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# Purdue University Global
# IN402 - Modeling and Predictive Analysis
# Unit 8 Assignment / Module 5 Part 2 Competency Assessment
# Comparing Prescriptive and Predictive Analysis
# Jupyter Notebook Code
# Library imports
import sys
# Ignoring warnings
if not sys.warnoptions:
   import warnings
warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
import pulp
# Instantiate the problem class
model = pulp.LpProblem("Cost minimising blending problem", pulp.LpMinimize)
# Create decision variable lists
cookie types = ['low-fat', 'regular']
ingredients = ['peanut butter', 'eggs', 'sugar']
# Using pulp's LpVariable object's dictionary functionality,
# provide tuple indices to use them as keys for the ing weight
# dictionary of decision variables.
# create tuple indices
ing weight = pulp.LpVariable.dicts("weight lbs",
   ((i, j) for i in cookie types for j in ingredients),
   lowBound=0,
   cat='Continuous')
# Use lpSum vector calculation for the sub of a list of linear expressions.
# Calculate the sum of a list of linear expressions (objective function)
model+= (
  pulp.lpSum([
   4.32 * ing_weight[(i, 'peanut butter')]
   + 2.46 * ing_weight[(i, 'eggs')]
   + 1.86 * ing weight[(i, 'sugar')]
   for i in cookie types])
# Create an objective function
# Add constraints for 500 regular and 350 light patties at 0.05 of lbs.
model+= pulp.lpSum([ing_weight['low-fat', j] for j in ingredients]) == 350 * 0.05
model+= pulp.lpSum([ing weight['regular', j] for j in ingredients])== 500 * 0.05
# Low fat cookie has >= 40% peanut butter, regular >= 60%
model += ing weight['low-fat', 'peanut butter'] >= (
   0.4 * pulp.lpSum([ing weight['low-fat', j] for j in ingredients]))
model+= ing_weight['regular', 'peanut butter']>= (
   0.6 * pulp.lpSum([ing_weight['regular', j] for j in ingredients]))
# Cookies must be <= 25%
model += ing weight['low-fat', 'sugar'] <= (</pre>
   0.25 * pulp.lpSum([ing weight['low-fat', j] for j in ingredients]))
model+= ing_weight['regular', 'sugar']<= (</pre>
   0.25 * pulp.lpSum([ing weight['regular', j] for j in ingredients]))
# You have already bought 30 lbs of peanut butter, 20 lbs of eggs and 17 lbs of sugar.
model+= pulp.lpSum([ing_weight[i, 'peanut butter'] for i in cookie_types]) <= 30</pre>
model+= pulp.lpSum([ing weight[i, 'eggs'] for i in cookie types]) <= 20</pre>
model+= pulp.lpSum([ing_weight[i, 'sugar'] for i in cookie_types]) <= 17</pre>
# We have at least 23 lbs of peanut butter
model+= pulp.lpSum([ing_weight[i, 'peanut butter'] for i in cookie types]) >= 23
# Solve the problem / Show the model status
model.solve()
print("Model Status = ", pulp.LpStatus[model.status])
# ***** Status Codes *****
# OPTIMAL - Optimal solution exists and is found.
# INFEASIBLE - The problem has no feasible solution.
# UNBOUNDED - The cost function is unbounded.
# UNDEFINED - Feasible solution hasn't been found (but may exist).
# Not Solved - Is the default setting before a problem has been solved.
# Solve the problem - Show the model parameter results
for var in ing_weight:
   var value = ing weight[var].varValue
   print("The weight of {0} in {1} cookies is {2} lbs".format(var[1], var[0], var value))
# Calculate the total cost for 500 regular and 350 low-fat cookies.
total cost = pulp.value(model.objective)
print("The total cost is ${} for 350 low-fat cookies and 500 regular cookies". format( round(total_cost, 2)))
```