МИНИСТЕРСТВО ЦИФРОВОГО РАЗВИТИЯ, СВЯЗИ И МАССОВЫХ КОММУНИКАЦИЙ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДИРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

«Сибирский государственный университет телекоммуникаций и информатики»

Кафедра телекоммуникационных систем и вычислительных средств (TC и BC)

ОТЧЁТ

по дисциплине

«Программирование»

по теме:Создание приложения для тренировки печати.

Студент:

ИКС-431 Таубин Георгий

Преподователь:

А.И. Вейлер

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1. Введение

Целью данной работы являлась разработка консольного приложения для тренировки скорости и точности печати на клавиатуре. Приложение включает несколько режимов работы, статистику, таблицу рекордов и поддержку многопоточности.

2. Основные функции приложения

2.1. Режимы тренировки

- 1. Стандартный режим
 - Пользователь получает текст для набора.

```
const char* get_random_text(DifficultyLevel level) {
   int count;
  const char** texts;
  switch(level) {
       case BEGINNER:
          texts = beginner_texts;
          count = sizeof(beginner_texts)/sizeof(beginner_texts[0]);
       case INTERMEDIATE:
          texts = intermediate_texts;
          count = sizeof(intermediate_texts)/sizeof(intermediate_texts[0]);
       case ADVANCED:
          texts = advanced_texts;
          count = sizeof(advanced_texts)/sizeof(advanced_texts[0]);
       default:
          return beginner_texts[0];
  return texts[rand() % countl:
```

 После ввода выводятся статистика: скорость, точность, количество ошибок.

```
TrainingStats calculate_stats(const char* original, const char* input, double time_elapsed) {
   TrainingStats stats = {0};
   stats.time_elapsed = time_elapsed;
   int original_len = strlen(original);
   int input_len = strlen(input);
   int min_len = original_len < input_len ? original_len : input_len;</pre>
   for (int i = 0; i < min_len; i++) {</pre>
       if (original[i] == input[i]) {
           stats.correct_chars++;
       } else {
           stats.incorrect_chars++;
   if (original_len > input_len) {
       stats.incorrect_chars += original_len - input_len;
   } else if (input_len > original_len) {
       stats.incorrect_chars += input_len - original_len;
   stats.speed = (stats.correct_chars / time_elapsed) * 60;
   stats.accuracy = (double)stats.correct_chars / (stats.correct_chars + stats.incorrect_chars) * 100;
   return stats;
```

 Реализована поддержка разных уровней сложности (Beginner, Intermediate, Advanced).

```
DifficultyLevel select_difficulty() {
    printf("\nSelect difficulty:\n");
    printf("1. Beginner\n");
    printf("2. Intermediate\n");
    printf("3. Advanced\n");
    printf("Choice: ");
    return (DifficultyLevel)(get_menu_choice() - 1);
}
```

2. Динамический режим

• Текст меняется после каждого ввода.

```
void dynamic_mode_training(DifficultyLevel level) {
   printf("\nDynamic Mode: Text will appear immediately after each input\n");
   printf("Type '/q' at any time to quit.\n");
   int total_correct = 0, total_incorrect = 0;
   double total_time = 0;
   int rounds = 0;
   // Время на раунд в зависимости от уровня
   int round seconds;
   switch(level) {
       case BEGINNER:     round_seconds = 30; break;
case INTERMEDIATE: round_seconds = 25; break;
       case ADVANCED: round_seconds = 20; break; default: round_seconds = 30; break;
       const char* text = get_random_text(level);
        printf("\nNew text (%d seconds to complete):", round_seconds);
       printf("\n%s\n", text);
       time_t round_start = time(NULL);
        char input[1024];
        if (!fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin)) {
           printf("Error reading input.\n");
            break;
```

• Ограничение по времени на ввод.

• Возможность выхода командой /q.

```
input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0'; // Удалить символ новой строки

// Проверка на выход
if (strcmp(input, "/q") == 0) {
    printf("Exiting Dynamic Mode early.\n");
    break;
}
```

- 3. Режим "Змейка"
 - Прогрессивная сложность: при высокой точности уровень повышается.

- Система жизней: за ошибки снимаются жизни.
- Сохранение итогового счета.

```
void snake_mode_training() {
    DifficultyLevel current_level = BEGINNER;
    int score = 0;
   int lives = 3;
    while (lives > 0) {
       const char* text = get_random_text(current_level);
       printf("\nLevel: %d | Score: %d | Lives: %d\n", current_level + 1, score, lives);
       printf("Text to type:\n%s\n", text);
       time_t start = time(NULL);
        char input[1024];
        fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
       input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
        time_t end = time(NULL);
        double elapsed = difftime(end, start);
       TrainingStats stats = calculate_stats(text, input, elapsed);
        print_stats(stats);
        if (stats.accuracy >= 90.0) {
            score += stats.correct_chars;
            if (current_level < ADVANCED) current_level++;</pre>
        } else {
            lives--;
```

4. Тренировка комбинаций клавиш

- Пользователь тренирует набор определенных комбинаций (например, "asdfjkl;").
- Требуется правильно ввести комбинацию 3 раза подряд.

```
void keys_mode_training() {
   const char* key_sets[] = {
        "asdfjkl;", "qwertyuiop", "zxcvbnm,./", "1234567890", "!@#$%^&*()"
   printf("\nKeys Training Mode\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        printf("\nType this combination 3 times: %s\n", key_sets[i]);
        int correct_attempts = 0;
        while (correct_attempts < 3) {</pre>
            printf("Attempt %d: ", correct_attempts + 1);
            char input[50];
            fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
            input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
            if (strcmp(input, key_sets[i]) == 0) {
                correct_attempts++;
                printf("Correct!\n");
            } else {
                printf("Incorrect. Try again.\n");
```

5. Соревновательный режим

- Минутный марафон: набор как можно большего количества текста.
- Сохранение результатов в таблицу рекордов.

2.2. Дополнительные функции

- Статистика
 - История тренировок с детализацией по каждой сессии.
 - o Coxpaнeние в файл stats.txt.
- Таблица рекордов
 - Топ-10 результатов с сортировкой по скорости.
 - o Сохранение в файл leaderboard.txt.
- Многопоточность
 - Реализована для имитации параллельных тренировок (тестовая функция).

3. Структура проекта

- main.c
 - Основной цикл программы, меню выбора режимов.

- keyboard_trainer.c
 - Реализация всех функций приложения.
- keyboard_trainer.h
 - Заголовочный файл с определениями структур и функций.
- test_keyboard_trainer.c
 - Юнит-тесты для проверки корректности работы функций.
- CMakeLists.txt
 - о Конфигурация сборки проекта.
 - 4. Скриншоты работы приложения
- 1. Главное меню

```
=== Keyboard Trainer ===
1. Standard Training
2. Dynamic Mode (changing text)
3. Snake Mode (progressive difficulty)
4. Keys Practice
5. Competition Mode
6. View Statistics
7. View Leaderboard
8. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

2. Пример тренировки в стандартном режиме

```
Type the following text:
keyboard trainer application
Start typing (press Enter when finished):
```

3. Таблица рекордов

```
programm_sib > sem2_prog > rgr_keybordtranig > build > \equiv leaderboard.txt

1     goga,158.00,99.37
2     larke4,117.00,70.48
3
```

5. Тестирование

Приложение было протестировано с помощью юнит-тестов:

- Проверка расчета статистики.
- Проверка генерации текста.
- Тест многопоточности.

Результаты:

All tests passed successfully!

6. Заключение

В ходе работы было разработано консольное приложение для тренировки печати с поддержкой нескольких режимов, статистикой и таблицей рекордов. Приложение может быть расширено добавлением новых текстов или режимов.

Список использованных технологий:

- Язык программирования С.
- Библиотеки: pthread, time.h, string.h.
- Система сборки CMake.

7. Листринг кода

Keyboard_trainer.c

```
#include "keyboard trainer.h"
// Тексты для тренировки
const char* beginner texts[] = {
    "hello world programming",
    "the quick brown fox jumps",
    "learn to type faster",
    "keyboard trainer application",
    "c programming is fun",
    "practice makes perfect",
    "computer science basics",
    "algorithm and data structures",
    "github repository commit",
    "linux terminal commands"
};
const char* intermediate texts[] = {
    "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. This
sentence contains all English letters.",
    "Programming is the process of creating instructions that
enable a computer to perform tasks.",
    "Memory management in C requires careful allocation and
deallocation to prevent leaks.",
    "Debugging involves identifying and removing errors from
computer programs.",
```

"Version control systems like Git help developers collaborate on projects efficiently.",

"Regular expressions provide a powerful way to search and manipulate text patterns.",

"Object-oriented programming focuses on data structures containing both data and functions.",

"The Linux kernel is written mostly in C and forms the core of operating systems.",

"Compilers translate high-level programming languages into machine code.",

"Multithreading allows programs to execute multiple operations concurrently."

};

const char* advanced texts[] = {

"In computer science, a pointer is a programming language object that stores a memory address. Pointers are used to build complex data structures and manipulate memory directly.",

"The C programming language, developed in 1972 by Dennis Ritchie at Bell Labs, revolutionized computing by providing low-level access to memory while maintaining portability.",

"Modern cryptography relies on mathematical algorithms to secure communications, including public-key systems like RSA and elliptic-curve cryptography.",

"Operating system kernels handle memory management, process scheduling, device I/O, and provide the fundamental interface between hardware and software components.",

"The TCP/IP protocol suite forms the basis of internet communications, implementing reliable packet delivery, addressing, and routing across interconnected networks.",

```
"Quantum computing leverages quantum-mechanical phenomena
like superposition and entanglement to perform calculations
exponentially faster than classical computers for certain
problems.",
    "Distributed systems face unique challenges including
network latency, partial failures, and consistency models like
eventual consistency and strong consistency.",
    "Compiler optimization techniques include dead code
elimination, loop unrolling, register allocation, and
instruction scheduling to improve runtime performance.",
    "Functional programming paradigms emphasize immutable data
and first-class functions, avoiding side effects and mutable
state found in imperative programming.",
    "Computer architecture innovations like pipelining,
speculative execution, and SIMD instructions have dramatically
increased processor performance over decades."
};
void print main menu() {
   printf("\n=== Keyboard Trainer ===\n");
   printf("1. Standard Training\n");
   printf("2. Dynamic Mode (changing text) \n");
   printf("3. Snake Mode (progressive difficulty)\n");
   printf("4. Keys Practice\n");
   printf("5. Competition Mode\n");
   printf("6. View Statistics\n");
   printf("7. View Leaderboard\n");
   printf("8. Exit\n");
   printf("Enter your choice: ");
```

```
int get menu choice() {
   int choice;
   scanf("%d", &choice);
   while(getchar() != '\n');
   return choice;
DifficultyLevel select difficulty() {
   printf("\nSelect difficulty:\n");
   printf("1. Beginner\n");
   printf("2. Intermediate\n");
   printf("3. Advanced\n");
   printf("Choice: ");
   return (DifficultyLevel)(get menu choice() - 1);
const char* get random text(DifficultyLevel level) {
   int count;
   const char** texts;
   switch(level) {
        case BEGINNER:
            texts = beginner_texts;
            count =
sizeof(beginner_texts)/sizeof(beginner_texts[0]);
```

```
break;
        case INTERMEDIATE:
            texts = intermediate texts;
            count =
sizeof(intermediate texts)/sizeof(intermediate texts[0]);
            break;
        case ADVANCED:
            texts = advanced texts;
            count =
sizeof(advanced texts)/sizeof(advanced texts[0]);
            break;
        default:
            return beginner texts[0];
    }
   return texts[rand() % count];
TrainingStats calculate stats(const char* original, const
char* input, double time elapsed) {
   TrainingStats stats = {0};
   stats.time elapsed = time elapsed;
   int original len = strlen(original);
   int input len = strlen(input);
    int min len = original len < input len ? original len :</pre>
input len;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < min len; i++) {</pre>
        if (original[i] == input[i]) {
            stats.correct chars++;
        } else {
            stats.incorrect chars++;
        }
    }
   if (original len > input len) {
        stats.incorrect chars += original len - input len;
    } else if (input_len > original_len) {
        stats.incorrect chars += input len - original len;
    }
   stats.speed = (stats.correct chars / time elapsed) * 60;
    stats.accuracy = (double) stats.correct chars /
(stats.correct_chars + stats.incorrect_chars) * 100;
    return stats;
void print stats(TrainingStats stats) {
   printf("\n--- Training Results ---\n");
   printf("Correct characters: %d\n", stats.correct chars);
   printf("Incorrect characters: %d\n",
stats.incorrect chars);
```

```
printf("Time elapsed: %.2f seconds\n",
stats.time elapsed);
   printf("Typing speed: %.2f characters per minute\n",
stats.speed);
   printf("Accuracy: %.2f%%\n", stats.accuracy);
void save stats(TrainingStats stats) {
   FILE *file = fopen("stats.txt", "a");
   if (file) {
        fprintf(file, "%d,%d,%.2f,%.2f,%.2f\n",
                stats.correct chars,
                stats.incorrect chars,
                stats.time elapsed,
                stats.speed,
                stats.accuracy);
        fclose(file);
    }
void show_statistics() {
   FILE *file = fopen("stats.txt", "r");
   if (!file) {
        printf("No statistics available yet.\n");
       return;
    }
```

```
printf("\n--- Training History ---\n");
   printf("Correct | Incorrect | Time (s) | Speed (cpm) |
Accuracy\n");
    char line[256];
   while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), file)) {
       printf("%s", line);
    }
    fclose(file);
void* training thread(void* args) {
   TrainingThreadArgs* targs = (TrainingThreadArgs*)args;
    const char* text = get random text(targs->level);
    time t start time = time(NULL);
    char input[1024];
    fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
    input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
    time t end time = time(NULL);
    double time elapsed = difftime(end time, start time);
    targs->stats = calculate_stats(text, input, time_elapsed);
```

```
return NULL;
void standard mode training(DifficultyLevel level) {
    const char* text = get random text(level);
   printf("\nType the following text:\n%s\n", text);
    time t start time = time(NULL);
   printf("Start typing (press Enter when finished):\n");
    char input[1024];
    fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
    input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
    time t end time = time(NULL);
    double time elapsed = difftime(end time, start time);
    TrainingStats stats = calculate stats(text, input,
time elapsed);
   print stats(stats);
   save stats(stats);
void dynamic mode training(DifficultyLevel level) {
   printf("\nDynamic Mode: Text will appear immediately after
each input\n");
```

```
printf("Type '/q' at any time to quit.\n");
   int total_correct = 0, total incorrect = 0;
   double total time = 0;
   int rounds = 0;
    // Время на раунд в зависимости от уровня
   int round seconds;
   switch(level) {
                       round seconds = 30; break;
       case BEGINNER:
       case INTERMEDIATE: round seconds = 25; break;
                           round seconds = 20; break;
       case ADVANCED:
       default:
                           round seconds = 30; break;
    }
   while (1) {
       const char* text = get random text(level);
       printf("\nNew text (%d seconds to complete):",
round_seconds);
       printf("\n%s\n", text);
        time t round start = time(NULL);
       char input[1024];
       if (!fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin)) {
           printf("Error reading input.\n");
           break;
```

```
input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0'; // Удалить символ
новой строки
        // Проверка на выход
        if (strcmp(input, "/q") == 0) {
           printf("Exiting Dynamic Mode early.\n");
           break;
        }
        time_t round_end = time(NULL);
        double round time = difftime(round end, round start);
        // Если время больше лимита, засчитываем как ошибку
        if (round time > round seconds) {
           printf("Time limit exceeded!\n");
        }
        TrainingStats stats = calculate stats(text, input,
round_time);
       print stats(stats);
        total correct += stats.correct chars;
        total incorrect += stats.incorrect chars;
        total time += round time;
```

```
rounds++;
    }
   if (rounds > 0) {
        TrainingStats final stats = {
            total correct,
            total incorrect,
            total time,
            (total correct / total time) * 60,
            (double) total correct / (total correct +
total incorrect) * 100
        };
       printf("\n--- Final Dynamic Mode Results ---\n");
       print_stats(final_stats);
        save stats(final stats);
    } else {
        printf("No rounds completed.\n");
    }
void snake mode training() {
   DifficultyLevel current level = BEGINNER;
   int score = 0;
   int lives = 3;
   while (lives > 0) {
```

```
const char* text = get random text(current level);
        printf("\nLevel: %d | Score: %d | Lives: %d\n",
current level + 1, score, lives);
        printf("Text to type:\n%s\n", text);
        time t start = time(NULL);
        char input[1024];
        fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
        input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
        time t end = time(NULL);
        double elapsed = difftime(end, start);
        TrainingStats stats = calculate stats(text, input,
elapsed);
       print_stats(stats);
        if (stats.accuracy >= 90.0) {
            score += stats.correct chars;
            if (current level < ADVANCED) current level++;</pre>
        } else {
            lives--;
        }
    }
   printf("\nGame over! Final score: %d\n", score);
```

```
save_snake_score(score);
void save snake score(int score) {
   FILE* file = fopen("snake scores.txt", "a");
   if (file) {
        fprintf(file, "%d\n", score);
       fclose(file);
    }
void keys mode training() {
   const char* key sets[] = {
        "asdfjkl;", "qwertyuiop", "zxcvbnm,./", "1234567890",
"!@#$%^&*()"
    };
   printf("\nKeys Training Mode\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        printf("\nType this combination 3 times: %s\n",
key_sets[i]);
        int correct attempts = 0;
        while (correct attempts < 3) {</pre>
            printf("Attempt %d: ", correct attempts + 1);
```

```
char input[50];
            fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
            input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
            if (strcmp(input, key_sets[i]) == 0) {
                correct attempts++;
                printf("Correct!\n");
            } else {
                printf("Incorrect. Try again.\n");
            }
        }
    }
void competition mode() {
   printf("\nCompetition Mode\n");
   printf("Enter your name: ");
    char name[50];
    fgets(name, sizeof(name), stdin);
    name[strcspn(name, "\n")] = '\0';
   printf("\nYou have 1 minute to type as much as
possible!\n");
   printf("Press Enter to start...");
```

```
getchar();
time t start = time(NULL);
int total chars = 0;
int correct chars = 0;
const char* text = get random text(INTERMEDIATE);
printf("\nText to type:\n%s\n", text);
while (difftime(time(NULL), start) < 60) {</pre>
    char input[1024];
    fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
    input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0';
    int len = strlen(input);
    total chars += len;
    for (int i = 0; i < len && i < strlen(text); i++) {</pre>
        if (input[i] == text[i]) correct_chars++;
    }
    text = get_random_text(INTERMEDIATE);
    printf("\nNew text:\n%s\n", text);
}
```

```
double accuracy = (double)correct chars / total chars *
100;
   double speed = correct chars;
   printf("\nTime's up!\nCorrect characters: %d\nAccuracy:
%.2f%%\n", correct_chars, accuracy);
    save competition result(name, speed, accuracy);
    show leaderboard();
void save competition result(const char* name, double speed,
double accuracy) {
   FILE* file = fopen("leaderboard.txt", "a");
   if (file) {
        fprintf(file, "%s,%.2f,%.2f\n", name, speed,
accuracy);
        fclose(file);
    }
void show leaderboard() {
   FILE* file = fopen("leaderboard.txt", "r");
   if (!file) {
       printf("No leaderboard records yet.\n");
       return;
    }
```

```
UserRecord records[100];
   int count = 0;
    char line[256];
   while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), file) && count < 100) {
        char* token = strtok(line, ",");
        strcpy(records[count].name, token);
        records[count].best speed = atof(strtok(NULL, ","));
        records[count].best accuracy = atof(strtok(NULL,
"\n"));
        count++;
    fclose(file);
    // Сортировка по скорости
    for (int i = 0; i < count - 1; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < count - i - 1; j++) {
            if (records[j].best speed <</pre>
records[j+1].best speed) {
                UserRecord temp = records[j];
                records[j] = records[j+1];
                records[j+1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
```

```
printf("\n--- LEADERBOARD (Top 10) ---\n");
   printf("Rank | Name | Speed (cpm) |
Accuracy\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < (count < 10 ? count : 10); i++) {
       printf("%2d | %-14s | %9.2f | %.2f%%\n",
              i+1, records[i].name, records[i].best speed,
records[i].best accuracy);
    }
void start selected mode(int choice) {
   DifficultyLevel level;
   switch (choice) {
       case 1: standard mode training(select difficulty());
break;
       case 2: dynamic_mode_training(select_difficulty());
break;
       case 3: snake mode training(); break;
       case 4: keys mode training(); break;
       case 5: competition mode(); break;
       case 6: show statistics(); break;
       case 7: show leaderboard(); break;
    }
```

Keyboard trainer.h

```
#ifndef KEYBOARD_TRAINER_H
```

```
#define KEYBOARD TRAINER H
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <math.h>
typedef enum {
    ADVANCED
} DifficultyLevel;
typedef enum {
    COMPETITION MODE
```

```
int correct chars;
    int incorrect chars;
   double time elapsed;
    double speed;
    double accuracy;
typedef struct {
   char name[50];
   double best speed;
   double best accuracy;
 UserRecord;
typedef struct {
    DifficultyLevel level;
} TrainingThreadArgs;
// Основные функции
void print main menu();
int get menu choice();
DifficultyLevel select difficulty();
void start selected mode(int choice);
```

```
void standard mode training(DifficultyLevel level);
void dynamic mode training(DifficultyLevel level);
void snake mode training();
void keys mode training();
void competition mode();
// Вспомогательные функции
const char* get random text(DifficultyLevel level);
TrainingStats calculate stats(const char* original, const
char* input, double time elapsed);
void print stats(TrainingStats stats);
void save stats(TrainingStats stats);
void show statistics();
void save snake score(int score);
void save competition result(const char* name, double speed,
double accuracy);
void show leaderboard();
// Многопоточность
void* training thread(void* args);
#endif
```

```
tests keyboard trainer.c
```

```
#include "keyboard_trainer.h"
```

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
int double eq(double a, double b) {
   return fabs(a - b) < 1e-6;
void test standard mode() {
    const char* original = "hello world";
   const char* input correct = "hello world";
    const char* input with errors = "hallo warld";
    TrainingStats stats1 = calculate stats(original,
input correct, 10.0);
   assert(stats1.correct chars == 11);
   assert(stats1.incorrect chars == 0);
    assert(double eq(stats1.accuracy, 100.0));
   TrainingStats stats2 = calculate stats(original,
input with errors, 10.0);
    assert(stats2.correct chars == 9); //
   assert(stats2.incorrect chars == 2); // 'l' vs 'a', 'l' vs
```

```
assert(fabs(stats2.accuracy - 81.818182) < 0.01); // ~9/11
void test fast dynamic mode() {
   DifficultyLevel level = BEGINNER;
   int total correct = 0, total incorrect = 0;
   double total time = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        const char* text = get random text(level);
        char input[1024];
        strcpy(input, text); // идеальный ввод
       TrainingStats stats = calculate stats(text, input,
5.0);
        total correct += stats.correct chars;
        total incorrect += stats.incorrect chars;
       total time += 5.0;
   assert(total incorrect == 0);
   assert(double eq(total time, 15.0));
```

```
void test snake mode() {
   int score = 0;
   int lives = 3;
   TrainingStats good = {50, 2, 60, 50.0, 96.15};
   if (good.accuracy >= 90.0) {
       score += good.correct chars;
       level++;
   assert(level == INTERMEDIATE);
    if (bad.accuracy < 90.0) {
       lives--;
   assert(lives == 2);
void test keys mode() {
   char input[32];
```

```
strcpy(input, combo);
    assert(strcmp(input, combo) == 0);
    strcpy(input, "asdfjkl,");
   assert(strcmp(input, combo) != 0);
void test leaderboard() {
   UserRecord records[3] = {
        {"Bob", 120.0, 95.5},
        {"Charlie", 180.0, 97.8}
   for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 2 - i; j++) {
            if (records[j].best_speed <</pre>
records[j+1].best speed) {
                UserRecord temp = records[j];
                records[j] = records[j+1];
               records[j+1] = temp;
```

```
assert(strcmp(records[0].name, "Charlie") == 0);
   assert(strcmp(records[1].name, "Alice") == 0);
   assert(strcmp(records[2].name, "Bob") == 0);
void* mock training(void* args) {
   TrainingThreadArgs* targs = (TrainingThreadArgs*)args;
   const char* text = get random text(targs->level);
   char input[1024];
   strcpy(input, text);
   time t start = time(NULL);
    sleep(1); // имитация задержки
    time t end = time(NULL);
   double elapsed = difftime(end, start);
    targs->stats = calculate_stats(text, input, elapsed);
    return NULL;
void test threading() {
   TrainingThreadArgs args = {BEGINNER};
```

```
pthread t thread;
   pthread create(&thread, NULL, mock training, &args);
   pthread join(thread, NULL);
   assert(args.stats.correct chars > 0);
   assert(args.stats.time elapsed >= 1.0);
int main() {
   printf("Running fast tests...\n");
   test standard mode();
   test fast dynamic mode();
    test snake mode();
   test keys mode();
   test leaderboard();
    test threading();
   printf("All tests passed successfully!\n");
   return 0;
```

main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "keyboard trainer.h"
int main() {
   srand(time(NULL));
   int choice;
       print_main_menu();
       choice = get menu choice();
       if (choice >= 1 && choice <= 7) {
            start selected mode(choice);
           printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");
    } while (choice != 8);
   printf("Exiting...\n");
   return 0;
```