

文档名称 文档密级

实践指导

1. 下载 Kafka, 并上传至 ECS

下载链接: https://archive.apache.org/dist/kafka/1.1.0/kafka_2.12-1.1.0.tgz

上传至ECS并解压:

```
[root@ecs-site-notdelete kafka_2.12-1.1.0]# pwd
/root/kafka_2.12-1.1.0
[root@ecs-site-notdelete kafka_2.12-1.1.0]# ll
total 52
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Mar 24 2018 bin
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 24 2018 config
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 23 14:12 libs
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 28824 Mar 24 2018 LICENSE
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 336 Mar 24 2018 NOTICE
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 24 2018 site-docs
```

ECS要和Kafka实例在同一VPC

2. 在 Kafka 实例详情页获取 Kafka broker 地址:

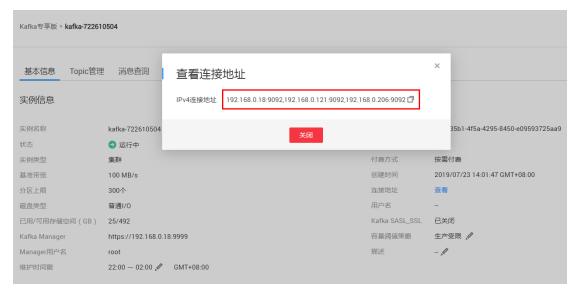
Kafka专享版 ②





Kafka专享版 > kafka-722610504

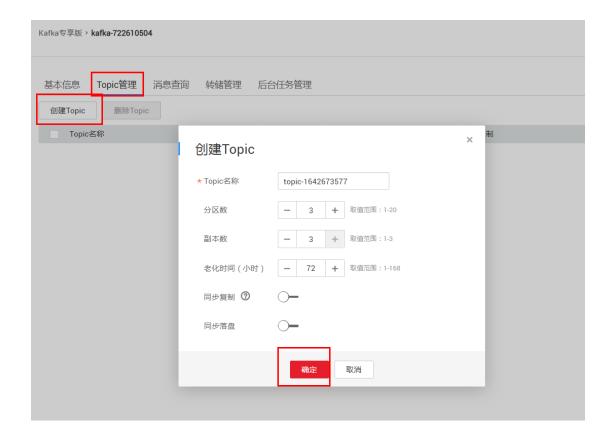






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3. 创建 topic:



4. 登录 ECS 执行生产脚本

脚本目录是: /pathtokafka/kafka_2.12-1.1.0/bin/kafka-console-producer.sh 执行命令:

bin/kafka-console-producer.sh --broker-list

192.168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9092,192.168.0.206:9092 --topic topic-1642673577

[rooteecs-site-notdelete kafka_2.12-1.1.0]# bin/kafka-console-producer.sh --broker-list 192.168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9092,192.168.0.206:9092 --topic topic-1642673577

--broker-list: kafka broker地址,多个已逗号隔开

--topic: 指定生产消息的topic (在3中创建)

输入任意字符后回车, 即生产消息

5. 登录 ECS 执行消费脚本

脚本目录是: /pathtokafka/kafka_2.12-1.1.0/bin/kafka-console-consumer.sh 执行命令:

bin/kafka-console-consumer.sh --bootstrap-server



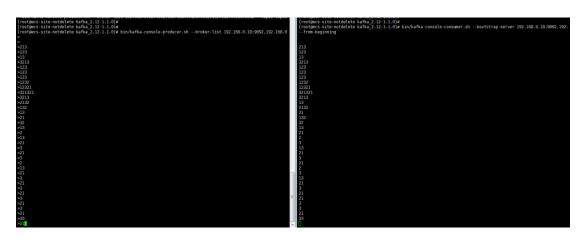
192.168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9092,192.168.0.206:9092 --topic topic-1642673577 --group

test_grp --consumer-property enable.auto.commit=true --from-beginning

- --bootstrap-server: kafka broker地址,多个已逗号隔开
- --consumer-property enable.auto.commit=true,设置消费自动提交消费进度
- --topic: 指定消费消息的topic (在3中创建)
- --group: 指定消费组名称,可自定义

在生产窗口输入消息,在消费窗口会显示消息:

(需要保存此截图,并上传至打卡程序)



6. 登录 ECS 执行消费组信息查询

脚本目录是:/pathtokafka/kafka_2.12-1.1.0/bin/kafka-consumer-groups.sh

(1) 查询消费组列表

bin/kafka-consumer-groups.sh --bootstrap-server

92.168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9092,192.168.0.206:9092 -list

(需要保存此截图,并上传至打卡程序)

```
[root@ecs-site-notdelete kafka_2.12-1.1.0]# bin/kafka-consumer-groups.sh --bootstrap-server 92.168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9
092,192.168.0.206:9092 --list
Note: This will not show information about old Zookeeper-based consumers.
KMOffsetCache-dms-vm-d23835b1-kafka-share-zk-server-1
test_grp
test_grp
KMOffsetCache-dms-vm-d23835b1-kafka-share-zk-server-0
KMOffsetCache-dms-vm-d23835b1-kafka-share-zk-server-0
```

(2) 查询消费组详情

bin/kafka-consumer-groups.sh --bootstrap-server

192.168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9092,192.168.0.206:9092 --describe --group test-grp



(需要保存此截图,并上传至打卡程序)

[rootéecs-site-notdelete kafka 2.12-1.1.0]# bin/kafka-consumer-groups.shbootstrap-server 92,168.0.18:9092,192.168.0.121:9092,192.168.0.206:9092all-topicsdescribegroup test-grp Note: This will not show information about old Zookeeper-based consumers.										
TOPIC		PARTITION	CURRENT-OFFSET	LOG-END-OFFSET	LAG	CONSUMER-ID	HOST	CLIENT-ID		
topic-	1642673577		192	192		consumer-1-f757a1f9-b22b-42d2-94b7-1c39c6842209	/192.168.0.12	consumer-1		
topic-	1642673577		144	144		consumer-1-f757a1f9-b22b-42d2-94b7-1c39c6842209	/192.168.0.12	consumer-1		
topic-	1642673577		101	101		consumer-1-f757a1f9-b22b-42d2-94b7-1c39c6842209	/192.168.0.12	consumer-1		
[ront@ers-site-notdelete kafka 2 12-1 1 0]#										

TOPIC: 当前消费组消费的topic

PARTITION: 消费的分区

CURRENT-OFFSET: 分区的消费进度

LOG-END-OFFSET: 最新的消息offset

LAG: 可消费消息数,为0代表该分区的消息都已消费完

7. 查看监控数据

实例列表点击操作列中的"更多"=>"查看监控数据"

(需要保存此截图,并上传至打卡程序,截图需包含右上 角华为云账号)

