Lecture 7

niceguy

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1 Negative Bias

Recall that if a negative voltage is applied to a diode, there is a V_{ZK} before which leakage current is negligible and is approximately constant. There is an avalanche past that point with slope $\frac{1}{r_z}$, where r_z is a small value. We can consider this as a linearised circuit, where there is a voltage source in the opposite direction to current (internal voltage), and a resistor with resistance r_z .

2 Zener Diode as Shunt Regulator

A shunt regulator keeps voltage constant. We can use a doide as a shunt regulator by attaching it parallel to a desired voltage. This is because if the desired voltage overcomes V_{ZK} , it will essentially be a conductor with an internal voltage. Once that voltage is overcome, all the "excess" current is drawn into the diode, so voltage output is regulated.

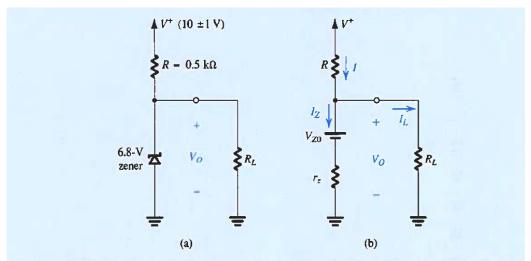


Figure 4.19 (a) Circuit for Example 4.7. (b) The circuit with the zener diode replaced with its equivalent circuit model.