

NLP: Main Idea

- What is NLP?
 - Natural Language Processing
- Core Questions
 - How can we get a computer to understand speech and writing?
 - How can we get a computer to speak/write like a person?

NLP Applications

- How can we use NLP to our advantage?
- High-Level Applications
 - Language Translation (Google Translate)
 - Speech detection (Siri, SoundHound)
 - Sentiment Analysis (Kensho)
 - Plagiarism detector (turnitin)
 - Grammar/Spelling checking (gmail, microsoft word)
 - Construction/Generation (chat bots)

NLP Applications

- Lower Level Applications
 - Co-reference
 - Multiple words refer to the same subject
 - Ex: Ikhlaq, professor, he
 - Classification
 - Labeling input based on type/class
 - Morphological
 - Identifying different forms of a word
 - Ex: open, opened, opens, opening

NLTK

- What is NLTK?
 - Natural Language Toolkit
- Features
 - Sentence & word tokenization
 - Part of speech tagging
 - Chunking & named entity recognition
 - Text classification
- Resources
 - Corpora, large sets of organized data
 - Sources include: WSJ, twitter, Project Gutenberg, etc.

NLTK: Getting Started

- Install Python
 - https://www.python.org/downloads/
- Install NLTK
 - http://www.nltk.org/install.html
- Download Corpora (NLTK Data)
 - http://www.nltk.org/data.html



Using NLTK

- Basic Functions
 - words()
 - Partitions a text file into a list where each element in a word
 - sents()
 - Partions a text file into lists of words each list a sentence
 - sent_tokenize
 - Organize text into a list of sentences
 - word_tokenize
 - organize text into a list of words
 - pos_tag
 - tag part of speech for each word in a list

Sentence Tokenization

```
>>> from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
>>> sent_tokenize("Hello SF Python. This is NLTK.")
['Hello SF Python.', 'This is NLTK.']
```

>>> sent_tokenize("Hello, Mr. Anderson. We missed you!") ['Hello, Mr. Anderson.', 'We missed you!']



Using NLTK: sent_tokenize()

```
    sent_tokenize()

            Takes a single string as input
            Returns the string as a list of sentences

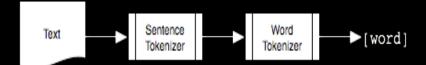
    >>> from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
    >>> bio = "Hello world! My name is Ikhlaq Sidhu."
    >>> sent_tokenize(bio)
['Hello world!', 'My name is Ikhlaq Sidhu.']
```

Word Tokenization

```
>>> from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
```

>>> word_tokenize('This is NLTK.')

['This', 'is', 'NLTK', '.']





Using NLTK: word_tokenize()

```
word_tokenize()

    Takes a single string as input

    Returns the string as a list of words

>>> from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
>>> bio = "Hello world! My name is Ikhlaq Sidhu."
>>> word_tokenize(bio)
['Hello', 'world', '!', 'My', 'name', 'is', 'Ikhlaq',
'Sidhu', '.']
```

What's a Word?

```
>>> word_tokenize("What's up?")
['What', "'s", 'up', '?']
>>> from nltk.tokenize import wordpunct_tokenize
>>> wordpunct_tokenize("What's up?")
['What', "'", 's', 'up', '?']
```

Learn More: http://text-processing.com/demo/tokenize/



Part-of-Speech Tagging

```
>>> words = word_tokenize("And now for something completely different")
>>> from nltk.tag import pos_tag
>>> pos_tag(words)
[('And', 'CC'), ('now', 'RB'), ('for', 'IN'), ('something', 'NN'), ('completely', 'RB'), ('different', 'JJ')]

Tags List:
http://www.ling.upenn.edu/courses/Fall_2003/ling001/pen
n_treebank_pos.html
```

Using NLTK: pos_tag()

```
pos_tag()

    Takes a list of words as input

   Returns a
>>> from nltk import pos_tag
>>> bio = "Hi my name is Ikhlaq"
>>> pos_tag(word_tokenize(bio))
[('Hi', 'NNP'), ('my', 'PRP$'), ('name', 'NN'), ('is', 'VBZ'), ('Ikhlaq', 'NNP')]
```



NLTK Data

- Organized into collections of written texts (corpora)
- Examples of NLTK Corpora
 - gutenberg (Project Gutenberg selections)
 - shakespeare (selection of Shakespeare's plays)
 - twitter_samples (samples of tweets)
 - brown (Brown University's collection of published works)
 - cmudict (Carnegie Mellon's dictionary of words/pronunciations)

End of Section

