from scipy.stats import uniform # for training-and-test split import statsmodels.api as sm # statistical models (including regression) import statsmodels.formula.api as smf # R-like model specification import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # 2D plotting import seaborn as sns # PROVIDES TRELLIS AND SMALL MULTIPLE PLOTTING # read in Dodgers bobbleheads data and create data frame dodgers = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\laura\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Syracuse iSchool\\IST 718\\Rep os\\IST_718\\dodgers.csv") print(dodgers.describe()) #print(dodgers.info) #The following code id the data cleanup made in the Jupyter Notebook presented in the Async dodgerDF = pd.DataFrame(dodgers) dodgers['attend_000'] = dodgers['attend']/1000 mondays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Monday'] tuesdays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Tuesday'] wednesdays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Wednesday'] thursdays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Thursday'] fridays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Friday'] saturdays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Saturday'] sundays = dodgers[dodgers['day_of_week'] == 'Sunday'] # convert days' attendance into list of vectors for box plot data = [mondays['attend_000'], tuesdays['attend_000'], wednesdays['attend_000'], thursdays['attend_000'], fridays['attend_000'], saturdays['attend_000'], sundays['attend_000']] ordered_day_names = ['Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thur', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun'] ordered_team_names = (sorted(set(dodgers['opponent']), reverse = True)) day attend temp count 81.000000 81.000000 81.000000 mean 16.135802 41040.074074 73.148148 std 9.605666 8297.539460 8.317318 min 1.000000 24312.000000 54.000000 25% 8.000000 34493.000000 67.000000 50% 15.000000 40284.000000 73.000000 75% 25.000000 46588.000000 79.000000 max 31.000000 56000.000000 95.000000 In [25]: # Instructions: try to recreate the graphics and the model from Chapter 2 np.mean(dodgers['attend_000']) #Figure 2.1: Dodgers Attendace by Day of the Week sns.boxplot(x="day_of_week", y="attend_000", data=dodgers, color = "purple"); plt.title('Dodgers Attendace by Day of the Week') plt.ylabel('Attendance (thousands)') plt.xlabel('Day of the Week') plt.show() #Figure 2.2: Dodgers Attendace by Month sns.boxplot(x="month", y="attend_000", data=dodgers, color = "blue"); plt.title('Dodgers Attendace by Month') plt.ylabel('Attendance (thousands)') plt.xlabel('Month') plt.show() Dodgers Attendace by Day of the Week 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 TuesdayWednesdayThursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Day of the Week Dodgers Attendace by Month 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 MAY AUG SEP OCT Month In [55]: #Figure 2.3: Dodgers Weather, Fireworks, and Attendance # trellis/lattice plot attendance by temp, conditioning on skies # and day_night with bobblehead NO/YES shown in distinct colors import seaborn as sns sns.set(style="darkgrid") g = sns.FacetGrid(dodgers, col="skies",row="day_night", hue="fireworks", hue_order=["YES", "NO"], hue_kws=dict(marker=["^", "v"])) g.map(plt.scatter, "temp", "attend_000", alpha=.7) g.add_legend(); g.set_axis_labels("Temperature (Degrees Fahrenheit)", "Attendance (thousands)") plt.show() day_night = Day | skies = Clear day_night = Day | skies = Cloudy 55 (thousands) 45 40 35 30 day_night = Night | skies = Clear day_night = Night | skies = Cloudy 55 NO 50 45 35 30 60 70 Temperature (Degrees Fahrenheit) Temperature (Degrees Fahrenheit) In [66]: #Figure 2.4: Dodgers Attendance by Visiting Team sns.swarmplot(x="attend_000", y="opponent", hue="day_night", data=dodgers, order =ordered_team_names) plt.xlabel('Attendance (thousands)') plt.ylabel(' ') g.add_legend(loc='lower right'); plt.show() White Sox Snakes Rockies Reds Pirates Phillies Padres Nationals Mets Marlins Giants Cubs Cardinals Brewers Braves Astros Angels 25 55 Attendance (thousands) In [96]: #Ordering data # map day_of_week to ordered_day_of_week day_to_ordered_day = { 'Monday' : '1Monday', 'Tuesday' : '2Tuesday', 'Wednesday' : '3Wednesday', 'Thursday' : '4Thursday', 'Friday' : '5Friday', 'Saturday' : '6Saturday', 'Sunday' : '7Sunday'} dodgers['ordered_day_of_week'] = dodgers['day_of_week'].map(day_to_ordered_day) # map month to ordered_month month_to_ordered_month = { 'APR' : '1April', 'MAY' : '2May', 'JUN' : '3June', 'JUL' : '4July', 'AUG' : '5Aug', 'SEP' : '6Sept'} dodgers['ordered_month'] = dodgers['month'].map(month_to_ordered_month) In [97]: # employ training-and-test regimen for model validation np.random.seed(1234) dodgers['runiform'] = uniform.rvs(loc = 0, scale = 1, size = len(dodgers)) dodgers_train = dodgers[dodgers['runiform'] >= 0.33]#more than 1/3 of the dataset dodgers_test = dodgers[dodgers['runiform'] < 0.33]#less than 1/3 of the dataset</pre> # check training data frame print('\ndodgers_train data frame (rows, columns): ',dodgers_train.shape) print(dodgers_train.head()) # check test data frame print('\ndodgers_test data frame (rows, columns): ',dodgers_test.shape) print(dodgers_test.head()) # specify a simple model with bobblehead entered last my_model = str('attend_000 ~ ordered_month + ordered_day_of_week + bobblehead') # fit the model to the training set train_model_fit = smf.ols(my_model, data = dodgers_train).fit() # summary of model fit to the training set print(train_model_fit.summary()) # training set predictions from the model fit to the training set dodgers_train['predict_attend'] = train_model_fit.fittedvalues # test set predictions from the model fit to the training set dodgers_test['predict_attend'] = train_model_fit.predict(dodgers_test) dodgers_train data frame (rows, columns): (57, 17) month day attend day_of_week opponent temp skies day_night cap shirt \ 58 Cloudy APR 11 29729 Wednesday Pirates Night NO APR Thursday Pirates Night NO 12 28328 57 Cloudy APR 13 31601 Friday Padres 54 Cloudy Night NO NO 46549 Saturday Padres 57 Cloudy APR 14 Night NO NO APR 24 44014 Tuesday Braves 63 Cloudy Night NO NO fireworks bobblehead division attend_000 runiform ordered_day_of_week \ NO 29.729 0.622109 1 NO Cross 3Wednesday 2 NO NO Cross 28.328 0.437728 4Thursday 3 YES NO Cross 31.601 0.785359 5Friday NO NO Divisional 46.549 0.779976 6Saturday NO Divisional 44.014 0.801872 2Tuesday ordered_month 1April 2 1April 3 1April 1April 1April dodgers_test data frame (rows, columns): (24, 17) month day attend day_of_week opponent temp skies day_night cap \ Tuesday Day NO APR 10 56000 Pirates 67 Clear APR 15 38359 Sunday Padres 5 65 Clear Day NO 6 APR 23 26376 Monday Braves 60 Cloudy Night NO MAY Rockies Day NO 17 13 49124 Sunday 70 Clear 20 MAY 44005 Sunday Cardinals 77 Clear Night NO shirt fireworks bobblehead division attend_000 runiform \ NO NO NO Divisional 56.000 0.191519 0 38.359 0.272593 5 NO NO NO Cross Cross NO NO 26.376 0.276464 6 NO 17 NO NO NO Divisional 49.124 0.013768 22 NO NO Divisional 44.005 0.075381 ordered_day_of_week ordered_month 0 2Tuesday 1April 7Sunday 1April 5 6 1Monday 1April 17 7Sunday 2May 22 7Sunday 2May OLS Regression Results ______ Dep. Variable: attend_000 R-squared: Model: OLS Adj. R-squared: 0.532 Least Squares F-statistic:
Wed. 07 Oct 2020 Prob (F-statis Method: 6.219 Wed, 07 Oct 2020 Prob (F-statistic): Date: 3.44e-06 12:18:39 Log-Likelihood: -170.59 No. Observations: 56 AIC: 367.2 Df Residuals: 43 BIC: 393.5 12 Df Model: Covariance Type: nonrobust ______ ======= coef std err 0.975] Intercept 35.9897 3.133 11.486 0.000 29.671 42.309 ordered_month[T.2May] -3.0495 2.532 -1.204 0.235 -8.157 2.058 ordered_month[T.3June] 8.7768 2.979 2.946 0.005 2.769 14.785 ordered_month[T.4July] 3.7056 3.238 1.145 0.259 -2.824 10.235 ordered_month[T.5Aug] 2.0276 2.698 0.751 0.456 -3.414 7.469 ordered_month[T.6Sept] 1.2808 2.864 0.447 0.657 -4.494 ordered_day_of_week[T.2Tuesday] 4.7343 3.467 1.366 0.179 -2.257 11.726 -0.7414 3.228 -0.230 0.819 -7.252 ordered_day_of_week[T.3Wednesday] ordered_day_of_week[T.4Thursday] -0.8790 3.849 -0.228 0.820 -8.642 3.4208 2.886 1.185 0.242 -2.399 ordered_day_of_week[T.5Friday] 9.240 2.966 ordered_day_of_week[T.6Saturday] 3.0605 1.032 0.308 -2.920 9.041 ordered_day_of_week[T.7Sunday] 2.7964 3.153 0.887 0.380 -3.563 9.156 bobblehead[T.YES] 6.918 12.3293 2.683 4.595 0.000 17.740 ______ Omnibus: 2.223 Durbin-Watson: 0.329 Jarque-Bera (JB): Prob(Omnibus): 1.873 0.447 Prob(JB): 0.392 Skew: 2.941 Cond. No. Kurtosis: ______ [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified. <ipython-input-97-6b90c7be4325>:21: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guid e/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy dodgers_train['predict_attend'] = train_model_fit.fittedvalues <ipython-input-97-6b90c7be4325>:24: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guid e/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy dodgers_test['predict_attend'] = train_model_fit.predict(dodgers_test) In [98]: # compute the proportion of response variance # accounted for when predicting out-of-sample print('\nProportion of Test Set Variance Accounted for: ',\ round(np.power(dodgers_test['attend_000'].corr(dodgers_test['predict_attend']),2),3)) # use the full data set to obtain an estimate of the increase in # attendance due to bobbleheads, controlling for other factors my_model_fit = smf.ols(my_model, data = dodgers).fit() print(my_model_fit.summary()) print('\nEstimated Effect of Bobblehead Promotion on Attendance: ',\ round(my_model_fit.params[13],0)) Proportion of Test Set Variance Accounted for: 0.201 OLS Regression Results ______ Dep. Variable: attend_000 R-squared: 0.536 OLS Adj. R-squared: Model: 0.451 Least Squares F-statistic:
Wed, 07 Oct 2020 Prob (F-statistic):
12:19:16 Log-Likelihood: Method: 6.262 Date: 3.40e-07 12:19:16 Log-Likelihood: Time: -245.97 No. Observations: 78 AIC: 517.9 65 BIC: 548.6 Df Residuals: 12 Df Model: nonrobust Covariance Type: coef std err P>|t| [0.025 0.975] 33.8780 2.606 13.001 0.000 Intercept 28.674 39.082 ordered_month[T.2May] -2.3782 2.325 -1.023 0.310 -7.021 2.264 ordered_month[T.3June] 7.1507 2.773 2.579 0.012 1.613 12.688 ordered_month[T.4July] 2.8466 2.617 1.088 0.281 -2.380 8.073 2.3551 2.439 0.966 0.338 -2.515 ordered_month[T.5Aug] 7.226 ordered_month[T.6Sept] 0.0397 2.557 0.016 0.988 -5.068 5.147 7.7833 2.886 0.009 2.020 ordered_day_of_week[T.2Tuesday] 2.697 13.547 ordered_day_of_week[T.3Wednesday] 2.6507 2.665 0.995 0.324 -2.671 7.972 3.579 ordered_day_of_week[T.4Thursday] 0.7679 0.215 0.831 -6.380 7.916 ordered_day_of_week[T.5Friday] 4.9191 2.580 1.906 0.061 -0.234 10.072 6.3885 2.634 2.425 0.018 ordered_day_of_week[T.6Saturday] 1.128 ordered_day_of_week[T.7Sunday] 6.7479 2.585 2.610 0.011 1.585 11.911 10.8202 2.484 4.355 0.000 5.858 bobblehead[T.YES] 15.782 ______ Omnibus: 5.711 Durbin-Watson: 0.058 Jarque-Bera (JB): Prob(Omnibus): 5.367 0.641 Prob(JB): 0.0683 Skew: 3.088 Cond. No. ______ [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified. Traceback (most recent call last) ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexes\base.py in get_value(self, series, key) 4404 -> 4405 return self._engine.get_value(s, k, tz=getattr(series.dtype, "tz", None)) 4406 except KeyError as e1: pandas_libs\index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_value() pandas_libs\index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_value() pandas_libs\index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc() pandas_libs\hashtable_class_helper.pxi in pandas._libs.hashtable.Py0bjectHashTable.get_item () pandas_libs\hashtable_class_helper.pxi in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObjectHashTable.get_item **KeyError**: 13 During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred: IndexError Traceback (most recent call last) <ipython-input-98-ef2b2049da85> in <module> 10 11 print('\nEstimated Effect of Bobblehead Promotion on Attendance: ',\ round(my_model_fit.params[13],0)) ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\series.py in __getitem__(self, key) key = com.apply_if_callable(key, self) 870 try: --> 871 result = self.index.get_value(self, key) 872 873 if not is_scalar(result): ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexes\base.py in get_value(self, series, key) 4409 4410 -> 4411 return libindex.get_value_at(s, key) 4412 except IndexError: 4413 raise pandas_libs\index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.get_value_at() pandas_libs\index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.get_value_at() pandas_libs\util.pxd in pandas._libs.util.get_value_at() pandas_libs\util.pxd in pandas._libs.util.validate_indexer() IndexError: index out of bounds In [99]: #Figure 2.5 Regression Model Performance: Bobbleheads and Attendance #Add set column with Test/Train dodgers_test['set']='Test' dodgers_train['set']='Train' #combine test/train to one set combined_set = dodgers_test.append(dodgers_train, ignore_index=True)

> > col_order=["Train", "Test"],

hue_kws=dict(marker=["^", "v"]))

#reorder col

g.map(plt.scatter, "attend", "predict_attend",

#rename axis

In [15]: #Author: Laura C. Larregui

#Purpose: Week 2 Code Review

import packages for analysis and modeling
import pandas as pd # data frame operations
import numpy as np # arrays and math functions