### Laboratorio di Architetture e Programmazione dei Sistemi Elettronici Industriali

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### **Course organization**

- Hands-on session Lab1 Thursday 4.30pm-7pm
- Prof. Benini Friday 9am-11pm room 5.5
- Lab is available also Tuesday 3pm-5pm
- Exam Prof. Benini
  - Homeworks (weekly)
  - Final project
  - Final discussion (homeworks + final project)

### **Course organization**

- Is it possible to use either its own notebook or PCs available in the lab
- For questions (homeworks, final project, etc...):
  - http://groups.google.com/group/labarchunibo
- Every question / answer is forwarded to everyone who is subscribed to the group

### Groups and development boards

- Each group is composed by 2 people
- Each group is provided with a development board
- Please, register your group and your development kit:
  - http://goo.gl/KAGx0
- Boards are returned during the final discussion

## What you need

- PC with Windows (XP / Vista / 7 / 8 /...)
- Development board
- **USB** cable
- Keil uVision IDE for ARM

### Keil uVision IDE for ARM

#### Download and install MDK-ARM

Download the product from:

http://www.keil.com/arm/mdk.asp

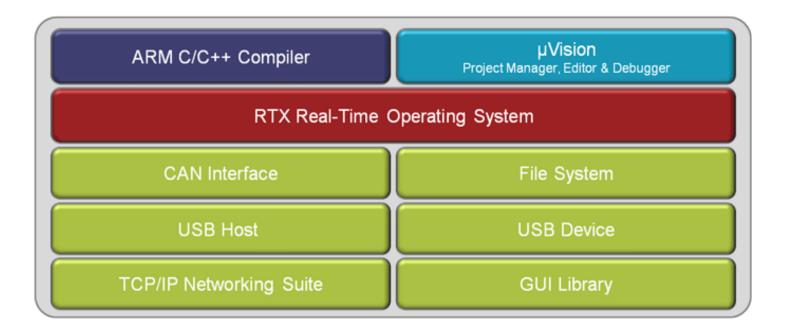
- Run the downloaded executable
- Follow the instructions displayed by the SETUP program
- Install ST-Link Driver and update ST-Link Firmware

#### Outline

- Keil Introduction
- Sample program
- Project Options
- Creation of New Project
- Compilation
- Code download
- Debug

#### Keil MDK-ARM

- The MDK-ARM is a complete software development environment for Cortex™-M, Cortex-R4, ARM7™ and ARM9™ processor-based devices.
- MDK-ARM is specifically designed for microcontroller applications, it is easy to learn and use, yet powerful enough for the most demanding embedded applications.



### Your First Porject

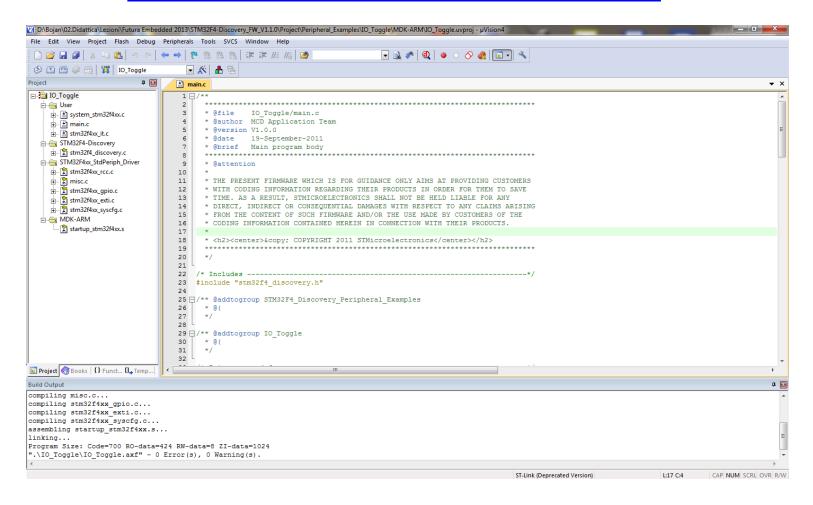
- Copy files from: http://.... (Usb Key)
- Unpack files
- navigate to directory:

..\stm32vldiscovery\_Examples and template\Project\Template\MDK-ARM

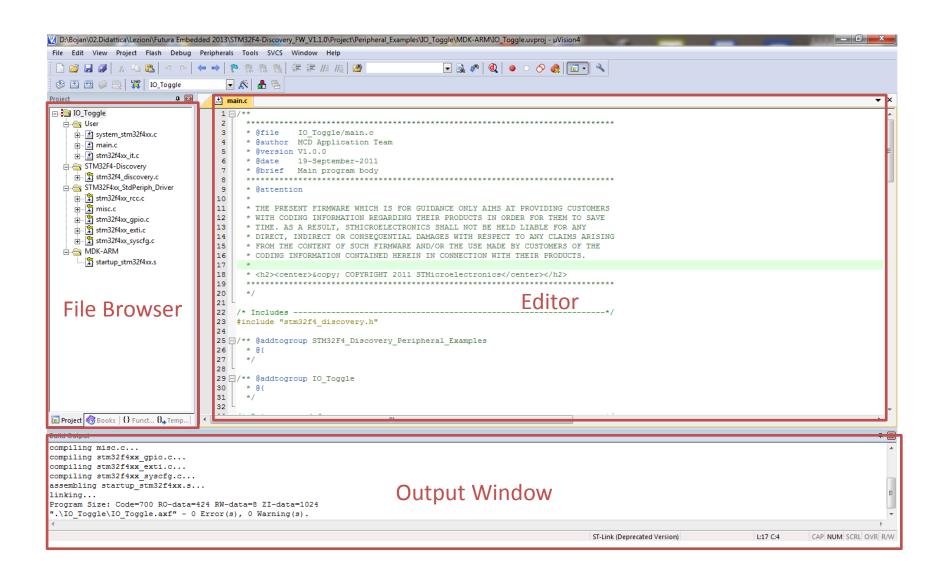
- Open file: DISCOVER.uvproj
- Keil uVision4 will open

#### uVision IDE

- Integrated Development Environment with MDK-ARM software environment and compiler
- Manual at: <a href="http://www.keil.com/product/brochures/uv4.pdf">http://www.keil.com/product/brochures/uv4.pdf</a>



#### uVision IDE



### uVision IDE – Project Files

Project files can be organized in groups for an easy menagment. This organization is independent of the actual files organization on the disk.

The code is usually organized in subgroups following the abstraction layers

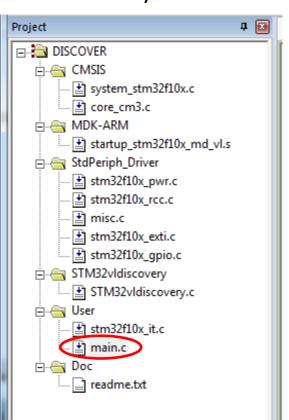
and libraries. In this example:

Core library CMSIS and MDK-ARM (startup and system)

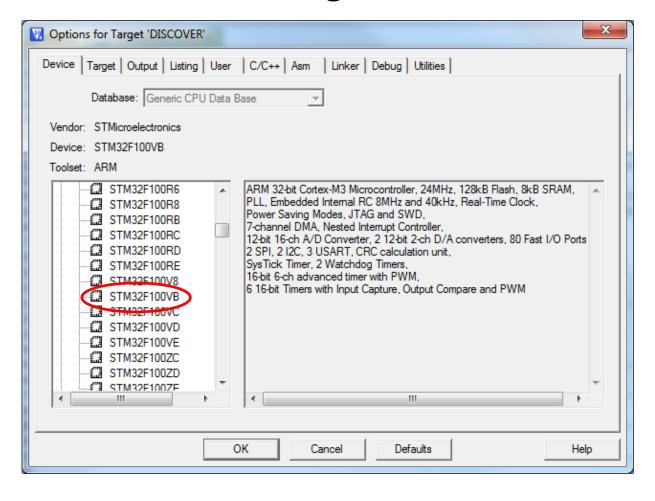
ST StdPeriph\_Driver library (on-chip devices init and use)

Discovery Library (on-board devices init and use)

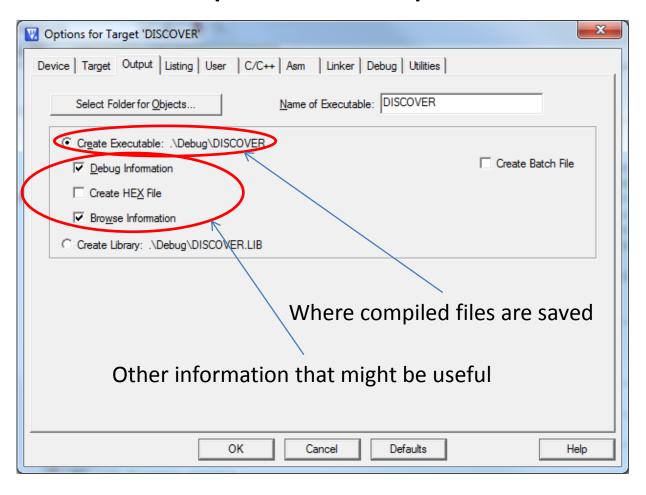
User code (main and all the application code)



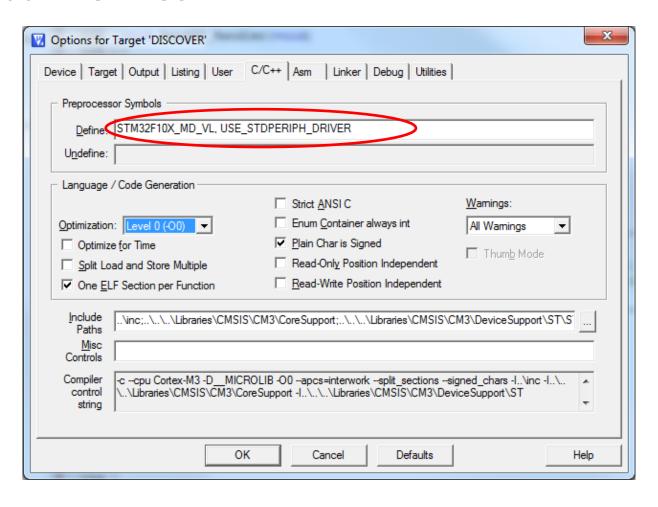
Choose the correct target



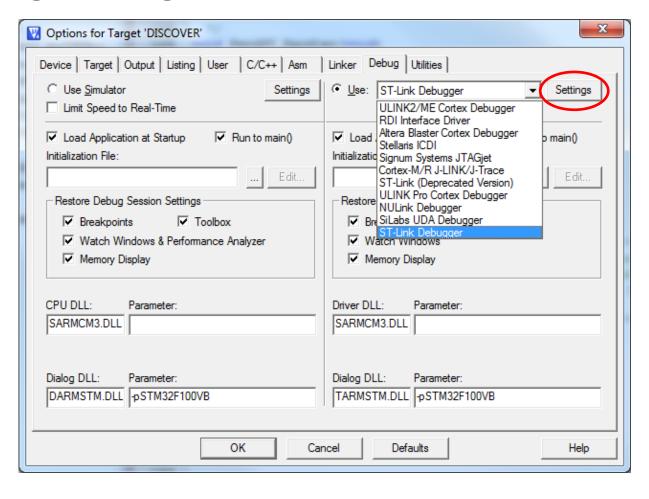
Choose the compilation output



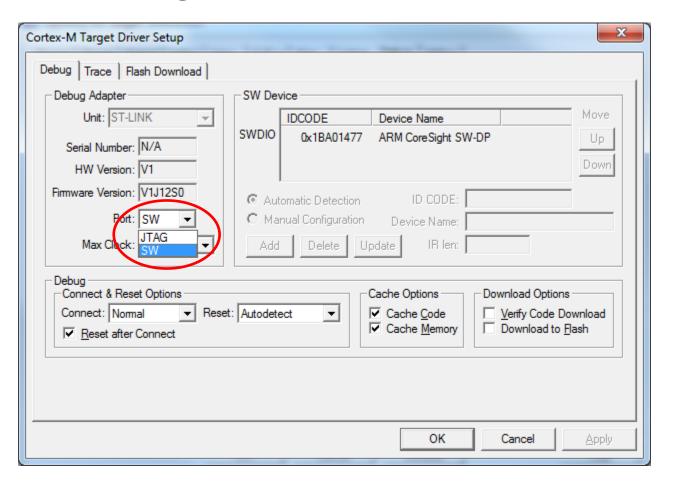
Global Defines



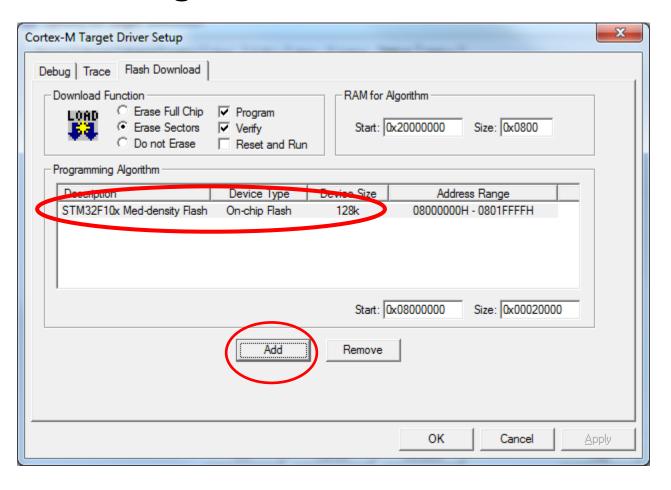
Debug Settings



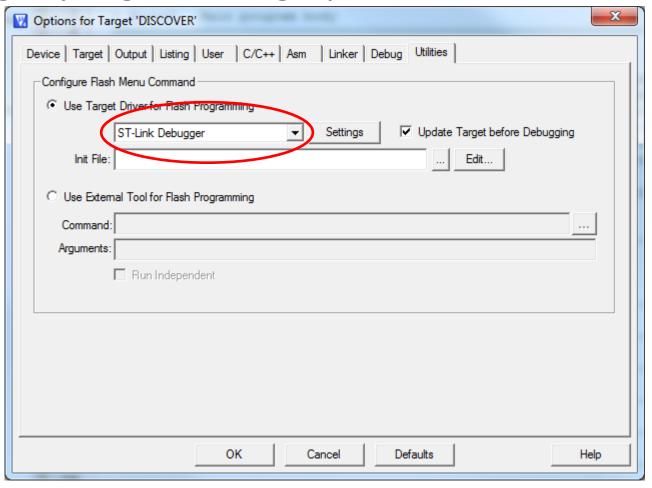
ST-LINK configuration



ST-LINK configuration



Target programming options

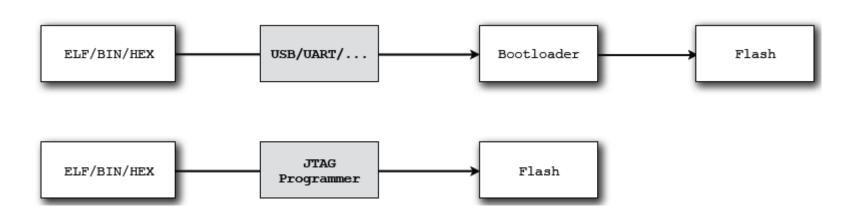


#### **JTAG**

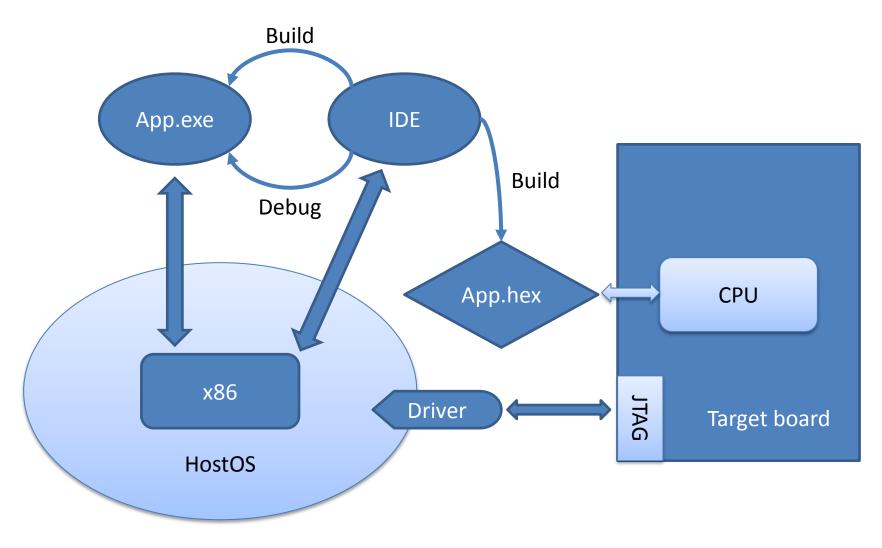
- Integrated Debug Circuitry / On-Chip Debug: every chip shipped contains the debug functionality. A serial communication channel is used to connect the debug circuitry to a host debugger
- Besides debugging, another application of JTAG is allowing device programmer to transfer data into iternal memory

## JTAG for programming

- To program a device we have two alternatives:
  - Using a USB / UART / ... connection in bootloadermode
  - Using JTAG and programmer to write flash memory

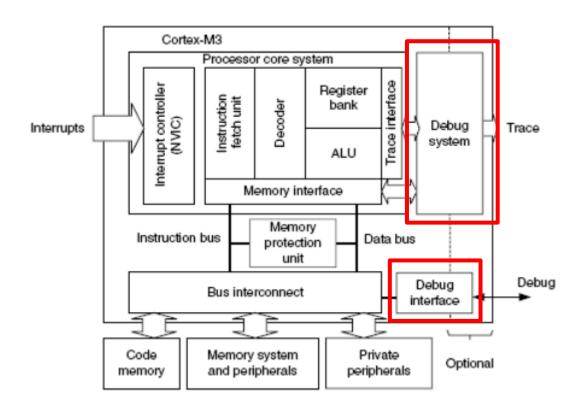


## JTAG for debugging



### JTAG for debugging

The HW debug support block is **within** the cortex-M3 core. The debug interface has access to the register bank, ALU, memory, etc ...

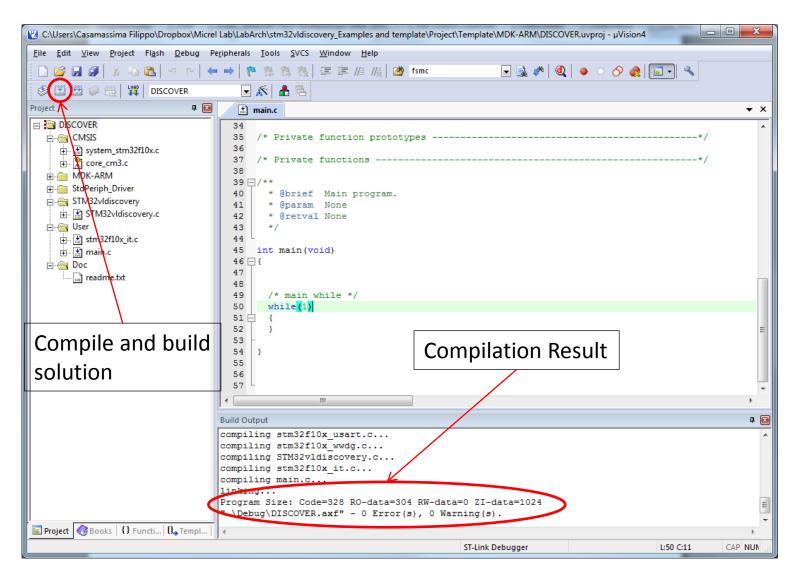


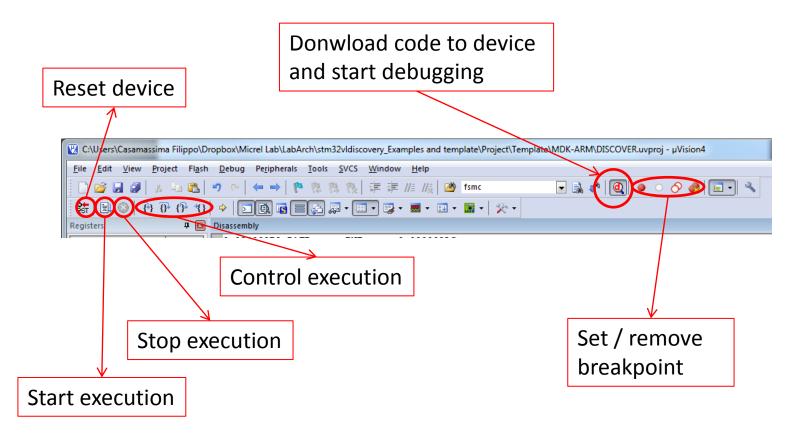
#### Write Your Code!

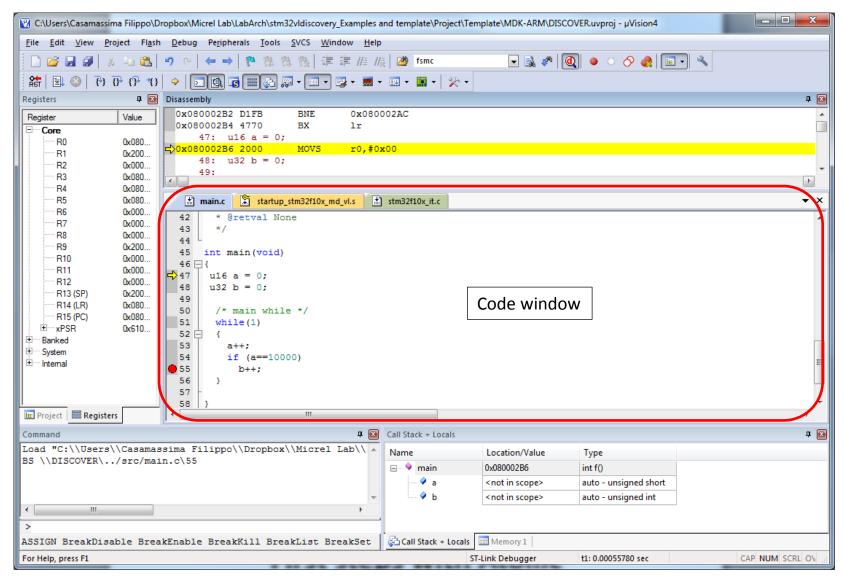
```
/* Private functions --
    #include "stm32F10x.h"
   #include "STM32vldiscovery.h"
40
41
42
   int SumValues(int add1, int add2);
43
44
45 - /**
     * @brief Main program.
47
      * @param None
48
      * @retval None
49
50
    int main(void)
52 □ {
53
     u16 count = 0:
54
     u32 b = 0:
55
     int c = 0:
56
     c = SumValues(5, 18);
     /* main while */
57
      while (1)
59 F
60
      count++;
61
      if (count==10000)
62
63
64
65
66
   SumValues(int add1, int add2) {
      volatile int sum result = 0;
68
69
      sum result = add1 + add2;
70
      return sum result;
71
72
```

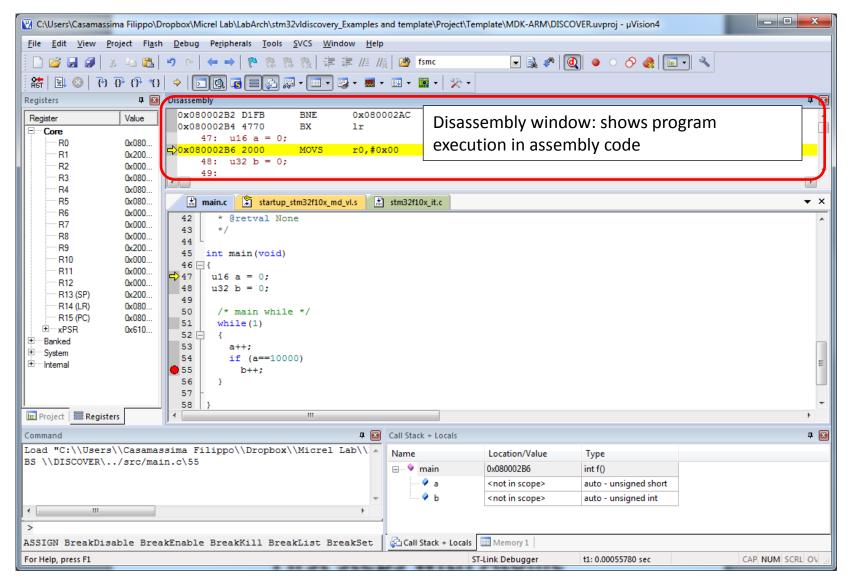
- In main.c write a simple function
- no printf, no getch

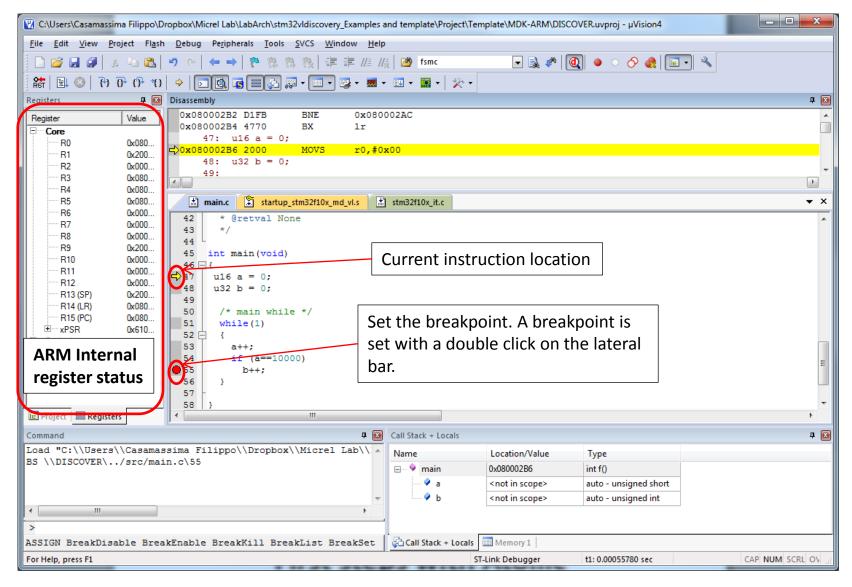
## **Code Compilation**

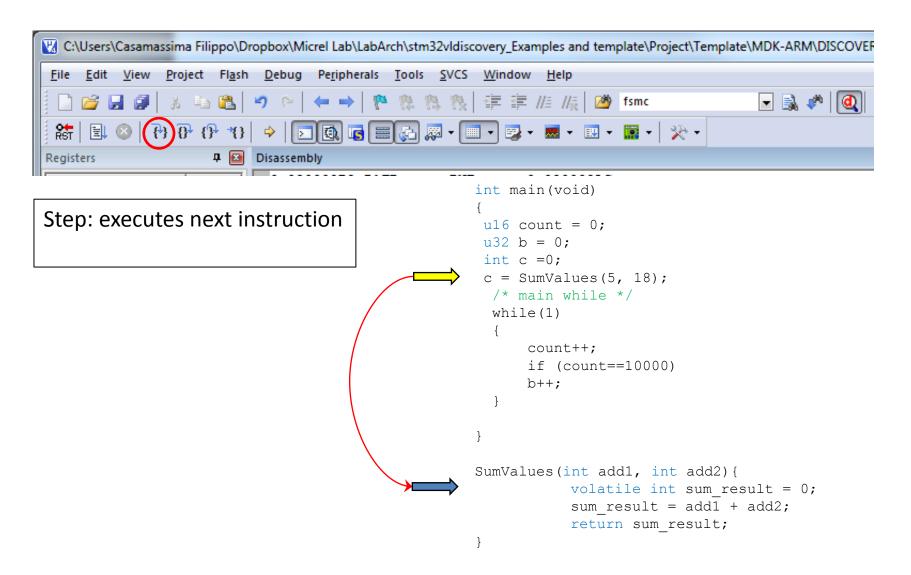


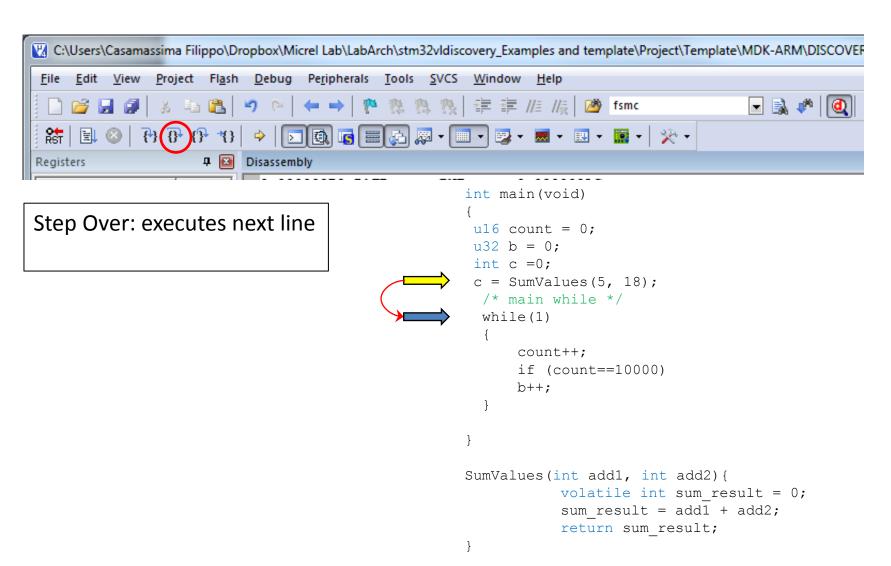


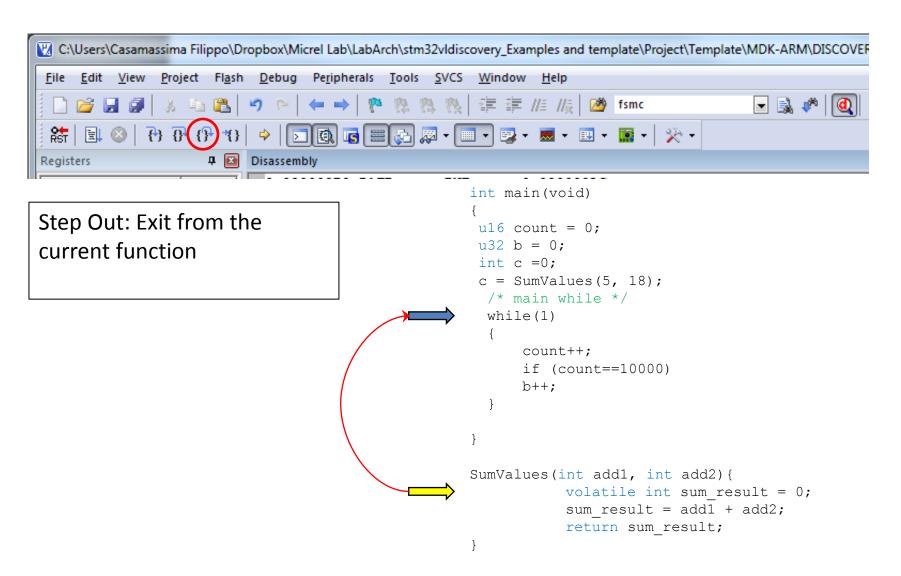


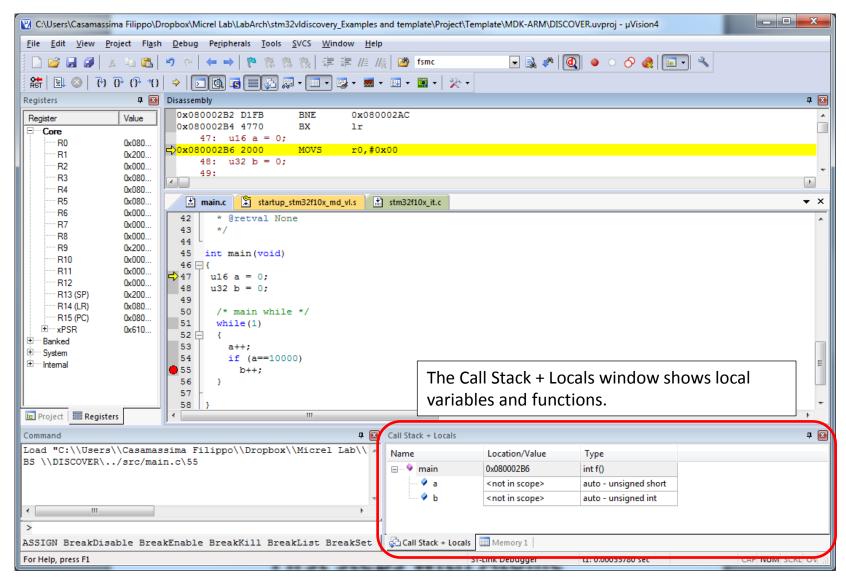


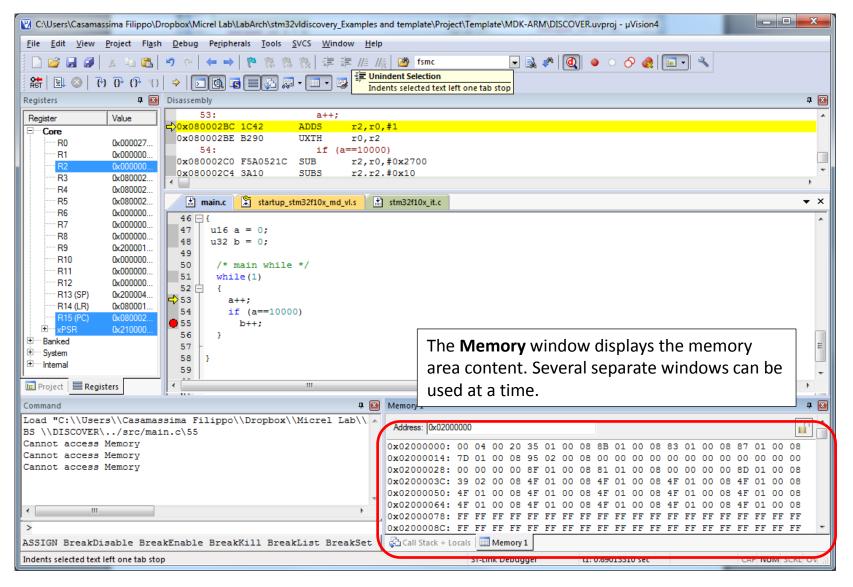


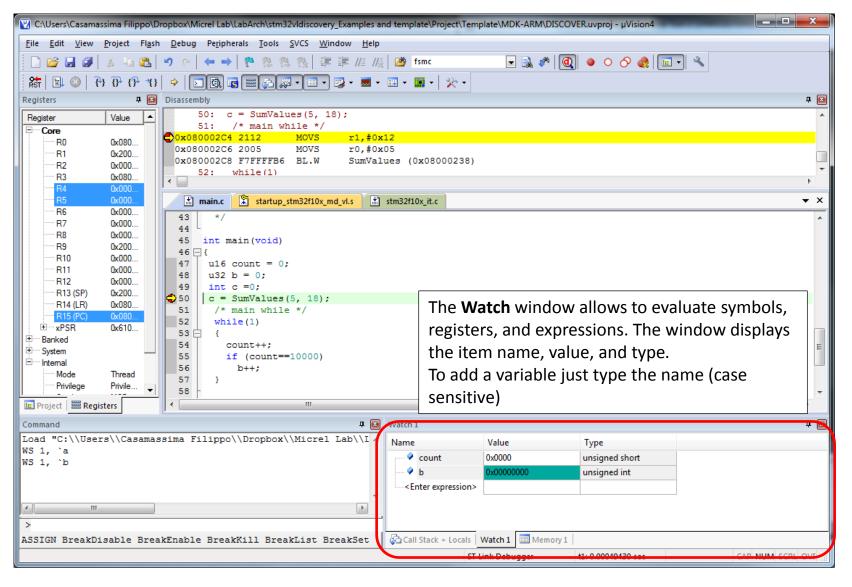


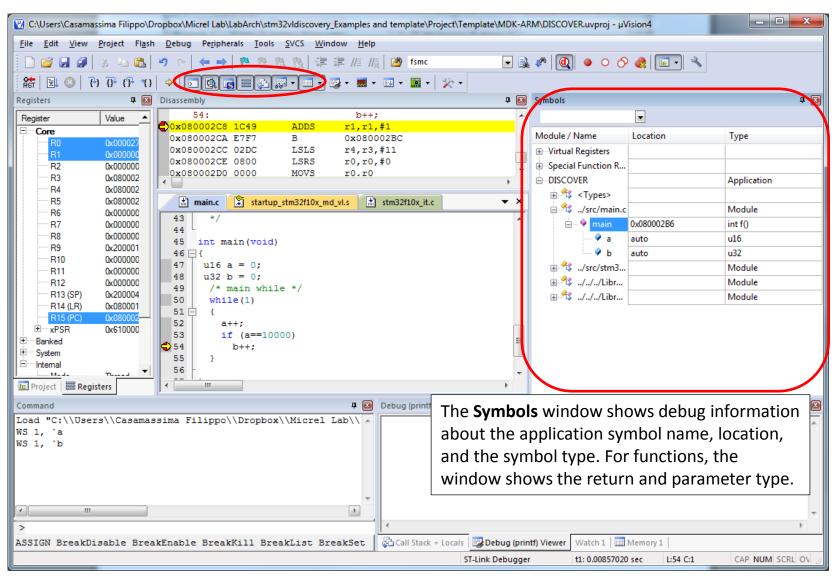












# Questions?