

Running system tests with active authn/z



The story starts with /well-known/security.txt

Talk objective

Make teams curious on diverting more effort into system testing with authn/z (and other security features) activated.

Active = Components running in "production mode", security features like authn/z not mocked or disabled

Why do we pursue this objective?

It will have an impact on mitigating well known security risks!

OWASP Top 10:2021 risks

- A01-Broken Access Control
- AO5-Security Misconfiguration
- A07-Identification and Authentication Failures
- A09-Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

OWASP API Top 10:2019 risks

- API1 Broken Object Level Authorization
- API2 Broken User Authentication
- API5 Broken Function Level Authorization
- API7 Security Misconfiguration
- API10 Insufficient Logging & Monitoring

Disclaimer

The more I learn about the topic at hand, the more I realize how complex it is. I am not an expert. Life is not simple. All solutions have trade-off's. There are always more than one solution. Context matters - a lot!

👗 There is no end state for application security, we just learn and improve 👃

Code examples is not production quality!!

Some patterns that are discussed are risky - be cautious
I recommend to threat model your test system!

Whoami

- Lars Kåre Skjørestad Lars will do just fine
- Software Developer
- Application Security Advocate in Equinor's AppSec Team
- Abusing computers since mid 80's
- Living at the west coast of Norway
- 1 wife, 3 grown-up kids
- Hobbies with too little time to pursue (besides coding), Gran Fondo cycling, fly-fishing
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Outline

- Observations
- Presenting our demo system
- Test principles Technical Challenges
- Exploring one potential solution
- Wrapping up
- Q&A

(I will share the link to slides and code)

Observations



Teams reports that

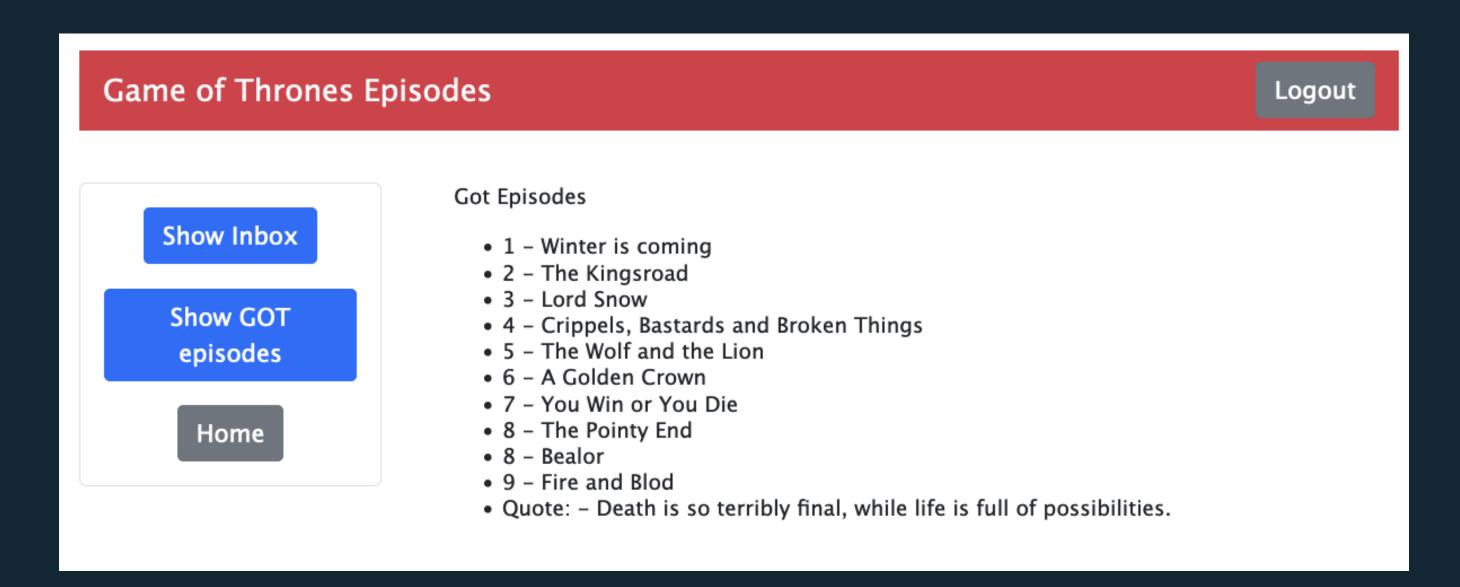
- 80%+ of test effort is spent on unit testing, very little on system testing.
- Authn/z are either mocked/stubbed or disabled when testing
- Security features are often disabled/mocked/stubbed
- We don't write security related tests
- We want to, and really should do, more integration/system testing
- System testing is hard and time consuming!
- System tests are perceived as fragile and hard to maintain.
- The challenges have multiple perspectives
 - technical personal skills/proficiency team compositions team capacity
 - and not the least team/company culture!

Presenting our demo system

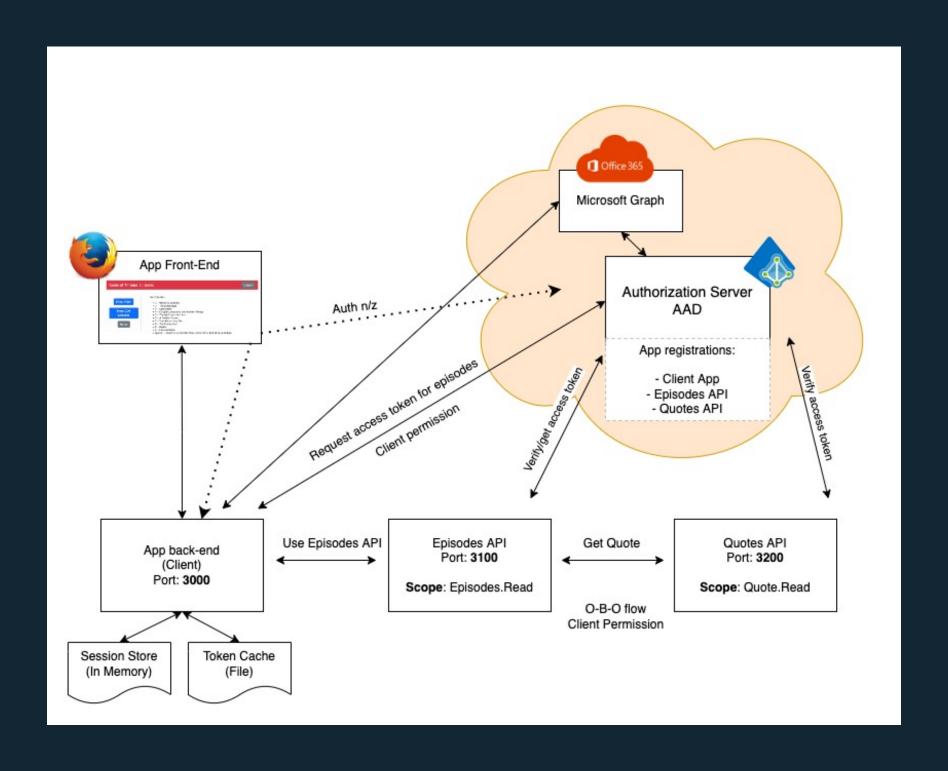


... context matters ...

The Application



System Components



We are using OICD and oAuth2 for authn/z
We are using the Microsoft Authentication Library (MSAL) in the client back-end
We are using a "backend for frontend" (BFF) pattern.
We will be using oAuth2 ROPC rather than Code Grant for the client login in test mode

The Feature we test

For our testing we are focusing on one specific use case; From the browser, log in a user and retrieve a list of Game of Thrones episodes.

The test will utilize most of the components our test system.

Further details are documented in our scenario documentation.

Test Principles -Technical Challenges



Test Principles

We could benefit from having a few principles to guide our testing.

A few selected could be:

- 1. We automate more or less all of our testing
- 2. Non-functional tests are as important as the functional ones (performance, usability, reliability, security)
- 3. Don't test in production
- 4. Use synthetic test data
- 5. Running code should not know that it's under test
- 6. Testing should not involve components that we don't control/own

The list is by no means exhaustive. Teams should have their own list!

Technical challenges

- We must do a login through the browser (to create a valid session)
 - This comes with many issues on it's own.
 - Handing over authentication to a different site will typically break many web drivers.
- There are no tokens in the browser, we must utilize the backend (BFF pattern).
- Could we acquire tokens in the tests and manipulate the token cache?
- Could we mess around with the session objects in the back-end?
- Corporate environments:
 - Users have MFA, makes login automation more or less impossible...
 - Should we even use our "prod" Azure AD (AAD) for testing (ref principles)?
 Creating test users, test objects etc ...
- Could we mock Azure AD with an "oAuth2 Mock Server" component?

Additional considerations:

The choices we make should, as far as possible, not disable the security features of our system!

We would like to develop as little as possible of "test supporting code"

A more elaborate discussion is available.

Time to make some decisions

... all choices have trade-off's, we try to balance risk/impact/cost, and we acknowledge the life cycle of both system code and test code ...

We decide to:

- use the MS O365 developer program to acquire separate Azure/AAD test environment ... and thus use a component that we do not control
- create synthetic test users without MFA to support automated tests
- let our client component "know" that's its under test
 - The "test footprint" should be as little as possible
 - If in test, we use a different flow (ROPC) to login and get the initial tokens
- use Docker and docker-compose to build and serve the system infrastructure
- drive the test from the browser and from the perspective of the end-user.
 - For this we use Cypress

The system tests must be fully automated and be able to execute in a pipeline.

Exploring one potential solution



Running the application

- We are putting the system components into containers
- We have created Azure AD objects for the components
- We user Docker-compose to run the application

Demo of running application.

Testing in "private" mode, discussing some of the testing challenges

Putting the system in test mode

- We use the NODE_ENV environment variable to tell the system it is under test
- When testing, we switch from the oAuth2 Auth Code flow to ROPC
- We provide user name/pwd from the back-end as config params.

Demo of running application in test mode

Exploring the test mode code and the login

Running the test

We use Cypress to drive the tests

Demo of Cypress running the test (gui and headless)

Exploring developing tests

Bringing it all together

- We use docker-compose to
 - Start the system components
 - Put the system under test
 - Run headless tests in Cypress
 - Use exit-code from Cypress for further actions

```
./source ~/path-to-my-env-file/pawa-compose.env
export NODE_ENV=test
docker-compose up --abort-on-container-exit --exit-code-from cypress
```



Wrapping up

Current status

For our "complex and modern system" we now have:

- A fully automation system test scenario
- A fully synthetic test environment
- System tests with active Authn/z
- System tests with most security controls activated (!https)
- We have very little test support code

We have broken a few principles to reach this state - the trade-offs could be acceptable?

Again, a threat modeling exercise on the test system would be smart.

What could possibly go wrong

Talk objective

Make teams curious on diverting more effort into system testing with authn/z (and other security features) activated.

It is hard, and not only a technical challenge

- but it is doable - and imho necessary ...



Thank You

I am larskaare @ linkedIn, twitter, github and @infosec.exchange (***)

Visit appsec.equinor.com to meet the AppSec team and learn more about what we do.

We sharing and learning.

Slides and code are available at https://github.com/larskaare/pawa-system-testing

