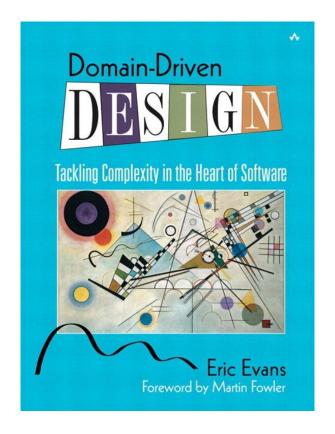
Container Bootcamp

Microservice Bounded Context



Domain-Driven Design

2004
Still very relevant
By Eric Evans



Free reference: http://domainlanguage.com/ddd/reference/

Domain Driven Design

- System decomposition along business domains
- Advantages
 - Better communication between business experts and developers
 - Business Experts do not have to grasp technical details
 - Congruence of business and technical model

Domain Driven Design

- Ubiquitous Language
- Common lingo for all business and technical staff
- Code / database / user should use the same terms

Entity

- Has its own identity i.e. customer
- Has its own lifecycle

Value Object

- Derive identity from their values
- Inherit lifecycle from Entities that reference it
- No identity on its own i.e. address
- Should be immutable

Aggregate

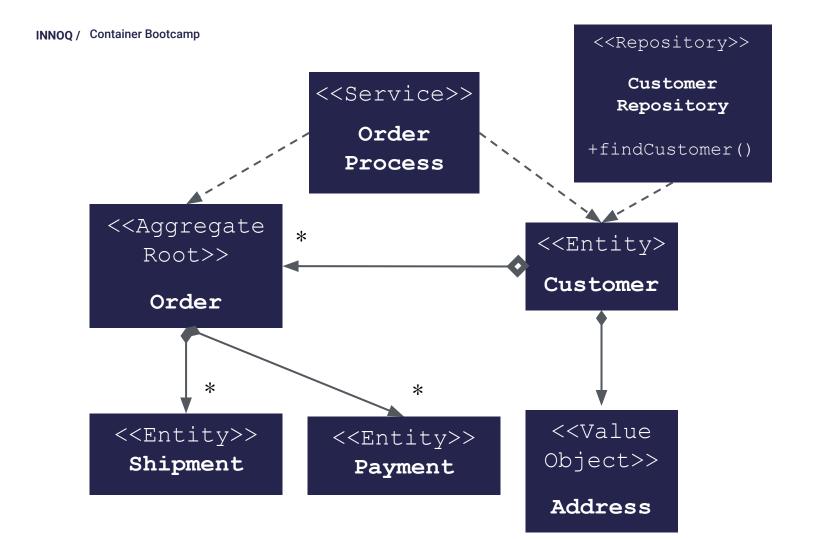
- Cluster of Entities or Value Objects
- Can enforce invariants and consistency
- Access only through the root (Entity)
- References only to the root
- Common lifecycle
- Example: Order (including order positions, addresses etc)

Service

- Process or transformation
- Not a natural responsibility of an Entity or Value Object
- Stateless

Repository

- Only for Aggregates that need global access
- Illusion of in-memory store
- Add & remove objects
- Queries based on criteria



Order Order # Shipping address Tracking # Items **Item Categories** Priority shipping Customs # Account # Credit card #

• • •

My Domain Model is a mess!

Order is the core of the business – should be possible to come up with a proper model!

Bounded Context

Domain model is only valid for one context

- There is no universal data model!
- See all failed SOA attempts

Tracking

Order

Shipping address

Tracking #

Priority shipping

Payment

Order

Account #

Credit card #

Order

Order #

Shipping address

Tracking #

Items

Item Categories

Priority shipping

Customs #

Account #

Credit card #

•••

Recommendations

Order

Item Categories

Customs

Order

Customs #

Integration: Strategic Design

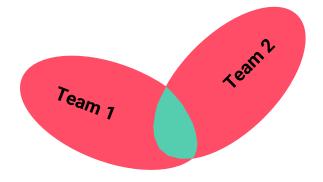
Strategic Design

- A domain model is only valid in a Bounded Context.
- A Bounded Context should be implemented in a deployable unit.

- How do Bounded Contexts relate to each other?
- Context can have relationships

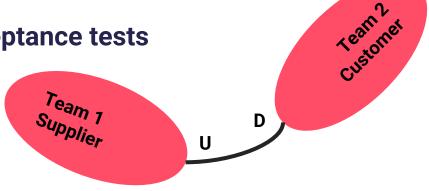
Shared Kernel

- Subset of a model
- ...that two teams share
- Including code and database
- Tests by both teams



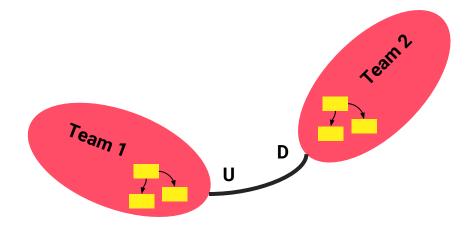
Customer / Supplier

- Upstream team provides model
- Downstream team = customer for upstream team
- Downstream team negotiates budgets and tasks
- Jointly develop automated acceptance tests



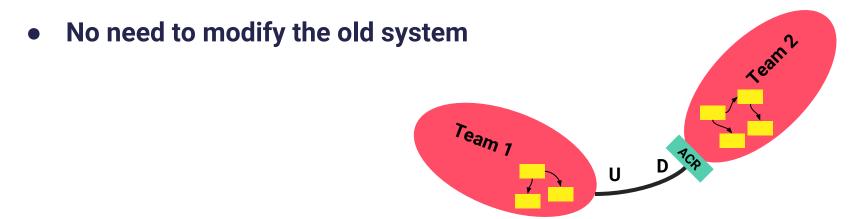
Conformist

- Follow the upstream team
- Simplifies integration
- Easier communication



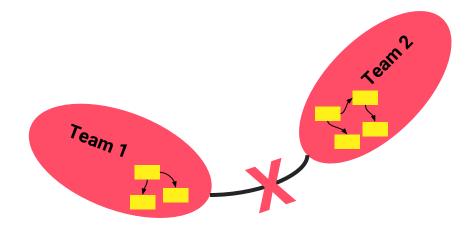
Anticorruption Layer

- Don't let e.g. a legacy model influence a new model
- Isolate model by additional layer



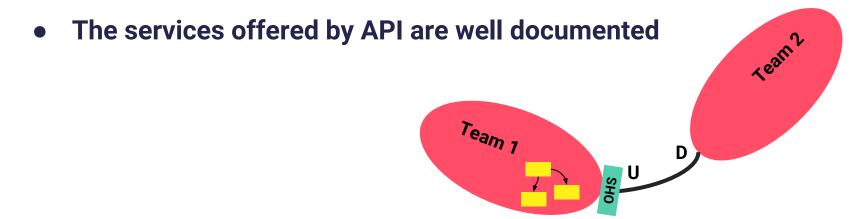
Separate Ways

- Bounded Context has no connection to the others
- Allows for simple, specialized solutions in a small scope



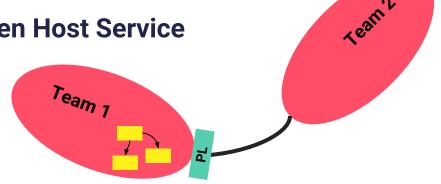
Open Host Service

- Define protocol or interface as a set of services
- Build integrations using the Services



Published Language

- Well-documented shared language (e.g. XML Schema, Avro)
- Accessible to anyone
- Can translate into and out of that language
- Not just used internally like Open Host Service



Context Relationships

- Team = Deployment Unit = Bounded Context
- Context Relationships define how Bounded Context are used...
- ...and how much teams need to collaborate

Coordination Effort

Shared Bounded Context

SHARED KERNEL

CUSTOMER / SUPPLIER

Published Language

OPEN HOST SERVICE

ANTICORRUPTION LAYER

Conformist

SEPARATE WAYS

Context Map

Context Map

- Show the different Bounded Context
- ...and the relation to each other

- Bounded Context might be Services
- ...or communication links

Registration

Basic Customer Data **Order Process**

Customer Order Data

> Customer Order Data

Customer Order Data

Delivery

Customer Order Data Basic Customer
Data +
Customer Order
Data
= Shared Kernel

Basic

Customer Data

Anticorruption Layer

Billing

Mainframe Customer Data

Large Scale Structure

- Ideas for the overall shape of the system
- Optional

- System Metaphor: For the overall system
- E.g. customer journey for E-commerce

Large Scale Structure

- Responsibility Layer: Upper layer may call lower layer
- Not technical
- i.e. Catalog -> Order Process -> Billing

- Evolving Order: Let the overall structure evolve
- ...as you learn about the domain

Bounded Context & Microservice

- Domain architecture important
- Influences organization (Conway's Law)
- ...and efficiency / communication
- Bounded Context helps to get it right
- Helps to define large-scale architecture, too