# LATEX package equalign

— — making eqnarray(\*) look and work like align(\*) — —

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### 1 The goal

The goal of this package is to allow easy conversion from the insanely-looking eqnarray to the look and behaviour of align from amsmath. It is inspired by a  $T_EX$ . StackEchange question http://tex.stackexchange.com/q/96210/11002 by a user called "Werner", and by an answer of mine to the question.

#### 2 The behaviour

The package is activated by simply loading it, and it does not have any package options. It just redefines eqnarray and eqnarray\*, and then it makes amsthm aware of this redefinition so that \qedhere works inside these environments.

#### 3 License and remarks

- (1) The package is licensed under the LATEX Project Public License version 1.3c (LPPL v1.3c) or higher. The latest version of this license is in http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt.
- (2) Note that actually, the usage of this package is discouraged, in favour of converting the code into proper "amsmath code", using the true align and align\* environments. It is intended for cases where a lot of already existing code needs to be converted and there is no capacity for doing it the right but time-consuming way.
- (3) All bugs shall be reported to the GitHub page http://github.com/tohecz/eqnalign. Just note that unless the bug is crucial or easy to deal with, it may not be fixed since (per the previous remark) single problematic cases shall be dealt with by other means.

## 4 Implementation

1 (\*package)

Package header.

2 \ProvidesPackage{eqnalign}[2016/06/09 v1.0 Make eqnarray(\*) behave like align(\*).]

The only necessary package is amsmath so that align and align\* are defined.

3 \RequirePackage{amsmath}

The package does some catcode mysteries that shouldn't propagate out, so we make everything in a group and use \gdef everywhere.

4 \begingroup

\eqna@origamp

We store a catcode-4 (tab alignment char) & in a macro. We need a catcode-13 (active) & througout the rest of the package.

```
5 \catcode'\&=4
                 6 \gdef\eqna@tab@amp{&}
                 7 \catcode \%=13
                 This will be the replacement of & inside eqnalign. We use \eqna@doamp if the innermost environ-
  \eqna@newamp
                 ment is eqnalign and \eqna@origamp otherwise; this is to allow things like arrays and matrices
                 inside eqnalign.
                 8 \gdef\eqna@newamp{%
                      \ifx\@currenvir\eqna@currenvir
                10
                          \eqna@doamp
                11
                      \else
                12
                          \eqna@tab@amp
                13
                       \fi
                14 }
                 Three macros that are "rotated", after the first, the second shall be used, then the third. The third
   \eqna@amp@i
  \eqna@amp@ii
                 one ends a group since it ends a table cell, therefore after that the first one is again in action. The
 \eqna@amp@iii
                 first & on a line is kept, the second is ignored, the third is kept.
                15 \gdef\eqna@amp@i{\eqna@origamp\let\eqna@doamp\eqna@amp@ii}
                16 \gdef\eqna@amp@ii{\let\eqna@doamp\eqna@amp@iii}
                17 \gdef\eqna@amp@iii{\eqna@origamp}
   \eqna@doamp
                The default is \eqna@amp@i.
                18 \global\let\eqna@doamp\eqna@amp@i
                 The default meaning of & is \eqna@amp@i. We store the current environment, which is either
    \eqna@hook
                 eqnarray or eqnarray*; it is used in \eqna@newamp for the test for inner environments. Then we
                 activate & and make its meaning \eqna@newamp.
                19 \gdef\eqna@hook{%
                      \let\eqna@currenvir\@currenvir
                21
                       \catcode'\&=\active
                22
                      \let&\eqna@newamp
                23 }
                    Now we will be defining environments containing * in name, so we make it a letter.
                24 \catcode '\*=11
 \eqna@def@env
                 We define a macro \equa@def@env that contains the redefinitions of equarray*).
                 The environments themselves are just like align, just hooked using \eqna@hook. We then call this
      eqnarray
                 macro immediately to define the environments. (All this "double way" is to correct things in case
     eqnarray*
                 hyperref is loaded later.
                25 \gdef\eqna@def@env{%
                       \gdef\eqnarray{\eqna@hook\align}%
                26
                       \gdef\eqnarray*{\eqna@hook\align*}%
                27
                       \global\let\endegnarray\endalign
                28
                       \global\let\endeqnarray*\endalign*
                29
                30 }
                31 \eqna@def@env
 \eqnarray@qed
                To make \qedhere work in eqnarray, we need to "hint" amsthm that the two environments exist.
\eqnarray*@qed
                32 \global\let\eqnarray@qed\align@qed
                33 \global\let\eqnarray*@qed\align*@qed
                    End the group we began at the very beginning.
                34 \endgroup
      EQNarray
                Just of sentiment, we keep the original equarray as EQNarray.
                35 \def\EQNarray{%
                      \stepcounter{equation}%
                36
                37
                       \def\@currentlabel{\p@equation\theequation}%
```

```
38
     \global\@eqnswtrue
39
     \m@th
40
     \global\@eqcnt\z@
     \tabskip\@centering
41
     \let\\\@eqncr
42
     $$\everycr{}\halign to\displaywidth\bgroup
43
44
         \hskip\@centering$\displaystyle\tabskip\z@skip{##}$\@eqnsel
        45
46
        &\global\@eqcnt\tw@ \hskip \tw@\arraycolsep
           $\displaystyle{##}$\hfil\tabskip\@centering
47
        &\global\@eqcnt\thr@@ \hb@xt@\z@\bgroup\hss##\egroup
48
49
           \tabskip\z@skip
50
        \cr
51 }
52 \def\endEQNarray{%
        \@@eqncr
53
54
        \egroup
55
        \global\advance\c@equation\m@ne
     $$\@ignoretrue
56
57 }
58 \@namedef{EQNarray*}{\def\@eqncr{\nonumber\@seqncr}\EQNarray}
59 \Onamedef{endEQNarray*}{\nonumber\endEQNarray}
```

Last but not least, if hyperref is loaded after equalign (and only in that case), we issue a warning since hyperref is doing bad things to equarray, and we redefine equalign once more.

```
60 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{}{
61
      \AtBeginDocument{
62
         \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{
            \@latex@warning{Package 'eqnalign' should be loaded after 'hyperref'.\MessageBreak
63
            Redefining 'eqnarray' and 'eqnarray*' at this point \MessageBreak and crossing fin
64
65
            \eqna@def@env
         }{}
66
67
68 }
   That's all.
69 \endinput
70 (/package)
```