Paper Title

Firstname Lastname and Firstname Lastname

Institute

Abstract. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Keywords: First keyword · Second keyword · Third keyword

1 Introduction

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Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac

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quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et numero et un vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa. TODO!

The remainder of the paper starts with a presentation of related work (Sect. 2). It is followed by a presentation of hints on LATEX (Sect. 3). Finally, a conclusion is drawn and outlook on future work is made (Sect. 4).

2 Related Work

Winery [2] is a graphical modeling tool. The whole idea of TOSCA is explained by Binz et al. [1].

3 LaTeX Hints

This section contains hints on writing LaTeX. It focuses on minimal examples, which can be directly adapted to the content

3.1 Handling of paragraphs

One sentence per line. This rule is important for the usage of version control systems. A new line is generated with a blank line. As you would do in Word: New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter. In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as LaTeX joins subsequent lines. In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter twice! This leads to an empty line. In word, there is the functionality to press shift and enter. This leads to a hard line break. The text starts at the beginning of a new line. In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes (\backslash).

This is rarely used.

Please do *not* use two backslashes for new paragraphs. For instance, this sentence belongs to the same paragraph, whereas the last one started a new one. A long motivation for that is provided at http://loopspace.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.3.

Paper Title

```
Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex
640 œŒűŰőŐ
641 One sentence per line.
_{642} This rule is important for the usage of version control systems.
643 A new line is generated with a blank line.
644 As you would do in Word:
_{\rm 645} New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter.
646 In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as LaTeX joins
        subsequent lines.
647 In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter twice!
648 This leads to an empty line.
_{649} In word, there is the functionality to press shift and enter.
_{650}\, This leads to a hard line break.
_{\rm 651} The text starts at the beginning of a new line.
652 In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes
        (\text{textbackslash}\textbackslash}).
653
654 This is rarely used.
656 Please do \textit{not} use two backslashes for new paragraphs.
657 For instance, this sentence belongs to the same paragraph,
        whereas the last one started a new one.
658 A long motivation for that is provided at
        \url{http://loopspace.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.3}.
```

3.2 Notes separated from the text

The package mindflow enables writing down notes and annotations in a way so that they are separated from the main text.

This is a small note.

```
Corresponding IATEX code of ./paper.tex

665 œŒűŰőŐ
666 \begin{mindflow}
667 This is a small note.
668 \end{mindflow}
```

3.3 Handling TODOs

Markierter Text.

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```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

673 œŒűŰőŐ
674 \textmarker{Markierter Text.}
```

Bei \textmarker wird nur die Textfarbe geändert, da dies auch bei einigen Worten gut funktioniert.

Markierter Text.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

679 œŒűŰőŐ
680 \textcomment{Markierter Text.}{Kommentar dazu.}
```

Manuelle Markierung für Text, der seit der letzten Version geändert wurde.

```
Corresponding IATEX code of ./paper.tex

683 œŒűŰőŐ
684 \modified{Manuelle Markierung für Text, der seit der letzten

Version geändert wurde.}
```

Das ist ein Text. Geänderter Text.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

687 œŒűŰőŐ
688 Das ist ein Text.
689 \change{FL1: Text angepasst}{Geänderter Text}.
```

Hier nur ein Kommentar.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

692 œŒűŰőŐ
693 Hier nur ein Kommentar\sidecomment{Kommentar}.

TODO!
```

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

696 œEűűőő
697 \todo{Hier muss noch kräftig Text produziert werden}
```

3.4 Hyphenation

LATEX automatically hyphenates words. When using microtype, there should be fewer hyphenations than in other settings. It might be necessary to tweak the hyphenations nevertheless. Here are some hints:

In case you write "application-specific", then the word will only be hyphenated at the dash. You can also write applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific (result: application-specific), but this is much more effort.

You can now write words containing hyphens which are hyphenated at other places in the word. For instance, application"=specific gets application"=specific. This is enabled by an additional configuration of the babel package.

```
Corresponding IATEX code of ./paper.tex

707 œEűŰőŐ

708 In case you write \enquote{application-specific}, then the word will only be hyphenated at the dash.

709 You can also write \verb1applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific1 (result: applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific), but this is much more effort.

710

711 You can now write words containing hyphens which are hyphenated at other places in the word.

712 For instance, \verb1application"=specific1 gets application"=specific.

713 This is enabled by an additional configuration of the babel package.
```

3.5 Typesetting Units

Numbers can be written plain text (such as 100), by using the siunity package as follows: $100 \frac{\text{km}}{h}$, or by using plain LATEX (and math mode): $100 \frac{km}{h}$.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

718 œŒűŰőŐ

719 Numbers can be written plain text (such as 100), by using the href{https://ctan.org/pkg/siunitx}{siunitx} package as follows:

720 \SI{100}{\km\per\hour},

721 or by using plain \LaTeX{} (and math mode):

722 $100 \frac{\mathit{km}}{h}$.
```

Numbers are automatically grouped: 123456.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

729 œŒűŰőŐ
730 Numbers are automatically grouped: \num{123456}.
```

3.6 Surrounding Text by Quotes

Please use the "enquote command" to quote something. Quoting with "quote" or "quote" also works.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

735 œŒűŰőŐ
736 Please use the \enquote{enquote command} to quote something.
737 Quoting with "`quote"' or ``quote'' also works.
```

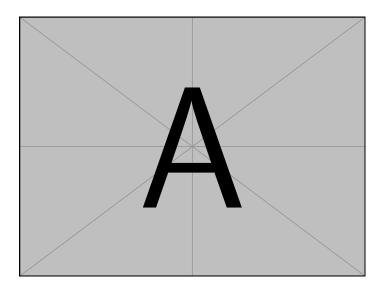
3.7 Cleveref examples

Cleveref demonstration: Cref at beginning of sentence, cref in all other cases.

Heading1 Heading2	
One	Two
Thee	Four

Table 1. Example table for cref demo

Figure 1 shows a simple fact, although Fig. 1 could also show something else. Table 1 shows a simple fact, although Table 1 could also show something else. Section 3.7 shows a simple fact, although Sect. 3.7 could also show something else.



 ${\bf Fig.\,1.}$ Example figure for cref demo

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

767 œEŭŰŐŐ
768 \Cref{fig:ex:cref} shows a simple fact, although
        \cref{fig:ex:cref} could also show something else.

769
770 \Cref{tab:ex:cref} shows a simple fact, although
        \cref{tab:ex:cref} could also show something else.

771
772 \Cref{sec:ex:cref} shows a simple fact, although
        \cref{sec:ex:cref} could also show something else.
```

3.8 Figures

Figure 2 shows something interesting.

Golden ratio

(Original size: 32.361×200 bp)

Fig. 2. Simple Figure. Based on Scharrer [3].

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

777 œEŭŰőŐ
778 \Cref{fig:label} shows something interesting.
779
780 \begin{figure}
781 \centering
782 \includegraphics[width=.8\linewidth] {example-image-golden}
783 \caption[Simple Figure] {
784 Simple Figure.
785 Based on \citet{mwe}.
786 }
787 \label{fig:label}
788 \end{figure}
```

One can also have pictures floating inside text:

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam



parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam Fig. 3. A floating figure tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus

```
Corresponding IATEX code of ./paper.tex

794 œEűŰőŐ
795 \begin{floatingfigure}{.33\linewidth}
796 \includegraphics[width=.29\linewidth]{example-image-a}
797 \caption{A floating figure}
798 \end{floatingfigure}
799 \lipsum[2]
```

3.9 Sub Figures

mauris.

An example of two sub figures is shown in Fig. 4.

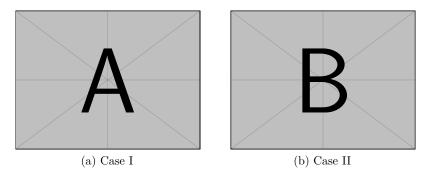


Fig. 4. Example figure with two sub figures.

Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex 806 œŒűŰőŐ 807 \begin{figure}[!b] \centering \subfloat[Case I]{\includegraphics[width=.4\linewidth]{example-image-a}% \label{fig:first_case}} 810 \hfil 811 \subfloat[Case 812 II] {\includegraphics[width=.4\linewidth] {example-image-b}% 813 \label{fig:second_case}} \caption{Example figure with two sub figures.} 814 \label{fig:two_sub_figures} 816 \end{figure}

3.10 Tables

Table 2. Simple Table

Heading1	Heading2
One	Two
Thee	Four

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex
821 œŒűŰőŐ
822 \begin{table}
     \caption{Simple Table}
823
     \label{tab:simple}
824
825
     \centering
     \begin{tabular}{11}
       \toprule
       Heading1 & Heading2 \\
       \midrule
829
              & Two
       One
                           //
830
       Thee
             & Four
                           11
831
       \bottomrule
832
     \end{tabular}
833
834 \end{table}
```

Table 3. Table with diagonal line

Diag Column Head II Diag Column Head I	Second	Third
	foo	bar

```
Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper.tex
   œŒűŰőŐ
837
   \% \ Source: \ https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/468994/9075
838
   \begin{table}
839
      \caption{Table with diagonal line}
840
      \label{tab:diag}
841
      \begin{center}
842
        \begin{tabular}{||1|c|c|}
843
          \hline
844
          \diagbox[width=10em]{Diag \\Column Head I}{Diag
845
              Column\\Head II} & Second & Third \\
          \hline
846
          & foo & bar
                                    \\
847
          \hline
848
        \end{tabular}
849
      \end{center}
850
   \end{table}
```

3.11 Source Code

Listing 1.1 shows source code written in XML. Listing 1.1 contains a comment.

```
clisting name="example">
clisting name="e
```

 ${\bf Listing}$ 1.1. Example XML Listing

```
clisting name="example">
floating
clisting>
```

Listing 1.2. Example XML listing – placed as floating figure

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex
   \Cref{lst:XML} shows source code written in XML.
   \Cref{line:comment} contains a comment.
859
860
861 \begin{lstlisting}[
    language=XML,
862
    caption={Example XML Listing},
863
    label={lst:XML}]
_{865}  listing name="example">
   <!-- comment --> (* \label{line:comment} *)
     <content>not interesting</content>
867
868 </listing>
869 \end{lstlisting}
```

One can also add float as parameter to have the listing floating. Listing 1.2 shows the floating listing.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex
   œŒűŰőŐ
   \begin{lstlisting}[
    % one can adjust spacing here if required
     % aboveskip=2.5\baselineskip,
     % belowskip=-.8\baselineskip,
879
    float,
880
    language=XML,
881
    caption={Example XML listing -- placed as floating figure},
882
    label={lst:flXML}]
883
884 sting name="example">
    Floating
885
886 </listing>
887 \end{lstlisting}
```

One can also typeset JSON as shown in Listing 1.3.

```
1 {
2 key: "value"
3 }
```

Listing 1.3. Example JSON listing – placed as floating figure

```
public class Hello {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello World!");
    }
}
```

Listing 1.4. Example Java listing

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex
892 œŒűŰőŐ
893 \begin{lstlisting}[
     float,
894
     language=json,
895
     caption={Example JSON listing -- placed as floating figure},
896
     label={lst:json}]
897
898
     key: "value"
   }
900
   \end{lstlisting}
```

Java is also possible as shown in Listing 1.4.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex
906 œŒűŰőŐ
   \begin{lstlisting}[
907
     caption={Example Java listing},
908
     label=lst:java,
909
     language=Java,
910
     float]
912 public class Hello {
       public static void main (String[] args) {
           System.out.println("Hello World!");
914
915
916 }
917 \end{lstlisting}
```

3.12 Itemization

One can list items as follows:

- Item One
- Item Two

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

924 œŒűŰőŐ
925 \begin{itemize}
926 \item Item One
927 \item Item Two
928 \end{itemize}
```

One can enumerate items as follows:

- 1. Item One
- 2. Item Two

With paralist, one can even have all items typeset after each other and have them clean in the TeX document:

1. All these items... 2. ... appear in one line 3. This is enabled by the paralist package.

3.13 Other Features

The words "workflow" and "dwarflike" can be copied from the PDF and pasted to a text file.

Corresponding IATEX code of ./paper.tex

The words \enquote{workflow} and \enquote{dwarflike} can be copied from the PDF and pasted to a text file.

The symbol for powerset is now correct: \mathcal{P} and not a Weierstrass p (\wp) . $\mathcal{P}(1,2,3)$

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

958 œŒűŰőŐ
959 The symbol for powerset is now correct: $\powerset$ and not a
Weierstrass p ($\wp$).

960
961 $\powerset({1,2,3})$
```

Brackets work as designed: <test> One can also input backticks in verbatim text: `test`.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper.tex

964 œŒűŰőŐ
965 Brackets work as designed:
966 <test>
967 One can also input backticks in verbatim text: \verb|`test`|.
```

4 Conclusion and Outlook

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et

magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Acknowledgments Identification of funding sources and other support, and thanks to individuals and groups that assisted in the research and the preparation of the work should be included in an acknowledgment section, which is placed just before the reference section in your document [4].

In the bibliography, use \textsuperscript for "st", "nd", ...: E.g., "The 2nd conference on examples". When you use JabRef, you can use the clean up command to achieve that. See https://help.jabref.org/en/CleanupEntries for an overview of the cleanup functionality.

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All links were last followed on October 5, 2020.