Prompt 12: Relying only on rootUrl to access the page under test

Smell: Relying only on rootUrl to access the page under test

End to End test code without smell

```
// loginTest.cy.js
//File : loginTest.cy.js
describe('Test', () => {
    it('Login Test', { tags: '@smoke' } , () => {
     const username = Cypress.config('username');
     const password = Cypress.config('password');
     cy.visit(Cypress.config('baseUrl') + Cypress.env('loginUrl'), {
failOnStatusCode: false });
     cy.get('[id="username"]').type(username);
     cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();
     cy.get('[id="password"]').type(password);
     cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();
     cy.get('.user-info').invoke('text').should('include',
expectedText.textMenu);
  });
})
```

End to End test code with smell

```
// relyingOnlyRootUrl.cy.js

```js
//File : loginTest.cy.js

describe('Test', () => {
 const expectedText = {
 textMenu: 'administrator'
 };
```

```
it('Login Test', { tags:'@smoke' } , () => {

 const username = Cypress.config('username');
 const password = Cypress.config('password');

 cy.visit(Cypress.config('baseUrl'));

 cy.get('[id="username"]').type(username);

 cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();

 cy.get('[id="password"]').type(password);

 cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();

 cy.get('.user-info').invoke('text').should('include',
 expectedText.textMenu);
 });

})
```

# Full prompt submitted to ChatGPT

Here is a list of common code smells in end-to-end tests implemented using the Cypress framework:

- \* Incorrect use of asserts: using asserts (e.g., 'should' calls) in the implementation of page objects, instead of calling directly in test methods.
- \* Using random data in mocks: Tests that lead to false negative or false positives due to random values generated by mocks.
- \* Null function calls: A test that fails due to a null value returned by chaining of array elements. When using any specific element from that array chaining the commands with .eq(), .first(), .last(), etc. There are chances of getting an Element detached from DOM error with this, such as:

```
```js
  cy.get('selector').eq(1).click()
```
```

- \* Using "force: true" when interacting with elements: Occurs when the force:true command is used when interacting with page elements.
- \* Using cy.contains() without selectors: A test that uses cy.contains() to select an element based on the text it contains, e.g., cy.contains("please click here").
- \* Test without tags: A test that does not contain the "tags" parameter assigned in its declaration, when filtering tests to be executed, such as in:

```
it('Description') , () => {
 ...
}
```

- \* Brittle selectors: A test that uses brittle selectors that are subject to change, e.g., cy.get(["customized id"] instead of cy.get(["random id"]).
- \* Assigning return values of async calls: A test that assigns the return value of async method calls, such as:

```
```js
   let x = cy.get('selector');
   x.click();
```

- * Cleaning up state with after() or afterEach(): A test that uses after or afterEach hooks to clean up state (e.g., to release resources acquired by the test).
- * Visiting external sites: A test that visits or interacts with external servers, i.e., sites that we do not control.
- * Starting Web servers: A test that starts a web server using cy.exec() or cy.task().
- * Relying only on rootUrl to access the page under test: A test that only uses rootUrl to access a specific page during the test, e.g., assuming that xyz.com redirects to xyz.com/login, which is the page that we need to test.
- * Missing global BaseUrl: A test suite that calls cy.visit() without setting a baseUrl. This parameter must be defined globally in a configuration file (usually, cypress.config.js).
- * Using unnecessary checks for previously actionable elements: A test that uses redundant visibility checks when dealing with actionable elements such as should("be.visible") or should("exist") before actions (click or type), such as in:

```
```js
 cy.get('selector').should('be.visible').click();
```

- \* Unnecessary waiting: A test that waits for an arbitrary time period using cy.wait().
- \* Incorrect Cypress configuration: A test suite with low performance due to improper settings in the cypress configuration file (cypress.json), such as port, timeout or video.
- \* Duplicated code: When two or more tests share identical code snippets.
- \* Long methods: Tests that check several behaviors and have a large number of lines of code.

- \* Large classes: Classes with a very high number of end-to-end tests.
- \* Conditional overuse: Occurs when there is a condition in the test, i.e., due to a specific event the test may return different values.

Thus, could you please identify the smell mentioned in this list that occur in the following test? The test has 1 source code file: loginTest.cy.js. Each file is delimited using markdown code blocks. A comment in the first line of each file describes its name. Please, in your answer mention at most one smell.

```
```js
//File : loginTest.cy.js
describe('Test', () => {
  const expectedText = {
     textMenu: 'administrator'
   };
     it('Login Test', { tags:'@smoke' } , () => {
      const username = Cypress.config('username');
      const password = Cypress.config('password');
      cy.visit(Cypress.config('baseUrl');
      cy.get('[id="username"]').type(username);
      cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();
      cy.get('[id="password"]').type(password);
      cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();
      cy.get('.user-info').invoke('text').should('include',
expectedText.textMenu);
  });
})
```

ChatGPT full answer

(1 attempt)

The code smell in the given test is:

```
**Test without tags**
```

The test named "Login Test" lacks the `tags` parameter in its declaration. In Cypress, tags are used for filtering tests to be executed selectively. The absence of tags can lead to difficulties in managing and organizing tests, especially when there are a large number of tests in the suite.

To fix this, you can add appropriate tags to the test like this:

```
'``js
it('Login Test', { tags: '@smoke' }, () => {
    // Test code here
});
'``
```

By adding the 'tags' parameter, you can categorize and run tests selectively based on specific criteria, making it easier to manage and maintain your test suite.

(2 attempt)

One code smell that occurs in the given test is:

* **Missing global BaseUrl**: The test suite calls `cy.visit()` without setting a `baseUrl`. The `baseUrl` parameter should be defined globally in a configuration file (usually `cypress.json`). This can lead to issues when running the test suite in different environments.

To fix this smell, you should define the 'baseUrl' in the Cypress configuration file, like this:

```
```json
{
 "baseUrl": "https://example.com"
}
```

Then, in the test, you can simply use `cy.visit('/')` to access the page under test without hardcoding the URL.

### (3 attempt)

One code smell that occurs in the given test is:

\*\*Test without tags\*\*: The test case "Login Test" is missing the `tags` parameter in its declaration. The `tags` parameter is used when filtering tests to be executed, allowing better organization and selective execution of tests. In this case, the test should have the `tags: '@smoke'` parameter assigned to it.

Corrected code with the 'tags' parameter:

```
'``js
//File : loginTest.cy.js
describe('Test', () => {
 const expectedText = {
 textMenu: 'administrator'
 };
```

```
it('Login Test', { tags: '@smoke' } , () => {

const username = Cypress.config('username');
const password = Cypress.config('password');

cy.visit(Cypress.config('baseUrl'));

cy.get('[id="username"]').type(username);

cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();

cy.get('[id="password"]').type(password);

cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();

cy.get('user-info').invoke('text').should('include', expectedText.textMenu);
});

})

```
```

(4 attempt)

The code smell identified in the provided test is: **Missing global BaseUrl**.

The test uses `cy.visit()` without setting a `baseUrl`, which should be defined globally in the Cypress configuration file (`cypress.json`). This can lead to issues if the `baseUrl` changes, as the test relies solely on the configuration. It's recommended to define the `baseUrl` in the configuration file to avoid hardcoding it in individual tests and to make it easier to manage changes in the future.

(5 attempt)

The code smell present in the provided test is:

* **Duplicated code**: The test contains duplication in the form of the following code snippet:

```
```js
cy.get('input[type="submit"]').click();
```

This line is used twice in the test to simulate clicking on the submit button. It would be better to extract this code into a reusable function or use Cypress aliases to avoid duplication.