

Paper Title

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Abstract

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1 Introduction

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<https://doi.org/10.1145/9999997.9999999>

parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa. TODO!

The remainder of the paper starts with a presentation of related work (Section 2). It is followed by a presentation of hints on \LaTeX (Section 3). Finally, a conclusion is drawn and outlook on future work is made (Section 4).

2 Related Work

Winery [2] is a graphical modeling tool. The whole idea of TOSCA is explained by Binz et al. [1].

3 LaTeX Hints

This section contains hints on writing LaTeX. It focuses on minimal examples, which can be directly adapted to the content

3.1 Handling of paragraphs

One sentence per line. This rule is important for the usage of version control systems. A new line is generated with a blank line. As you would do in Word: New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter. In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as LaTeX joins subsequent lines. In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter twice! This leads to an empty line. In word, there is the functionality to press shift and enter. This leads to a hard line break. The text starts at the beginning of a new line. In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes (`\`).

This is rarely used.

Please do *not* use two backslashes for new paragraphs. For instance, this sentence belongs to the same paragraph, whereas the last one started a new one. A long motivation for that is provided at <http://loopSPACE.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.3>.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

515 %ÜÜöö
516 One sentence per line.
517 This rule is important for the usage of version control
    systems.
518 A new line is generated with a blank line.
519 As you would do in Word:
520 New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter.
521 In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as
    LaTeX joins subsequent lines.
522 In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter
    twice!
523 This leads to an empty line.
524 In word, there is the functionality to press shift and
    enter.
525 This leads to a hard line break.
526 The text starts at the beginning of a new line.
527 In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes
    (\textbackslash\textbackslash).
528 \\
529 This is rarely used.
530
531 Please do \textit{not} use two backslashes for new
    paragraphs.
532 For instance, this sentence belongs to the same
    paragraph, whereas the last one started a new one.
533 A long motivation for that is provided at
    \url{http://loopspace.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.2}

```

Manuelle Markierung für Text, der seit der letzten Version geändert wurde.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

558 %ÜÜöö
559 \modified{Manuelle Markierung für Text, der seit der
    letzten Version geändert wurde.}

```



Das ist ein Text. Geänderter Text.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

562 %ÜÜöö
563 Das ist ein Text.
564 \change{FL1: Text angepasst}{Geänderter Text}.

```



Hier nur ein Kommentar.

3.2 Notes separated from the text

The package mindflow enables writing down notes and annotations in a way so that they are separated from the main text.

This is a small note.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

540 %ÜÜöö
541 \begin{mindflow}
542 This is a small note.
543 \end{mindflow}

```

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

567 %ÜÜöö
568 Hier nur ein Kommentar\sidecomment{Kommentar}.

```



TODO!

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

571 %ÜÜöö
572 \todo{Hier muss noch kräftig Text produziert werden}

```

3.3 Handling TODOs

Markierter Text.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

548 %ÜÜöö
549 \textmarker{Markierter Text.}

```

Bei `\textmarker` wird nur die Textfarbe geändert, da dies auch bei einigen Worten gut funktioniert.

Markierter Text.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```

554 %ÜÜöö
555 \textcomment{Markierter Text.}{Kommentar dazu.}

```

3.4 Hyphenation

\LaTeX automatically hyphenates words. When using microtype, there should be fewer hyphenations than in other settings. It might be necessary to tweak the hyphenations nevertheless. Here are some hints:

In case you write “application-specific”, then the word will only be hyphenated at the dash. You can also write `appla\allowbreak{tion-specific}` (result: application-specific), but this is much more effort.

You can now write words containing hyphens which are hyphenated at other places in the word. For instance, `application"=specific` gets `application"=specific`. This is enabled by an additional configuration of the babel package.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
582 æŒúŮõŮ
583 In case you write \enquote{application-specific}, then
584   the word will only be hyphenated at the dash.
585 You can also write
586   \verb!applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific! (result:
587   applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific), but this is
588   much more effort.
589
590 You can now write words containing hyphens which are
591   hyphenated at other places in the word.
592 For instance, \verb!application"=specific! gets
593   application"=specific.
594 This is enabled by an additional configuration of the
595   babel package.
```

3.5 Typesetting Units

Numbers can be written plain text (such as 100), by using the siunitx package as follows: $100 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$, or by using plain \LaTeX (and math mode): $100 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
593 æŒúŮõŮ
594 Numbers can be written plain text (such as 100), by
595   using the
596   \href{https://ctan.org/pkg/siunitx}{siunitx}
597   package as follows:
598   \SI{100}{\km\per\hour},
599   or by using plain \LaTeX{} (and math mode):
600   $100 \frac{\mathit{km}}{h}$.
```

5 % of 10 kg

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
600 æŒúŮõŮ
601 \SI{5}{\percent} of \SI{10}{kg}
```

Numbers are automatically grouped: 123 456.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
604 æŒúŮõŮ
605 Numbers are automatically grouped: \num{123456}.
```

3.6 Surrounding Text by Quotes

Please use the “enquote command” to quote something. Quoting with “quote” or “quote” also works.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
610 æŒúŮõŮ
611 Please use the \enquote{enquote command} to quote
612   something.
613 Quoting with “quote” or “quote” also works.
```

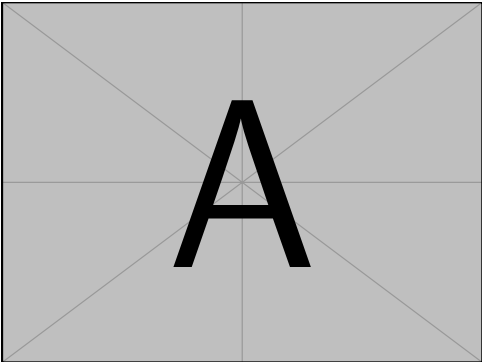


Figure 1: Example figure for cref demo

Heading1	Heading2
One	Two
Thee	Four

Table 1: Example table for cref demo

3.7 Cleveref examples

Cleveref demonstration: Cref at beginning of sentence, cref in all other cases.

Figure 1 shows a simple fact, although Figure 1 could also show something else.

Table 1 shows a simple fact, although Table 1 could also show something else.

Section 3.7 shows a simple fact, although Section 3.7 could also show something else.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
642 æŒúŮõŮ
643 \Cref{fig:ex:cref} shows a simple fact, although
644   \cref{fig:ex:cref} could also show something else.
645
646 \Cref{tab:ex:cref} shows a simple fact, although
647   \cref{tab:ex:cref} could also show something else.
648
649 \Cref{sec:ex:cref} shows a simple fact, although
650   \cref{sec:ex:cref} could also show something else.
```

3.8 Figures

Figure 2 shows something interesting.

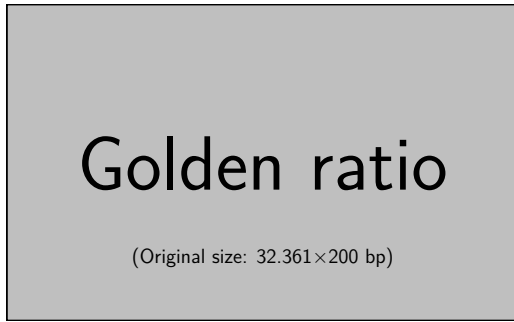


Figure 2: Simple Figure. Based on Scharrer [3].

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

652 \begin{figure}
653 \centering
654 \includegraphics[width=.8\linewidth]{example-image-golden}
655 \caption[Simple Figure]{
656   Simple Figure.
657   Based on \citet{mwe}.
658 }
659 \label{fig:label}
660 \end{figure}

```

3.9 Sub Figures

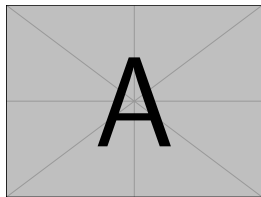
An example of two sub figures is shown in Figure 3.

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

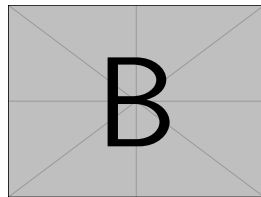
```

670 \begin{figure}[!b]
671 \centering
672 \subfloat[Case I]{\includegraphics[width=.4\linewidth]{example-image-a}}
673 \label{fig:first_case}}
674 \hfil
675 \subfloat[Case II]{\includegraphics[width=.4\linewidth]{example-image-b}}
676 \label{fig:second_case}}
677 \caption{Example figure with two sub figures.}
678 \label{fig:two_sub_figures}
679 \end{figure}

```



(a) Case I



(b) Case II

Figure 3: Example figure with two sub figures.

Table 2: Simple Table

Heading1	Heading2
One Thee	Two Four

Table 3: Table with diagonal line

Diag Column Head I	Diag Column Head II	Second	Third
		foo	bar

3.10 Tables

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

685 \begin{table}
686 \caption{Simple Table}
687 \label{tab:simple}
688 \centering
689 \begin{tabular}{ll}
690 \toprule
691 Heading1 & Heading2 \\
692 \midrule
693 One & Two \\
694 Thee & Four \\
695 \bottomrule
696 \end{tabular}
697 \end{table}

```

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

701 \begin{table}
702 % Source: https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/468994/9075
703 \caption{Table with diagonal line}
704 \label{tab:diag}
705 \begin{center}
706 \begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|}
707 \hline
708 \diagbox[width=10em]{Diag \Column Head I}{Diag
709   Column\Head II} & Second & Third \\
710 \hline
711 & foo & bar \\
712 \hline
713 \end{tabular}
714 \end{center}
715 \end{table}

```

3.11 Source Code

Listing 1 shows source code written in XML. Section 3.11 contains a comment.

```

1 <listing name="example">
2 <!-- comment -->
3 <content>not interesting</content>
4 </listing>

```

```
1 <listing name="example">
2   Floating
3 </listing>
```

Listing 2: Example XML listing – placed as floating figure

```
1 {
2   key: "value"
3 }
```

Listing 3: Example JSON listing – placed as floating figure

Listing 1: Example XML Listing

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
721 %\begin{figure}
722 \Cref{lst:XML} shows source code written in XML.
723 \Cref{line:comment} contains a comment.
724
725 \begin{lstlisting}[
726   language=XML,
727   caption={Example XML Listing},
728   label={lst:XML}]
729 <listing name="example">
730 <!-- comment --> (* \label{line:comment} *)
731 <content>not interesting</content>
732 </listing>
733 \end{lstlisting}
```

One can also add float as parameter to have the listing floating. Listing 2 shows the floating listing.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
739 %\begin{figure}
740 \begin{lstlisting}[
741   % one can adjust spacing here if required
742   % aboveskip=2.5\baselineskip,
743   % belowskip=-.8\baselineskip,
744   float,
745   language=XML,
746   caption={Example XML listing -- placed as floating
747     figure},
747   label={lst:f1XML}]
748 <listing name="example">
749   Floating
750 </listing>
751 \end{lstlisting}
```

One can also typeset JSON as shown in Listing 3.

```
1 public class Hello {
2   public static void main (String[] args) {
3     System.out.println("Hello World!");
4   }
5 }
```

Listing 4: Example Java listing

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
756 %\begin{figure}
757 \begin{lstlisting}[
758   float,
759   language=json,
760   caption={Example JSON listing -- placed as floating
761     figure},
761   label={lst:json}]
762 {
763   key: "value"
764 }
765 \end{lstlisting}
```

Java is also possible as shown in Listing 4.

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
770 %\begin{figure}
771 \begin{lstlisting}[
772   caption={Example Java listing},
773   label=lst:java,
774   language=Java,
775   float]
776 public class Hello {
777   public static void main (String[] args) {
778     System.out.println("Hello World!");
779   }
780 }
781 \end{lstlisting}
```

3.12 Itemization

One can list items as follows:

- Item One
- Item Two

Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex

```
788 %\begin{figure}
789 \begin{itemize}
790   \item Item One
791   \item Item Two
792 \end{itemize}
```

With the package paralist, one can create itemizations with lesser spacing:

- Item One
- Item Two

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

797 \begin{compactitem}
798   \item Item One
799   \item Item Two
800 \end{compactitem}

```

One can enumerate items as follows:

- (1) Item One
- (2) Item Two

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

806 \begin{enumerate}
807   \item Item One
808   \item Item Two
809 \end{enumerate}

```

With the package paralist, one can create enumerations with lesser spacing:

- (1) Item One
- (2) Item Two

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

815 \begin{compactenum}
816   \item Item One
817   \item Item Two
818 \end{compactenum}

```

With paralist, one can even have all items typeset after each other and have them clean in the TeX document:

(1) All these items... (2) ...appear in one line (3) This is enabled by the paralist package.

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

824 \begin{inparaenum}
825   \item All these items...
826   \item ...appear in one line
827   \item This is enabled by the paralist package.
828 \end{inparaenum}

```

3.13 Other Features

The words “workflow” and “dwarflike” can be copied from the PDF and pasted to a text file.

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

834 \begin{inparaenum}
835   \item The words \enquote{workflow} and \enquote{dwarflike}
      can be copied from the PDF and pasted to a text
      file.

```

The symbol for powerset is now correct: \mathcal{P} and not a Weierstrass \wp .

$\mathcal{P}(1, 2, 3)$

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

838 \begin{inparaenum}
839   \item The symbol for powerset is now correct:  $\mathcal{P}$  and
      not a Weierstrass  $\wp$ .
840
841   \item  $\mathcal{P}(\{1, 2, 3\})$ 

```

Brackets work as designed: <test> One can also input backticks in verbatim text: `test`.

Corresponding L^AT_EX code of ./paper.tex

```

844 \begin{inparaenum}
845   \item Brackets work as designed:
846     <test>
847   \item One can also input backticks in verbatim text:
      \verb|`test`|.

```

4 Conclusion and Outlook

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetur id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Acknowledgments

Identification of funding sources and other support, and thanks to individuals and groups that assisted in the research and the preparation of the work should be included in an acknowledgment section, which is placed just before the reference section in your document [4].

For more L^AT_EX hints for ACM read on at <https://www.acm.org/publications/taps/latex-best-practices>.

In the bibliography, use \textsuperscript for “st”, “nd”, ...: E.g., “The 2nd conference on examples”. When you use JabRef, you can

use the `clean up` command to achieve that. See <https://help.jabref.org/en/CleanupEntries> for an overview of the cleanup functionality.

References

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All links were last followed on October 5, 2020.