LATEX package equalign

— — making eqnarray(*) look and work like align(*) — —

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1 The goal

The goal of this package is to allow easy conversion from the insanely-looking eqnarray to the look and behaviour of align from amsmath. It is inspired by a T_EX . StackEchange question http://tex.stackexchange.com/q/96210/11002 by a user called "Werner", and by an answer of mine to the question.

2 The behaviour

The package is activated by simply loading it, and it does not have any package options. It just redefines eqnarray and eqnarray*, and then it makes amsthm aware of this redefinition so that \qedhere works inside these environments.

3 License and remarks

- (1) The package is licensed under the MTEX Project Public License version 1.3c (LPPL v1.3c) or higher. The latest version of this license is in http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt.
- (2) All bugs shall be reported to the GitHub page http://github.com/tohecz/eqnalign.
- (3) Note that actually, the usage of this package is discouraged, in favour of converting the code into proper "amsmath code", using the true align and align* environments. It is intended for cases where a lot of already existing code needs to be converted and there is no capacity for doing it the right but time-consuming way.

4 Implementation

1 (*package)

Package header.

2 \ProvidesPackage{eqnalign}[2016/06/09 v1.0 Make eqnarray(*) behave like align(*).]

The only necessary package is amsmath so that align and align* are defined.

3 \RequirePackage{amsmath}

The package does some catcode mysteries that shouldn't propagate out, so we make everything in a group and use \gdef everywhere.

4 \begingroup

\eqna@origamp

We store a catcode-4 (tab alignment char) & in a macro. We need a catcode-13 (active) & througout the rest of the package.

- 5 \catcode'\&=4
- 6 \gdef\eqna@origamp{&}
- 7 \catcode \%=13

```
This will be the replacement of & inside eqnalign. We use \eqna@doamp if the innermost environ-
  \eqna@newamp
                 ment is eqnalign and \eqna@origamp otherwise; this is to allow things like arrays and matrices
                 inside eqnalign.
                 8 \gdef\eqna@newamp{%
                      \ifx\@currenvir\eqna@currenvir
                 9
                10
                          \eqna@doamp
                11
                       \else
                12
                          \eqna@origamp
                13
                       \fi
                14 }
   \eqna@amp@i
                 Three macros that are "rotated", after the first, the second shall be used, then the third. The third
  \eqna@amp@ii
                 one ends a group since it ends a table cell, therefore after that the first one is again in action. The
                 first & on a line is kept, the second is ignored, the third is kept.
 \eqna@amp@iii
                15 \gdef\eqna@amp@i{\eqna@origamp\let\eqna@doamp\eqna@amp@ii}
                16 \gdef\eqna@amp@ii{\let\eqna@doamp\eqna@amp@iii}
                17 \gdef\eqna@amp@iii{\eqna@origamp}
   \eqna@doamp
                The default is \eqna@amp@i.
                18 \global\let\eqna@doamp\eqna@amp@i
    \eqna@hook
                 The default meaning of & is \eqna@amp@i. We store the current environment, which is either
                 egnarray or egnarray*; it is used in \egna@newamp for the test for inner environments. Then we
                 activate & and make its meaning \eqna@newamp.
                19 \gdef\eqna@hook{%
                      \let\eqna@currenvir\@currenvir
                       \catcode'\&=\active
                21
                       \let&\eqna@newamp
                22
                23 }
                    Now we will be defining environments containing * in name, so we make it a letter.
                24 \catcode '\*=11
 \eqna@def@env
                 We define a macro \equa@def@env that contains the redefinitions of equarray (and equarray*).
                 The environments themselves are just like align, just hooked using \eqna@hook. We then call this
      eqnarray
     eqnarray*
                 macro immediately to define the environments. (All this "double way" is to correct things in case
                 hyperref is loaded later.
                25 \gdef\eqna@def@env{%
                       \gdef\eqnarray{\eqna@hook\align}%
                       \gdef\eqnarray*{\eqna@hook\align*}%
                27
                28
                       \global\let\endeqnarray\endalign
                29
                       \global\let\endeqnarray*\endalign*
                30 }
                31 \eqna@def@env
                To make \qedhere work in eqnarray, we need to "hint" amsthm that the two environments exist.
 \eqnarray@qed
\eqnarray*@qed
                32 \global\let\eqnarray@qed\align@qed
                33 \global\let\eqnarray*@qed\align*@qed
                    End the group we began at the very beginning.
                34 \endgroup
                Just of sentiment, we keep the original equarray as EQNarray.
      EQNarray
                35 \def\EQNarray{%
                       \stepcounter{equation}%
                36
                       \def\@currentlabel{\p@equation\theequation}%
                37
                38
                       \global\@eqnswtrue
                30
                      \m@th
                       \global\@eqcnt\z@
                40
                      \tabskip\@centering
```

```
\let\\\@eqncr
42
     $$\everycr{}\halign to\displaywidth\bgroup
43
44
         \hskip\@centering$\displaystyle\tabskip\z@skip{##}$\@eqnsel
        45
46
        &\global\@eqcnt\tw@ \hskip \tw@\arraycolsep
           $\displaystyle{##}$\hfil\tabskip\@centering
47
        &\global\@eqcnt\thr@@ \hb@xt@\z@\bgroup\hss##\egroup
48
           \tabskip\z@skip
49
        \cr
50
51 }
  \def\endEQNarray{%
        \@@eqncr
53
54
        \egroup
        \global\advance\c@equation\m@ne
55
56
     $$\@ignoretrue
57 }
58 \@namedef{EQNarray*}{\def\@eqncr{\nonumber\@seqncr}\EQNarray}
59 \@namedef{endEQNarray*}{\nonumber\endEQNarray}
```

Last but not least, if hyperref is loaded after equalign (and only in that case), we issue a warning since hyperref is doing bad things to equarray, and we redefine equalign once more.

```
\@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{}{
      \AtBeginDocument{
61
         \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{
62
            \@latex@warning{Package 'eqnalign' should be loaded after 'hyperref'.\MessageBreak
63
            Redefining 'eqnarray' and 'eqnarray*' and crossing\MessageBreak fingers...}
64
65
            \eqna@def@env
66
        }{}
     }
67
68 }
   That's all.
69 \endinput
70 (/package)
```