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CT II

Probabilidade II

①  $3 + 2 = 5$  lâmpadas, preciso escolher 3

$$\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot P_3$$

alternativa "B"

$$\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3!}{2!} = \frac{12}{60} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot \cancel{2!}}{\cancel{2!}} = \frac{36}{60} = \frac{3}{5}$$

02) 2 dados = 6.6 = 36  
 $n(S) = 36$

$A = \{\text{somma } 3\} = \{(1, 2), (2, 1)\}$ ,  $n(A) = 2$

$B = \{\text{somma } 6\} = \{(1, 5), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 2), (5, 1)\}$ ,  $n(B) = 5$

$A \cup B = \{\text{somma } 3 \text{ e } \text{somma } 6\} = \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (1, 5), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 2), (5, 1)\}$ ,  $n(A \cup B) = 7$

alternativa "C"

$P = \frac{7}{36}$
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$$\textcircled{03} \quad P(A \cap B) = ?$$

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$100\% = 95\% + 8\% - P(A \cap B)$$

$$100\% = 103\% - P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = 103\% - 100\%$$

$$P(A \cap B) = 3\%$$



04 (2,5), (5,2), (4,5), (5,4), (5,6), (6,5), (5,8), (8,5) -  
P8

$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{100} = \frac{19}{100}$$

$$\frac{19}{100} + \frac{8}{100} - \frac{27}{100} = 27\%$$

$$\frac{8}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$100\% - 27\% = 73\%$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 7! \cdot \frac{4!}{10!} = 7! \cdot \frac{4!}{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4!} = \frac{7!}{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5} = \frac{7!}{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 5} =$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8} = \frac{24}{720} = \frac{1}{30} \quad \boxed{\text{alternativa "C"}}$$

$$\textcircled{6} P_{q1} + P_{q2} + P_{q3} + P_{q4} = 1 + 3 + 3 + 1 = 8 \text{ possibilidades.}$$

$$p_{q1} = \frac{1^2}{8} \quad p_{q2} = \frac{3^2}{8} \quad p_{q3} = \frac{3^2}{8} \quad p_{q4} = \frac{1^2}{8}$$

$$\frac{1 \cdot 1}{8 \cdot 8} = \frac{1}{64} \quad \frac{3 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 8} = \frac{9}{64} \quad \frac{3 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 8} = \frac{9}{64} \quad \frac{1 \cdot 1}{8 \cdot 8} = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$\frac{1}{64} + \frac{9}{64} + \frac{9}{64} + \frac{1}{64} = \frac{20}{64} = \frac{5}{16}$$

alternativa "D"

$$(07) C_{10,2} = \frac{10 \cdot 9!}{2! \cdot 1!} = \frac{5 \cdot 9}{1} = 45 \text{ casos possíveis.}$$

$$n(A) = \{\text{comprei dia 5}\} = \{6, 7, 11, 12, 14\}, n(A) = 5.$$

$$n(b) = \{\text{comprei dia 10}\} = \{11, 12, 14\}, n(b) = 3.$$

$$n(c) = \{\text{comprei dia 13}\} = \{14\}, n(c) = 1$$

$$5 + 3 + 1 = 9$$

$$P = \frac{9}{45} = \frac{1}{5} //$$

Alternativa "C"



$$\textcircled{8} \{ (2, 3), (3, 2) \} = P_2$$

alternativa "D"

9 n. total

$$\frac{2}{9}$$

$$\textcircled{09} \quad C_{6,3} = \frac{6!}{3!} = \frac{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4!}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2}{1} = 20$$

$$P = \frac{12^2}{20^2} = \frac{6^2}{10^2} = \frac{3}{5}$$