



determining factor shall be the position of the puck. The minor penalty will not be assessed when a goalkeeper plays the puck while maintaining skate contact with his goal crease.

- 27.9 Infractions – Unique to Goalkeepers** – Refer to the Reference Tables – Table 13 – Summary of Goalkeeper Penalties (page 144) for a list of the infractions that shall result in a penalty to the goalkeeper (see specific rule numbers for complete descriptions).

Rule 28 – Supplementary Discipline

- 28.1 Supplementary Discipline** - In addition to the automatic fines and suspensions imposed under these rules, the Commissioner may, at his discretion, investigate any incident that occurs in connection with any Pre-season, Exhibition, League or Playoff game and may assess additional fines and/or suspensions for any offense committed during the course of a game or any aftermath thereof by a player, goalkeeper, Trainer, Manager, Coach or non-playing Club personnel or Club executive, whether or not such offense has been penalized by the Referee.

If an investigation is requested by a Club or by the League on its own initiative, it must be initiated within twenty-four (24) hours following the completion of the game in which the incident occurred.

- 28.2 Pre-Season and Exhibition Games** - Whenever suspensions are imposed as a result of infractions occurring during pre-season and exhibition games, the Commissioner shall exercise his discretion in scheduling the suspensions to ensure that no team shall be short more players in any regular League game than it would have been had the infractions occurred in regular League games.

Rule 29 – Signals

- 29.1 Boarding** Striking the clenched fist of one hand into the open palm of the opposite hand in front of the chest.



- 29.2 Butt-ending** Moving the forearm, fist closed, under the forearm of the other hand held palm down.









- 29.3 Charging** Rotating clenched fists around one another in front of the chest.





SECTION 4 – TYPES OF PENALTIES



- | | | | |
|------|----------------------|---|---|
| 29.4 | Checking from behind | A forward motion of both arms, with the palms of the hands open and facing away from the body, fully extended from the chest at shoulder level. |  |
| 29.5 | Clipping | Striking leg with either hand behind the knee, keeping both skates on the ice. |  |
| 29.6 | Cross-checking | A forward and backward motion of the arms with both fists clenched, extending from the chest for a distance of about one foot. |  |
| 29.7 | Delayed off-side | Non-whistle arm fully extended above the head. To nullify a delayed off-side, the Linesperson shall drop the arm to the side. |  |
| 29.8 | Delayed penalty | Extending the non-whistle arm fully above the head. |  |
| 29.9 | Delaying the game | The non-whistle hand, palm open, is placed across the chest and then fully extended directly in front of the body. |  |



SECTION 4 – TYPES OF PENALTIES



29.10 Elbowing

Tapping either elbow with the opposite hand.



29.11 Fighting

Clenched fists side-by-side in front of the chest.



29.12 Goal scored

A single point directed at the goal in which the puck legally entered.



29.13 Hand pass

With the palm open and facing forward, a pushing motion towards the front of the body once or twice to indicate the puck was moved ahead with the hand.



29.14 Head-butting

No signal in the National Hockey League.

NO SIGNAL

29.15 High-sticking

Holding both fists clenched, one slightly above the other (as if holding a stick) at the height of the forehead.



29.16 Holding

Clasping either wrist with the other hand in front of the chest.





SECTION 4 – TYPES OF PENALTIES



29.17

Holding the stick

Two stage signal involving the holding signal (29.16) followed by a signal indicating you are holding onto a stick with two hands in a normal manner.



29.18

Hooking

A tugging motion with both arms as if pulling something from in front toward the stomach.



29.19

Icing (a)

The back Linesperson signals a possible icing by fully extending either arm over his head. The arm should remain raised until the front Linesperson either blows the whistle to indicate an icing or until the icing is washed out.



Icing (b)

Once the icing has been completed, the back Linesperson will then point to the appropriate face-off spot and skate to it, turning backwards somewhere near the blue line and crossing his arms across his chest to indicate icing.



29.20

Illegal check to the head

Patting flat (open palm) of the non-whistle hand on this side of the head.



29.21

Interference

Crossing arms stationary in front of the chest in an "X" formation.



29.22

Kicking

No signal in the National Hockey League.

NO SIGNAL



SECTION 4 – TYPES OF PENALTIES



29.23 Kneeing

Slapping either knee with the palm of the hand, while keeping both skates on the ice.



29.24 Match penalty

No signal in the National Hockey League.

NO SIGNAL

29.25 Misconduct Both hands on hips.



29.26 Penalty shot Non-whistle arm fully extended pointing to the center ice face-off spot.



29.27 Roughing Fist clenched and arm extended out to the side of the body.



29.28 Slashing A chopping motion with the edge of one hand across the opposite forearm.



29.29 Spearing

Jabbing motion with both hands thrust out immediately in front of the body and then hands dropped to the side of the body (essentially the opposite to the hooking signal – away from the body rather than towards the body).





SECTION 4 – TYPES OF PENALTIES



29.30 Throwing equipment No signal in the National Hockey League. NO SIGNAL

29.31 Time-out Using both hands to form a "T" in front of the chest.



29.32 Too many men on the ice No signal in the National Hockey League. NO SIGNAL

29.33 Tripping Striking leg with either hand below the knee, keeping both skates on the ice.



29.34 Unsportsmanlike conduct Using both hands to form a "T" in front of the chest (same as time-out).



29.35 Wash out A sweeping sideways motion of both arms across the front of the body at shoulder level with palms down. This signal is used by Referees to signal no goal; by the Linespersons to signal no icing and no off-side; and by all Officials to wash out a hand pass or a high-sticking the puck violation.

