point
 ②		1 const model = await tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL)	
 ②			
O a const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) ✓ Correct 8. When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? O Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights O At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files		1 const model = tf.loadSavedModel(MODEL_URL)	
O a const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL) ✓ Correct 8. When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? O Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights O At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files			
 ✓ Correct 8. When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? 1/1 poi Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files 		1 const model = await tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL)	
 When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get? Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files 		O 1 const model = tf.loadLayersModel(MODEL_URL)	
 Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files 		○ Correct	
 Two, the model file and a metadata file One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files 			
One, the model file itself Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files	8.	When you convert a Python-based model to JSON, how many files will you get?	1 / 1 point
 Two, the model file and a snapshot of binary weights At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files 		Two, the model file and a metadata file	
At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files			
⊘ Correct		 At least two: the model file, and a sharded collection of binary weight files that can have one or more files 	
		○ Correct	