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Content Type Cases

Title : G (Children: Sperm Donors:

Leave to Apply for Children Act Orders),

Re

Delivery selection: Current Document

Number of documents delivered: 1

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G (Children) (Children: Sperm Donors: Leave to Apply for Children Act Orders), Re

Z (A Child), Re

Also known as:

T v X

S v D

Family Division 31 January 2013

Case Analysis

Where Reported

[2013] EWHC 134 (Fam); [2013] 1 F.L.R. 1334; [2013] H.R.L.R. 16; [2013] Fam. Law 530

Case Digest

Subject: Family law Other related subjects: Human rights

Keywords: Artificial insemination; Civil partners; Contact orders; Fathers; Right to respect for private and family life; Same sex partners; Sperm donors

Summary: When deciding an application by a biological father for leave to apply for an order under the <u>Children Act 1989 s.8</u> in respect of a child conceived using his sperm by a woman who, at the time of the artificial insemination, was party to a civil partnership, the court could take all relevant matters into account, including the reforms implemented in the <u>Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008</u>, the policy underpinning those reforms and the factors identified in <u>s.10(9)</u> of the 1989 Act.

Abstract: The applicant men (S and T) applied for leave to apply for contact orders under the Children Act 1989 s.8 for children conceived using their sperm by women in a civil partnership. S agreed to provide sperm to his friends (D and E) who were a lesbian couple wishing to have children. D and E stated that they made it clear to S that he would have no parental title, no parental responsibility and no financial commitment. In March 2008 E became pregnant. D and E entered into a civil partnership in September 2008 and a daughter (F) was born in December 2008. S visited them in hospital and thereafter there was regular contact. In August 2008, S's partner, T, provided sperm to a lesbian couple (X and Y) who were in a civil partnership and who were friends of D and E, and X gave birth to a son (Z). X and Y stated that they wanted to have the same arrangement as D and E had with S and they wanted T to be a role model for Z. In September 2009 S and T entered a civil partnership. D, E and F were seated at the top table at the reception. D, E, S and T then discussed a sibling for F and S again agreed to provide sperm and a son was born (G) in September 2010. Following the <u>Human Fertilisation and Embryology</u> Act 2008, D's name was included on the birth certificate. S and T continued to see F and G frequently. Disagreements then began as to the amount of contact S and T could have. Neither S in the case of G nor T in the case of Z was entitled to apply for a contact order as they were not legal parents following the 2008 Act so they needed the court's leave to make the application. S was F's legal

father. D, E, X and Y contended that it was the intention of Parliament to protect same sex families who had conceived with sperm donors and their status as parents should be exclusive and absolute. S and T argued that the 2008 Act did not eradicate their status as genetic parents who might be allowed by the court to play a role in the life of the child.

Applications granted. When deciding an application by a biological father for leave to apply for an order under s.8 in respect of a child conceived using his sperm by a woman who, at the time of the artificial insemination, was party to a civil partnership, the court could take all relevant matters into account, including the reforms implemented in the 2008 Act, the policy underpinning those reforms and the factors identified in s.10(9) of the 1989 Act and the prospects of success were not decisive, B (A Child) (Paternal Grandmother: Joinder as Party), Re [2012] EWCA Civ 737, [2012] 2 F.L.R. 1358 followed. The policy of the 2008 Act put lesbian couples and their children in exactly the same legal position as other types of parent and children. The relationship between a same sex couple constituted family life for the purposes of the European Convention on Human Rights 1950 art.8 which was entitled to respect, Schalk and Kopf v Austria [2010] ECHR 995 considered. Each case was fact specific. S and T were not strangers to G and Z. As a result of choices made by D, E, X and Y both S and T had regular and frequent contact with G and Z. D and E chose S, an old friend, to provide sperm to enable them to have a child. They wanted their second child to have the same genetic background. They involved S in the preparations before the birth and allowed him contact. Equally X and Y selected T to provide sperm to enable them to conceive a child and allowed him frequent contact. It was also significant that they expressly wanted T to be a role model for Z. D, E, X and Y had exercised their parental responsibility to facilitate some sort of relationship between the children and their biological fathers. It was arguable that they had allowed S and T to establish a family life with the children under art.8. Disputes between the parties about the frequency of past conduct could only be resolved by a substantive fact-finding hearing. On the facts of the instant case, the most important factor was the connection that S and T were allowed by D, E, X and Y to form with each child. S and T had a good arguable case for contact orders and they were granted leave to make applications for contact orders in respect of G and Z. S was refused leave to apply for a residence order. It did not follow that any substantive order for contact would be made. Decisions on contact would be made applying <u>s.1</u> of the 1989 Act (see paras 63-65, 113-118, 120, 126, 129, 132-137 of judgment).

Judge: Baker, J.

Counsel: For S: Madeleine Reardon. For D and E: Deirdre Fottrell. For X and Y: Alison Russell QC. For T: Samantha King.

Solicitor: For S: Withers LLP. For D and E: Goodman Ray. For X and Y: Natalie Gamble Associates. For T: Burton Woods.

Significant Cases Cited B (A Child) (Paternal Grandmother: Joinder as Party), Re

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B (A Child) (Paternal Grandmother: Joinder as Party), Re

[2012] EWCA Civ 737; [2012] 2 F.L.R. 1358; [2012] 2 F.C.R. 554; [2012] Fam. Law 1073; (2012) 162 N.L.J. 844; Official Transcript; CA (Civ Div); 2012-05-31

A v B (Contact: Alternative Families)

[2012] EWCA Civ 285; [2012] 1 W.L.R. 3456; [2012] 2 F.L.R. 607; [2012] 1 F.C.R. 510; [2012] Fam. Law 644; Times, June 13, 2012; Official Transcript; CA (Civ Div); 2012-03-14

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[2011] 2 F.C.R. 650; (2011) 53 E.H.R.R. 20; 29 B.H.R.C. 396; [2010] Eq. L.R. 194; ECHR; 2010-06-24

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A (A Child) (Joint Residence: Parental Responsibility), Re

[2008] EWCA Civ 867; [2008] 2 F.L.R. 1593; [2008] 3 F.C.R. 107; [2008] Fam. Law 1006; Official Transcript; CA (Civ Div); 2008-07-30

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[2007] EWCA Civ 416; Times, May 22, 2007; Official Transcript; CA (Civ Div); 2007-04-03

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C (A Child) (Contact: Conduct of Hearings), Re

[2006] EWCA Civ 144; [2006] 2 F.L.R. 289; [2006] 1 F.C.R. 447; [2006] Fam. Law 525; Official Transcript; CA (Civ Div); 2006-01-27

Collier v Williams

[2006] EWCA Civ 20; [2006] 1 W.L.R. 1945; [2007] 1 All E.R. 991; [2006] C.P. Rep. 22; [2006] P.I.Q.R. P18; (2006) 103(7) L.S.G. 23; (2006) 150 S.J.L.B. 128; Times, February 3, 2006; Official Transcript; CA (Civ Div); 2006-01-25

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A (A Minor) (Contact Application: Grandparent), Re

[1995] 2 F.L.R. 153; [1996] 1 F.C.R. 467; [1995] Fam. Law 540; (1995) 159 J.P.N. 812; Times, March 6, 1995; CA (Civ Div); 1995-03-01

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Journal Articles

Lesbian couples and their families: harmony for the child, the women and the man

Civil partners; Contact orders; Same sex partners; Sperm donors.

Fam. Law 2014, 44(Jun), 851-857

Unclear intentions

Artificial insemination; Civil partners; Fathers; Parental contact; Parental responsibility; Sperm donors.

Fam. L.J. 2013, 128(Jul/Aug), 12-14

Lesbian co-parents still not real mothers

Artificial insemination; Children; Children's welfare; Fathers; Lesbianism; Mothers; Parents; Right to respect for private and family life; Same sex partners.

Fam. Law 2013, 43(Dec), 1581-1587

Children Act proceedings

Artificial insemination; Civil partners; Fathers; Parental contact; Parental responsibility; Parents; Sperm donors.

Fam. Law 2013, 43(May), 530-531

Lesbian parents and sperm donors: Re G and Re Z

Artificial insemination; Contact orders; Parents; Residence orders; Same sex partners; Sperm donors.

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Keeping in contact

Artificial insemination; Civil partners; Contact orders; Fathers; Same sex partners; Sperm donors.

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Chapter: Chapter 4 - Parenthood and Assisted Reproduction

Documents: Parenthood Determined by the Human Fertilisation and

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The Law Relating to Parent & Child in Scotland (SULI) 3rd Ed. Norrie

Chapter: Chapter 9 - The Section 11(7) Principles

Documents: The Welfare Principle

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