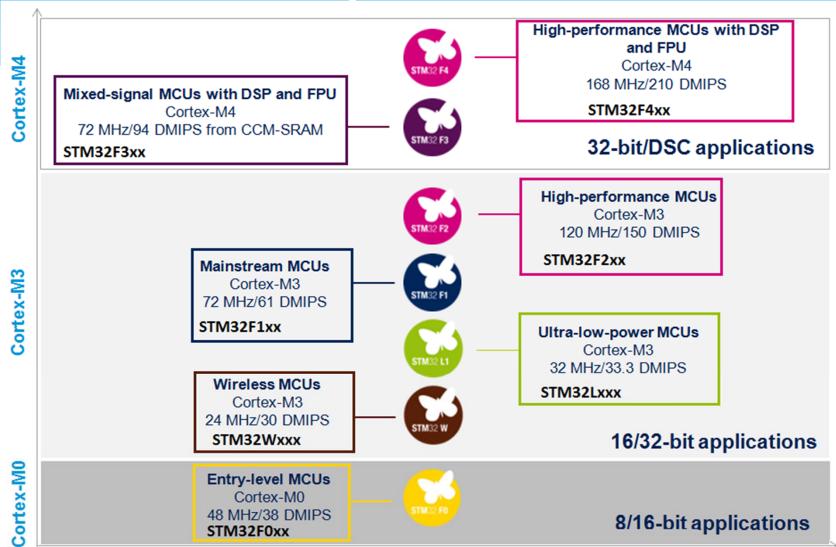


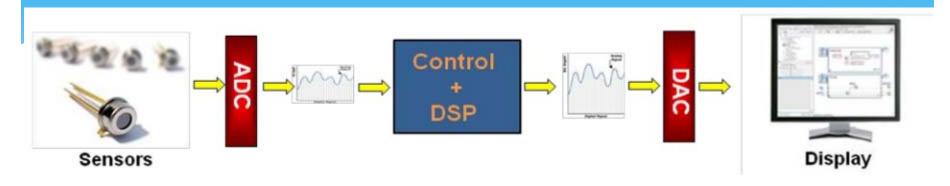
# STM32F3

Cuauhtémoc Carbajal ITESM CEM 12/08/2013

## STM32 Portfolio



# 32-bit/DSC Applications



A typical embedded system with both control and signal processing requirements



Digital Signal Controllers –efficient hybrid of MCU and DSP characteristics

## STM32 F3 series

- \* 32-bit MCUs with DSP instructions and FPU plus optimum analog integration to complement STM32 F1 and F4 series.
- \* The STM32 F3 series of microcontrollers combines a 32-bit ARM® Cortex™-M4 core with DSP and FPU instructions running at 72 MHz with advanced analog peripherals for more flexibility at a competitive cost.
- \* The STM32 F3 series innovates in embedded digital signal control (DSC) design by combining a Cortex-M4 core with fast 12-bit, 5 MSPS and precise 16-bit sigma-delta ADCs, programmable gain amplifiers, fast comparators and versatile time control units, giving optimum integration.

## STM32 F3 series

- \* The STM32 F3 series supports the STM32 F1 series, keeping pinout compatibility, and enlarges the STM32's Cortex-M4 portfolio, which now offers both entry-level cost with the F3 series and highest performance with the F4 series.
- \* The full STM32 portfolio now covers more than 350 devices.
- \* The STM32 F3 series includes devices with 64 to 256 Kbytes of on-chip Flash memory, and up to 48 Kbytes of SRAM. WLCSP66 (< 4.3 x 4.3 mm), LQPF48, LQFP64, LQFP100, UFBGA100 packages are available.

## STM32 F3 product lines

Cortex-M4 + FPU Fmax = 72 MHz

MPU PLL

ETM

Reset + BOR PVD

Low and high speed internal oscillators

2x watchdogs + RTC (real-time clock)

HW CRC

Reset circuitry POR/PDR

Multiple DMA

Communication peripherals USART, SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C

Multiple 16-bit timers

1x 32-bit timer

Temperature sensor Backup registers

#### STM32F302/303/313 lines

Up to Up to 8-Kbyt 256-Kbyte 40-Kbyte code Flash SRAM SRAN
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2x DAC 7x 12-bit comparator

4x 12-bit ADC 5 MSPS SAR

4x PGA

CAN 2.0B

USB 2.0 FS

2x16-bit AMC timer

#### STM32F372/373/383 lines

+

Up to 256-Kbyte Flash	Up to 32-Kbyte SRAM	3x 16-bit ΣΔ ADC	3x [ 12-
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DAC -bit 2x comparator

1x 12-bit ADC 1 MSPS SAR

CEC

CAN 2.0B

USB 2.0 FS

## STM32F3xx

#### System

Power supply 1.8 V regulator POR/PDR/PVD

Xtal oscillators 32 kHz + 4 to 32 MHz

Internal RC oscillators 40 kHz + 8 MHz

PLL

Clock control RTC/AWU

SysTick timer

2x watchdogs (independent and window)

36/.../88 I/0s\*

Cyclic redundancy check (CRC)

Touch-sensing controller 24 keys

#### Control

2x 16-bit (144 MHz) motor control PWM Synchronized AC timer\*

Up to 2x 32-bit timers Up to 9x 16-bit timers

Up to 3x 16-bit basic timers

ARM Cortex-M4 72 MHz

Developed by ARM

Floating point unit (FPU)

Nested vector interrupt controller (NVIC)

MPU JTAG/SW debug/ETM

AHB bus matrix

12-channel DMA

Up to 256-Kbyte Flash memory

Up to 40-Kbyte SRAM

Up to 8-Kbyte CCM code-SRAM\*

Up to 128 bytes backup data

#### Connectivity

3x SPI, up to 2x full duplex I<sup>2</sup>S\*

2x I2C

1x CAN 2.0B

1x USB 2.0 FS

Up to 5x USART/UART LIN, smartcard, IrDA, modem control CEC\*

#### Analog

Up to 3x 12-bit DAC

4x 12-bit ADC 5 MSPS - 39 channels\*

1x 16-bit ADC 1 MSPS - 16 channels\*

3x 16-bit ∑∆ ADC w/programmable gain\*

4x programmable gain amplifiers\*

Up to 7x comparators
Temperature sensor

## Features and benefits

Features	Benefits		
Performance			
72 MHz/62 DMIPS (from Flash) or 94 DMIPS (from CCM-SRAM*)	Boosted execution of control algorithms		
Cortex-M4 with single cycle DSP MAC and floating point unit	More features possible for your applications		
	Ease of use		
	Better code efficiency		
	Faster time to market		
	Elimination of scaling and saturation		
	Easier support for meta-language tools		
Real-time performance			
<ul> <li>CCM-SRAM* (core coupled memory): 8 Kbytes of SRAM mapped to the instruction bus; critical routines loaded in the 8-Kbyte CCM at startup can be completed at full speed with zero wait states, achieving 94 Dhrystone MIPS and CoreMark score 155 at 72 MHz</li> </ul>	More performance for critical routines with zero-wait state execution from safe CCM-SRAM		
<ul> <li>SRAM and CCM-SRAM with parity bit</li> </ul>			
32-bit, AHB bus matrix			
DMA controllers			
Memory protection unit (MPU)			
Outstanding power efficiency			
<ul> <li>Stop mode down to 5.1 μA typ</li> </ul>	Flexibility to reduce power consumption for applications requiring		
<ul> <li>RTC down to 0.5 μA typ in V<sub>ват</sub> mode</li> </ul>	advanced analog peripherals and low-power modes		
<ul> <li>2.0 to 3.6 V or 1.8 V +/-8% power supply range</li> </ul>	Running at low voltage or on a rechargeable battery		

## Features and benefits

Features	Benefits
Maximum integration	
Up to 256 Kbytes of on-chip Flash memory, up to 48 Kbytes of SRAM, reset circuit, internal RCs, PLLs, WLCSP package available	More features in space-constrained applications
Superior and innovative peripherals	
<ul> <li>Analog: 4x 12-bit ADC 5 MSPS* reaching 18 MSPS in interleaved mode, 3x 16-bit sigma-delta* ADC up to 50 KSPS, fast comparators* (50 ns), programmable gain amplifers* (4 gains, 1% accuracy), 12-bit DACs</li> <li>Up to 17 timers: 16 and 32 bits running up to 144 MHz*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Full set of integration features on chip resulting in simplified board designs and fewer external components</li> <li>BOM cost reduced</li> </ul>
Audio: simplex or full duplex I <sup>2</sup> S interfaces*	
<ul> <li>Up to 12 communication interfaces including 5x USART (9 Mbit/s), 3x SPI/I<sup>2</sup>S (18 Mbit/s), 2x I<sup>2</sup>C (1 MHz fast mode plus), CAN (1 Mbit/s), USB full speed</li> </ul>	
Consumer electronic control (CEC)*	
Cyclic redundancy check (CRC)	
RTC/AWU	
Capacitive touch sensing (24 keys)	
STM32 Compatibility	
Pin compatibility and same API for peripherals as F1 series	More than 350 Cortex-M based compatible STM32 devices
	More than 70 Cortex-M4 based compatible STM32 devices
	Digital signal processing (DSP) capability at competitive price

## ARM Cortex-M processors

- Forget traditional 8/16/32-bit classifications
  - Seamless architecture across all applications
  - Every product optimized for ultra low power and ease of use

Cortex-M0 Cortex-M3

Cortex-M4

"8/16-bit" applications

"16/32-bit" applications

"32-bit/DSC" applications

#### Binary and tool compatible









## What is Cortex-Mo?

### Cortex<sup>™</sup>-M0

Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller

Wake Up Interrupt Controller Interface

ARMv6-M

**CPU** 

AHB-lite Interface Data Watchpoint

Breakpoint

Debug Access Port

## What is Cortex-M3?

### Cortex<sup>™</sup>-M3

Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller

Wake Up Interrupt Controller Interface

ARMv7-M

#### **CPU**

Code Interface	
Memory Protection Unit SRAM & Peripheral Interface	Bus Matrix

Data Watchpoint Flash Patch & Breakpoint	Debug Access Port
ITM Trace	Serial Wire
ETM Trace	Viewer, Trace Port

## What is Cortex-M4?

### Cortex<sup>™</sup>-M4

Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller

Wake Up Interrupt Controller Interface

ARMv7E-M

CPU (with DSP Extensions)

**FPU** 

Code Interface	
Memory Protection Unit	Bus Matrix
SRAM & Peripheral	
Interface	

Data Watchpoint Flash Patch & Breakpoint	Debug Access Port
ITM Trace	Serial Wire
ETM Trace	Viewer, Trace Port

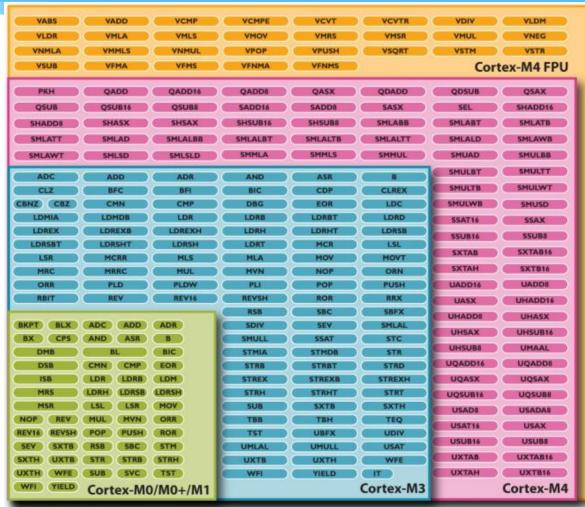
# Cortex-M Powerful & scalable instruction set

Ploating Point Unit

DSP (SIMD, fast MAC)

Advanced data processing
Bit field manipulations

General data processing I/O control tasks

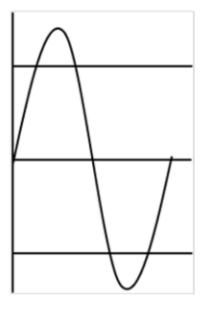


# ARM Cortex-M Instruction Set Arquitecture

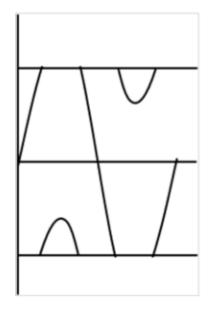
ARM Cortex-M	Thumb	Thumb-2	Hardware Multiply	Hardware Divide	Saturated Math	DSP Extensions	Floating Point	ARM Architecture	Core Architecture
Cortex-M0	Most	Subset	1 or 32 cycle	No	No	No	No	ARMv6-M	Von Neumann
Cortex-M0+	Most	Subset	1 or 32 cycle	No	No	No	No	ARMv6-M	Von Neumann
Cortex-M1	Most	Subset	3 or 33 cycle	No	No	No	No	ARMv6-M	Von Neumann
Cortex-M3	Entire	Entire	1 cycle	Yes	Yes	No	No	ARMv7-M	Harvard
Cortex-M4	Entire	Entire	1 cycle	Yes	Yes	Yes	Optional	ARMv7E-M	Harvard

# Processing with Saturation

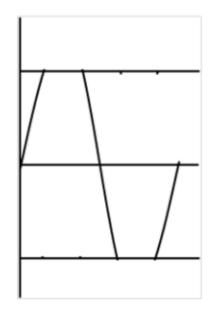
Signal



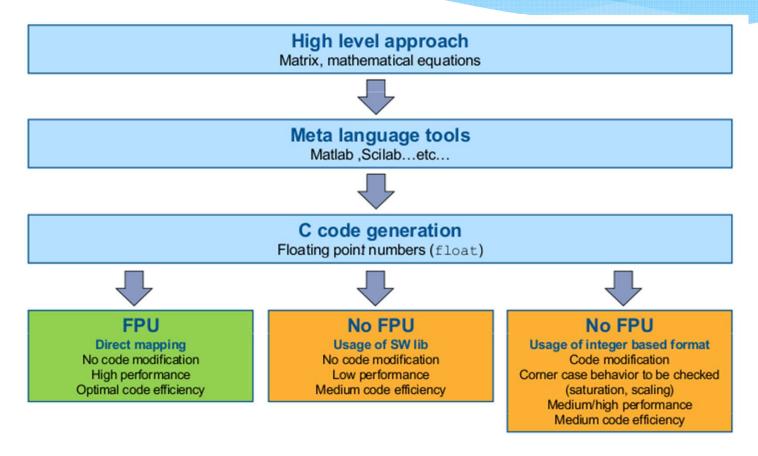
Processed without saturation



Processed with saturation

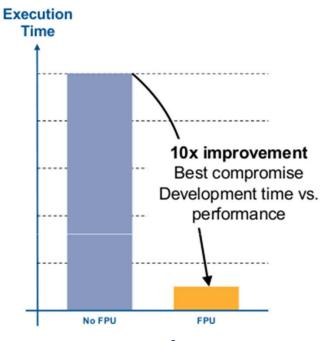


# FPU - Floating Point Unit benefits



# FPU - Floating Point Unit benefits

Time execution comparison for a 29 coefficient FIR on float 32 with and without FPU (CMSIS library)



# Microcontroller characteristics of the Cortex processor

#### RISC processor core

#### Thumb-2 technology

- High performance 32-bit CPU
- Deterministic operation
- Low latency 3-stage pipeline

- Optimal blend of 16/32-bit instructions
- Very high code density
- No compromise on performance

#### Low power modes

#### Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)

- Integrated sleep state support
- Multiple power domains
- Architected software control

- Low latency, low jitter interrupt response
- No need for assembly programming
- Interrupt service routines in pure C

#### Tools and RTOS support

#### CoreSight debug and trace

- Broad 3rd party tools support
- Cortex Microcontroller
   Software Interface Standard (CMSIS)
- Maximizes software effort reuse

- JTAG or 2-pin Serial Wire Debug (SWD) connection
- Support for multiple processors
- Support for real-time trace

# Signal processing characteristics of the Cortex

11	
Harvard	architecture

#### Single cycle 16,32-bit MAC

- 32-bit AHB-Lite interface for instruction fetches
- 32-bit AHB-Lite interface for data and debug accesses

- Wide range of MAC instructions
- Choice of 32 or 64 bit accumulatorInstructions execute in a single cycle

#### Single cycle SIMD arithmetic

#### Single cycle dual 16-bit MAC

- 4 parallel 8-bit adds or subtracts
- 2 parallel 16-bit adds or subtracts
- Instructions execute in a single cycle

- 2 parallel 16 bit MAC operations
- Choice of 32 or 64 bit accumulator
- Instructions execute in a single cycle

#### Floating point unit

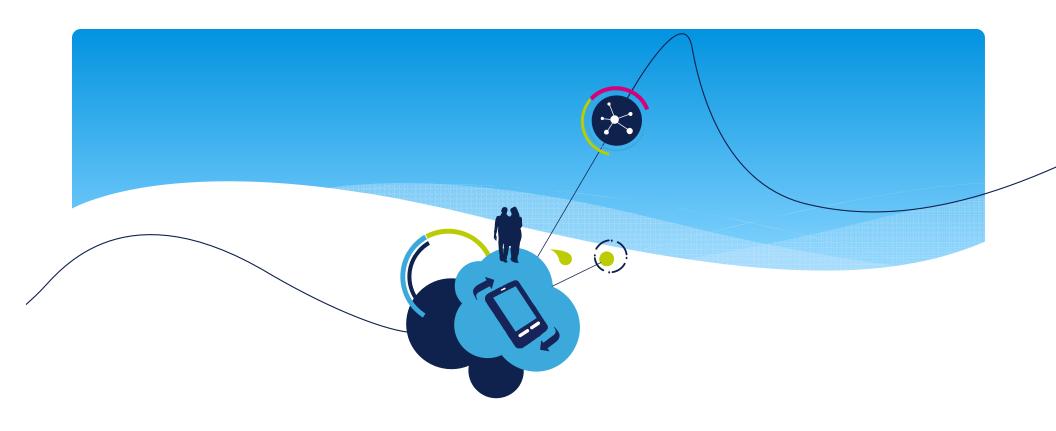
Others

- IEEE 754 standard compliant
- Single precision floating-point unit
- Fused MAC for higher precision

- Saturating math
- Barrel shifter

Cortex-M3/M4 Memory Map

				,
511MB Chip Vendor Specified Area 0xE0100000->0xFFFFFFF		System		ROM table External PPB
0.20100000 POXITITITI		Private Peripheral Bus - External	/ I	ETM
768KB			<u></u>	TPIU
Off-Core Private Peripherals 0xE0040000->0xE00FFFFF		Private Peripheral Bus - Internal		
256KB			\	Reserved
Core Private Peripherals 0XE0000000->0XE003FFFF		External Device		NVIC
			\	Reserved
1GB			\ [	FPB
External Peripherals 0XA0000000->DFFFFFF			\	DWT
				ITM
		External RAM		
1GB Off Chip RAM 0x60000000->0x9FFFFFF				Bit band alias
0.5GB Peripherals		Peripheral		Bit band region
0x40000000->5FFFFFF			<	
0.5GB On Chip RAM 0x20000000->3FFFFFF		SRAM		Bit band alias
0.5GB Code / Usually FLASH 0x00000000->0x1FFFFFF		Code		Bit band region
	,	24	-	



Great fit for applications

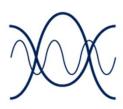
## Great fit for appliances





#### **Dual motor control and power-factor correction (PFC)**

- BOM reduction, thanks to complete analog integration on chip
- Board simplification





#### Advanced analog IP for efficient control and monitoring

- Fast comparators (50 ns)
- Op amps with 4 built in gains (PGA) with 1% accuracy
- 12-bit **DAC**
- **200** ns, 12-bit ADC with **39** channels (up to **18** MSPS in interleaved mode)





## Safety ready: optimized self-test routines for EN/IEC 60335-1 Class B

- Real-time hardware RAM parity check and 16-bit CRC for Flash-memory integrity checks
- CCM-SRAM with write protection
- Double watchdog system
- Memory protection unit (MPU)

## Great fit for consumer devices



#### Connectivity

- USB 2.0 full speed interface
- CEC with dual clock domain allows flexible wake-up and synchronization
- I'S interface with internal clock prescaler for entry-level audio



#### Advanced analog IP for accurate signal measurement

16-bit ΣΔ ADC with 11 differential input pairs or
 21 single-ended channels and built in amplifiers for biometric sensors

#### Easy interface with 1.8 V IC

 Application processors, for example – keeps ADC, DAC and CMP advanced analog 3.6 V excursion via dual-voltage domains on STM32 F3







Capacitive touch sensing: Touch-controller IP allows zero CPU load with charge transfer method
Supporting up to 24 keys and slider/
wheel capability

# Great fit for digital power



#### Solar inverters (microinverter topologies)

Use multiple PWM timers (clocked at 144 MHz -> 6.9 ns resolution) with ADCs and other analog peripherals





#### LED lighting (high-end)

 Use multiple PWM timers (clocked at 144 MHz), ADCs and other analog peripherals





#### Digital power conversion (entry-level digital power supplies)

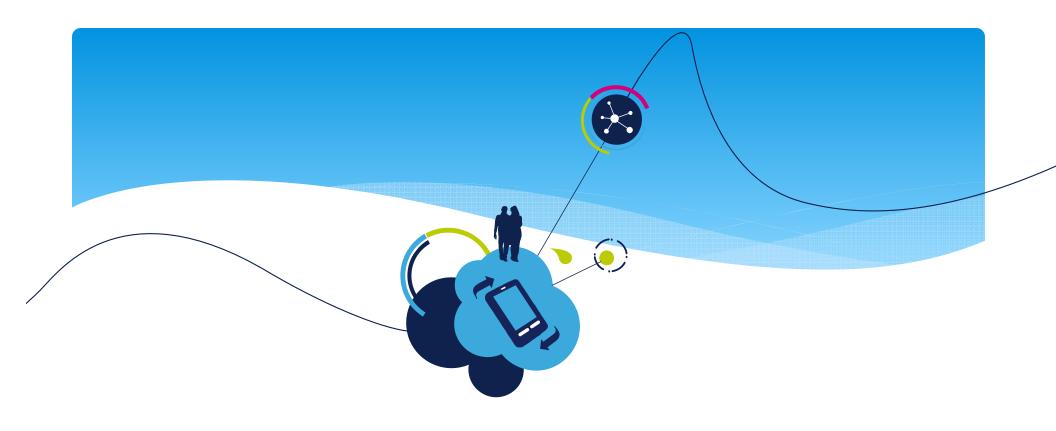
• 144 MHz timers, fast comparators and op amps, HW triggers to the four 5 MSPS ADCs





#### Metering

• 3x 16-bit ΣΔ ADCs with 11 differential input pairs or 21 singleended channels and built in amplifiers for current and/or voltage measurement



## **Tools and Software**

#### Extensive tools and SW

#### Evaluation board for full product feature evaluation

- Hardware evaluation platform for all interfaces
- Connection to all I/Os and all peripherals
- Discovery kit for cost-effective evaluation and prototyping



#### STM32303C-EVAL STM32373C-**EVAL**

Available in Q4-2012

(For any support before please contact our local ST office)



#### STM32F3DISCOVERY

Available End Q3-2012

(For any support before please contact our local ST office)

Large choice of IDE solutions from the STM32 and ARM ecosystem:





























## STM32 debug capabilities

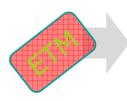


#### Standard Development & Test Tools

- Standard JTAG connection for debug and embedded memory programming
- Boundary Scan capability



- Optimized resources for in-situ debug
- Only 2 pins:
  - To program embedded memory
  - To run advanced debugging session with trace capability



- Advanced real time in-situ debugging
  - Data and instruction TRACE capability
  - Profiling and code coverage



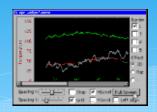


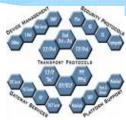
## Third Party Software Stacks and RTOS

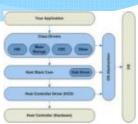
#### Choice of complete software solutions

- Real Time Operating Systems
- USB Host/OTG and Ethernet stacks
- Graphics libraries





























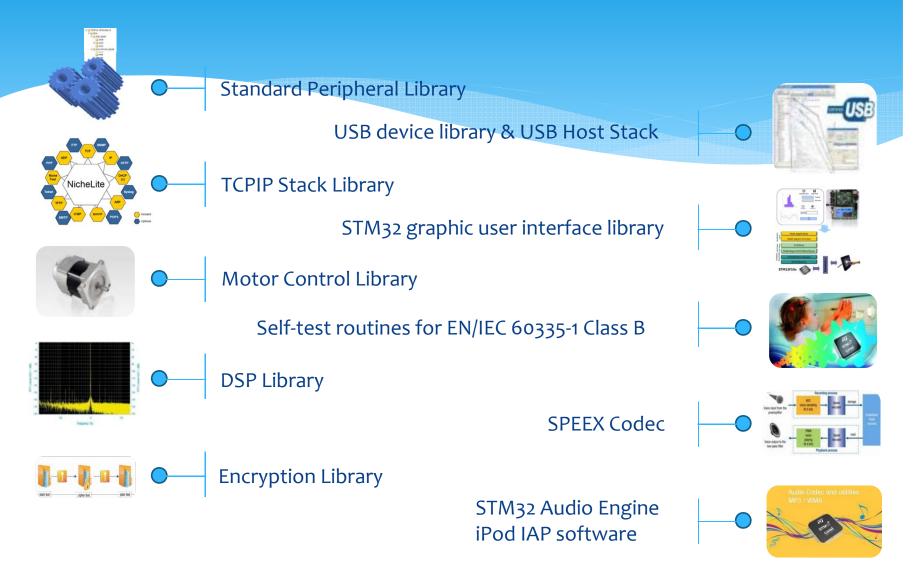








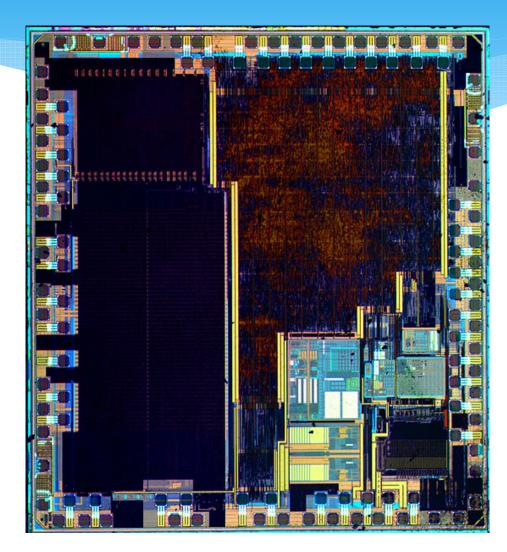
## Free software solutions from ST



# STM32F100C4T6B Die

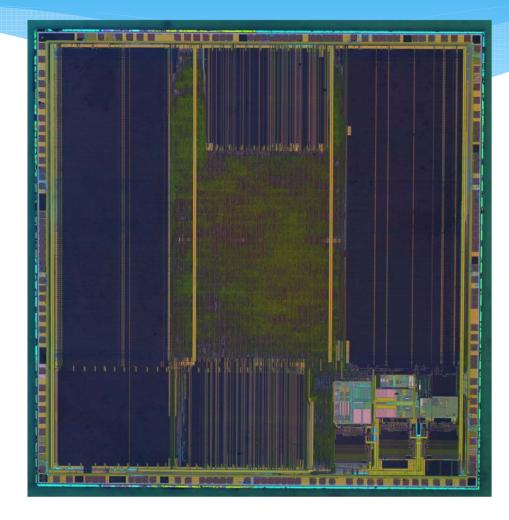
## ARM Cortex-M3 microcontroller with

- \* 16 kilobytes flash memory,
- \* 24 MHz Central Processing Unit (CPU),
- \* motor control and
- \* Consumer Electronics Control (CEC) functions



## STM32F103VGT6 Die

- \* STM32F103VGT6 is one of the largest STMicroelectronics's Cortex-M3 microcontrollers.
- \* 1Mb of flash and 96kb of SRAM consumes most of it's enormous 5339x5188 µm die.



# STM32 versus Arduino

	STM32VL Discovery	Arduino Uno	Arduino Mega 2560	Copper AVR32
Price	\$10	\$25	\$50	\$38
Processor	STM32F100 Cortex-M3	ATmega328P AVR	ATmega2560 AVR	AT32UC3B1256 AVR
Туре	32 bit	8 bit	8 bit	32 bit
Flash (KB)	128	32	256	256
EEPROM (KB)	0	1	4	О
RAM (KB)	8	2	8	32
Max Speed (MHz)	24	20	16	60
Voltage (V)	2.0 – 3.6	1.8 – 5.5	1.8 – 5.5	3.0 – 3.6
User I/O Pins	51	20	70	28
SPI channels	2	2	5	3
I2C channels	2	1	1	1
UART channels	3	1	4	2
ADC channels	16	8	16	6
DAC channels	2	0	0	О
USB	no	no	no	yes