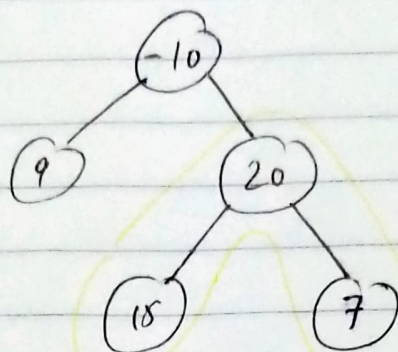


## 124: Binary Tree Maximum Path Sum

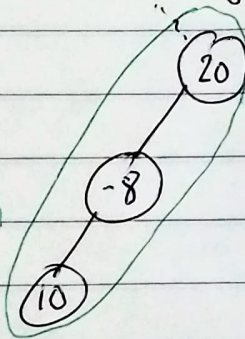


$\Rightarrow 20 + 15 + 7 = 42$   
maximum sum in continuous path.

→ Nodes can have -ve numbers

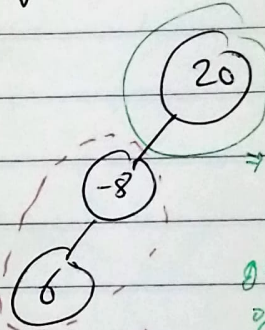
→ If a path contain -ve nodes and if they don't add any value then they can be ignored.

Here -8 can be part of the path as total sum would be 22



can be ignored

→ Here choosing -8 and 6 gives total sum of 18.



### Four cases

→ (1) path involves only left ~~child~~ side

(2) path involves only right side.

(3) path includes both left and right

(4) path only involves root node (i.e both left and right side yield -ve sums)

(Post-order traversal)

```
def func(root root)
```

```
    max_sum = 0
```

```
    def gain_from_subtree(root):
```

```
        if not root: return 0
```

```
        left_gain = max(gain_from_subtree(root.left), 0)
```

```
        right_gain = max(gain_from_subtree(root.right), 0)
```

```
        max_path = max(max_sum, left_gain + right_gain + root.val)
```

```
        return max(left_gain + root.val, right_gain + root.val)
```

code is very simple