UFC Beards

A first Brad-Terry analysis of UFC Beards and wins and losses.

First the libraries that we are using

```
library(BradleyTerry2)
## Loading required package: lme4
## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'BradleyTerry2'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##
       baseball
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:plyr':
##
       arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##
##
       summarize
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(knitr)
library(ggplot2)
source("functions_for_prepping_bt_analysis.R")
```

Then load the data which comes from Mike. Note the as.is thing which leaves all the character vectors as strings and does not make them into factors.

```
winner<-read.csv("UFC_winner.csv",as.is=T)
loser<-read.csv("UFC_loser.csv",as.is=T)
predictors<-read.csv("UFC_predictors.csv",as.is=T)
#delete fighters with only one fight which are making BTm go crazy
winner<-winner[c(-18,-157),]
loser<-loser[c(-18,-157),]
predictors<-predictors[c(-6,-162),]
predictors$stance[predictors$stance==""]<-"other"
predictors$stance[predictors$stance=="Open Stance"]<-"other"
predictors$stance[predictors$stance=="Switch"]<-"other"</pre>
```

Turns out that th weird BradleyTerry thing needs a very specific format to match things up so we label all the unique id columns "ID" and sort the predictor unique ID column to match the order of the levels of the trial-level files. This is all now done in an external function.

```
beards<-set_up_btm(predictors, winner, loser)</pre>
```

```
Run the main model
model1<-BTm(player1=winner,player2=loser,</pre>
            formula = ~ prev + as.factor(facehair) + ht[ID] + reach[ID] +
            (1|ID), id="ID", data=beards)
summary(model1)
##
## Call:
##
## BTm(player1 = winner, player2 = loser, formula = ~prev + as.factor(facehair) +
       ht[ID] + reach[ID] + (1 | ID), id = "ID", data = beards)
##
## Fixed Effects:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                         0.002166
                                    0.119947
                                              0.018
                                                        0.9856
## prev
## as.factor(facehair)2 -0.027848
                                    0.152367 -0.183
                                                        0.8550
## as.factor(facehair)3 -0.044360
                                    0.202270 -0.219
                                                       0.8264
## ht[ID]
                        -0.044150
                                    0.052307 -0.844
                                                        0.3986
                         0.092260
## reach[ID]
                                    0.036438
                                               2.532
                                                       0.0113 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Random Effects:
##
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                          0.1000 5.087 3.63e-07 ***
## Std. Dev. 0.5087
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 2 observations deleted due to missingness
##
## Number of iterations: 15
See if stance matter
model2<-BTm(player1=winner,player2=loser,</pre>
            formula = ~ prev + as.factor(facehair) + ht[ID] + reach[ID] + stance[ID] +
            (1|ID), id="ID",data=beards)
summary(model2)
```

```
##
## Call:
```

```
##
## BTm(player1 = winner, player2 = loser, formula = ~prev + as.factor(facehair) +
      ht[ID] + reach[ID] + stance[ID] + (1 | ID), id = "ID", data = beards)
##
## Fixed Effects:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                     -0.01494 0.12117 -0.123 0.90184
## prev
## as.factor(facehair)2 -0.03402
                                0.15488 -0.220 0.82612
## ht[ID]
                     -0.05748 0.05319 -1.081 0.27988
## reach[ID]
                     0.09877
                                0.03704
                                         2.666 0.00767 **
                                0.43055 -2.517 0.01182 *
## stance[ID]other
                     -1.08387
## stance[ID]Southpaw
                      0.27117
                                0.16968
                                        1.598 0.11003
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
## Random Effects:
           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Std. Dev. 0.5199
                       0.1010 5.145 2.67e-07 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 2 observations deleted due to missingness
## Number of iterations: 15
```

Does this result depend on the type of victory?

2 or less is a TKO or KO

Greater than 3 is submission or decision or some other outcome. Here we split the dataset into those two categories and show that facial hair still does not have an effect.

Warning: code gets messy below here.

```
##
## Call:
##
## BTm(player1 = winner, player2 = loser, formula = ~as.factor(facehair) +
## reach[ID] + (1 | ID), id = "ID", data = b.out)
```

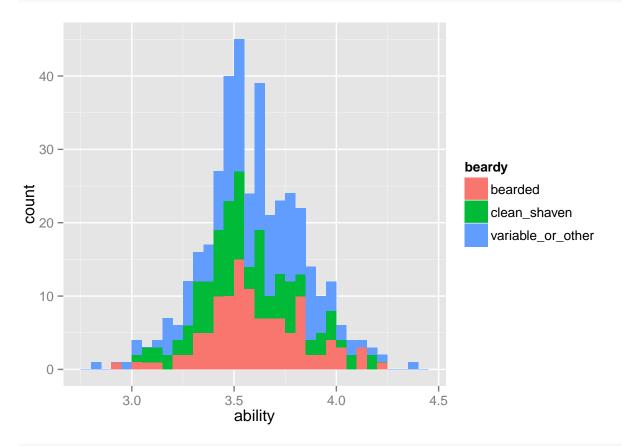
```
##
## Fixed Effects:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## as.factor(facehair)2 -0.04916
                                   0.17886 -0.275
                                                       0.783
                                                       0.194
## as.factor(facehair)3 -0.31051
                                   0.23927 -1.298
## reach[ID]
                       -0.01297
                                   0.01953 -0.664
                                                       0.507
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Random Effects:
            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                        0.1301 3.713 0.000205 ***
## Std. Dev. 0.4831
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Number of iterations: 8
#TKO's and KO's
w1<-filter(winner,method<=2)
11<-filter(loser,method<=2)</pre>
p1<-subset(predictors,predictors$ID%in%c(as.character(w1$ID),as.character(11$ID)))
b.out <-set_up_btm(p1,w1,l1)
model3<-BTm(player1=winner,player2=loser,</pre>
            formula = ~ as.factor(facehair) + reach[ID] +
            (1|ID), id="ID", data=b.out)
summary(model3)
##
## Call:
## BTm(player1 = winner, player2 = loser, formula = ~as.factor(facehair) +
##
      reach[ID] + (1 | ID), id = "ID", data = b.out)
##
## Fixed Effects:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## as.factor(facehair)2 0.08711
                                   0.26796
                                             0.325
                                                      0.745
## as.factor(facehair)3 0.57272
                                   0.35041
                                              1.634
                                                       0.102
## reach[ID]
                        0.03911
                                   0.04519
                                              0.865
                                                      0.387
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
## Random Effects:
            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Std. Dev. 0.5066
                         0.1951
                                 2.597 0.0094 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Number of iterations: 10
```

some code to make a histogram using a simplified version of the model and a work around because of the bug in the BTabilities function.

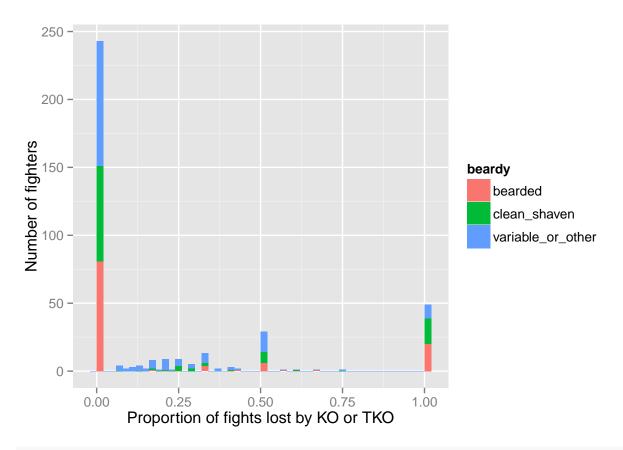
```
model.graphics<-BTm(player1=winner,player2=loser,</pre>
            formula = ~ prev + facehair + ht[ID] + reach[ID]
            (1|ID), id="ID",data=beards)
summary(model.graphics)
##
## Call:
## BTm(player1 = winner, player2 = loser, formula = ~prev + facehair +
       ht[ID] + reach[ID] + (1 | ID), id = "ID", data = beards)
## Fixed Effects:
##
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
             0.003328 0.119863 0.028
                                            0.9779
## prev
## facehair -0.023263 0.097027 -0.240
                                           0.8105
                                           0.3982
## ht[ID]
          -0.044107 0.052209 -0.845
## reach[ID] 0.092161 0.036363
                                    2.534 0.0113 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Random Effects:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Std. Dev. 0.5048
                         0.1001 5.045 4.54e-07 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 2 observations deleted due to missingness
## Number of iterations: 15
out<-get_bt_abilities(model.graphics,predictors)</pre>
predictors$ability<-out$abilities
  all<-rbind(winner,loser)</pre>
  all$winning<-c(rep("yes",length(winner$ID)),rep("no",length(winner$ID)))
 all$ID<-as.factor(all$ID)
 winner2<-filter(all,winning=="yes")</pre>
  loser2<-filter(all,winning=="no")</pre>
beardy<-summarize(group_by(all,name),mean(facehair))</pre>
predictors$beardy<-beardy$`mean(facehair)`[match(predictors$name,beardy$name)]</pre>
all$winning[all$winning=="yes"]<-"win"
all$winning[all$winning=="no"]<-"loss"
all$finish[all$method>2]<-"other"
all$finish[all$method<=2]<-"knockout"
all$outcome<-paste(all$winning,all$finish,sep="_")</pre>
prop.ko<-summarize(group_by(all,name),prop_knocked=sum(outcome=="loss_knockout")/length(finish))
predictors$beardy[predictors$beardy==1]<-"clean_shaven"</pre>
predictors$beardy[predictors$beardy==2]<-"bearded"</pre>
predictors$beardy[!predictors$beardy%in%c("clean_shaven","bearded")]<-"variable_or_other"
table(predictors$beardy)
```

```
##
## bearded clean_shaven variable_or_other
## 115 109 169
```

```
#pdf("plot_hist.pdf")
ggplot(predictors,aes(x=ability, fill = beardy)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.05)
```



```
#dev.off()
predictors$prop.ko<-prop.ko$prop_knocked[match(predictors$name,prop.ko$name)]
#pdf("whatAboutThisOne.pdf")
ggplot(predictors,aes(fill=beardy,x=prop.ko))+geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.02)+xlab("Proportion of fight")</pre>
```



#dev.off()