

PRESS RELEASE — Testable Unified Theory of Everything

Ricardo Maldonado presents a brane-world framework in which the early universe obeys a modified expansion law with a ρ^2 term and a dark-radiation component. One parameter (the brane tension λ) sets a gravitational-wave spectral break and correlates with ΔN_{eff} . The same λ must jointly fit pulsar-timing arrays (now) and LISA (next) while respecting CMB/BBN bounds—making the theory immediately falsifiable. The late-time/weak-field limit reduces to standard General Relativity.

Contact: Ricardo Maldonado — sales@rank.vegas

Prepared: Aug 13, 2025 (UTC)

Letter: Testable brane-world unification with early-time ρ^2 and dark radiation

Ricardo Maldonado (corresponding: sales@rank.vegas)

Abstract

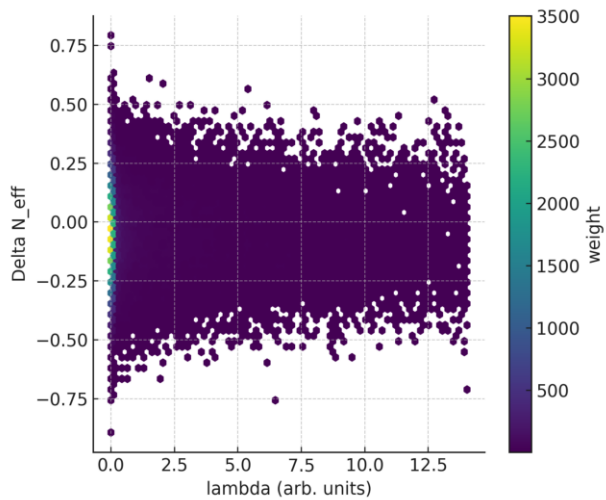
We derive a four-dimensional effective cosmology exhibiting a ρ^2 correction and a dark-radiation term. A single parameter—the brane tension λ —sets a gravitational-wave spectral break $f_{\text{br}}\propto\lambda^{\{1/4\}}$ and correlates with ΔN_{eff} . Using the NANOGrav 15-yr KDE spectrum with a Planck-2018 N_{eff} prior, we present posteriors and a PTA→LISA context. The framework reduces to GR at late times and is falsifiable by a joint PTA + CMB/BBN consistency test.

$$f_{\text{br}}(\lambda) \propto \lambda^{1/4}, \quad C/\rho_{Y,0} = \frac{7}{8} \left(\frac{4}{11}\right)^{4/3} \Delta N_{\text{eff}}$$

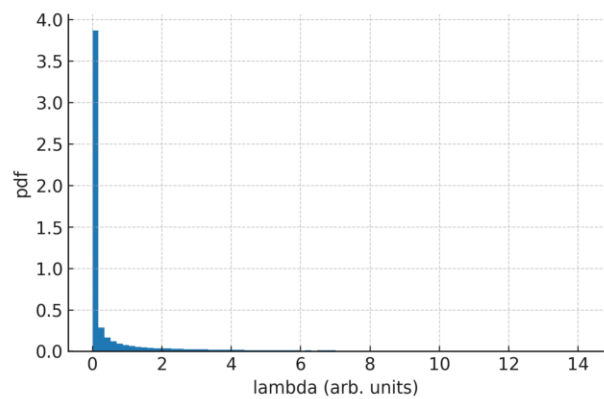
A higher-D brane setup yields a 4-D Friedmann equation with a ρ^2 term and a dark-radiation piece. A single parameter λ fixes the GW spectral break and correlates with ΔN_{eff} ; one λ must jointly fit PTA→LISA and CMB/BBN.

Data/prior: Official NANOGrav 15-yr KDE spectrum (CSV) + Planck-2018 prior on N_{eff} = 2.99 ± 0.17 (with BAO).

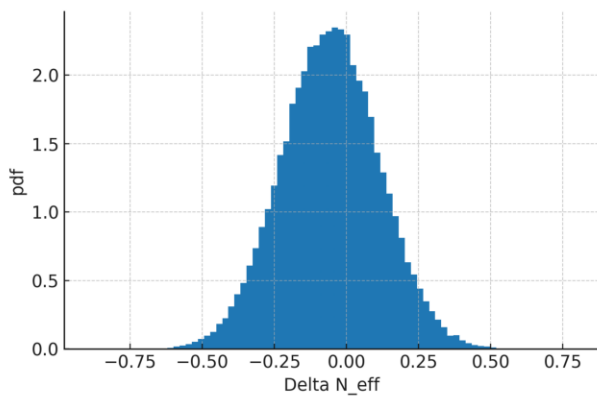
Posterior: λ vs ΔN_{eff}



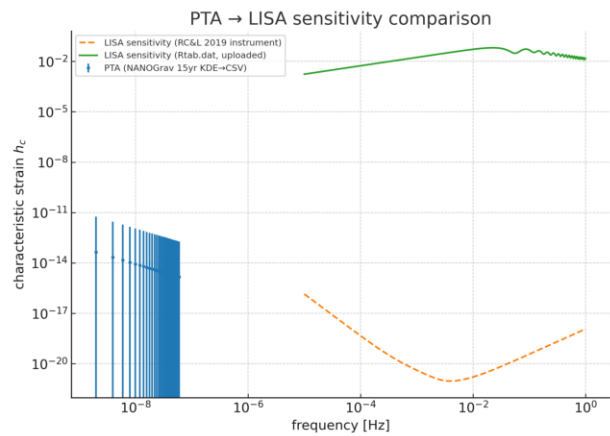
1D: λ



1D: ΔN_{eff}



PTA \rightarrow LISA overlay



Article: Brane-world unification with early-time p² and dark radiation

Ricardo Maldonado (corresponding: sales@rank.vegas)

Abstract

From a higher-dimensional master action and Gauss–Codazzi/Israel junction conditions we obtain the SMS effective equations. In FRW, the Friedmann relation gains a ρ^2 term and a dark-radiation piece. The brane tension λ fixes a GW spectral break and correlates with ΔN_{eff} , enabling a joint PTA→LISA + CMB/BBN test. We use NANOGrav 15-yr KDE spectrum data with a Planck-2018 N_{eff} prior to present posteriors and overlays.

$$f_{\text{br}}(\lambda) \propto \lambda^{1/4}, \quad C/\rho_{Y,0} = \frac{7}{8} \left(\frac{4}{11}\right)^{4/3} \Delta N_{\text{eff}}$$