

# Algorithms in Bioinformatics

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# 1 Alignment

## Task 1

Find Levenshtein distance between two very long sequences if they have distance less than  $k = 100$ . Running time should be less than 1 minute for strings of length 1 million.

**Input:**

Fasta file with two sequences.

**Output:**

Levenshtein distance between these sequences if distance is less than  $k$  or “not similar” in other case.

**Example:**

*Input:*

```
>seq1
acgtacgt
>seq2
aagtacgt
```

*Output:*

1

## Task 2

Find an optimal global alignment of two very long sequences if they have Levenshtein distance less than  $k = 100$ . If several alignments with equal scores exist, then output one of them. Running time should be less than 1 minute for strings of length 1 million.

**Input:**

Fasta file with two sequences.

**Output:**

An alignment of these sequences if Levenshtein distance is less than  $k$  or “not similar” in other case.

**Example:**

*Input:*

```
>seq1
acgtacgt
>seq2
agtacgt
```

*Output:*

```
acgtacgt
a-gtacgt
```

## Task 3

Find a multiple alignment of a collection of sequences. Use given scoring matrix for mismatches penalty and affine gap penalty. If several alignments with equal

scores exist, then output one of them.

**Input:**

Fasta file with several sequences, file with two integers representing gap open penalty and gap extension penalty and scoring matrix. Matrix goes in ACGT-order one row per line.

**Output:**

Optimal alignment of all sequences from the collection.

**Example:**

*Input file 1:*

>seq1

acgtacgt

>seq2

agtacgt

>seq3

cgtttacgt

*Input file 2:*

1 1

0 1 1 1

1 0 1 1

1 1 0 1

1 1 1 0

*Output:*

acgt-acgt

a-gt-acgt

-cgtttacgt

## Task 4

Let  $\tilde{a}$  be the reverse-complement sequence of  $a$ . Find the maximum substring  $s_1$  in the sequence  $s$  such that  $\tilde{s}_1$  is contained in  $s$  and does not overlap with  $s_1$ . Running time should be less than 1 minute for strings of length 1 million.

**Input:**

Fasta file with sequence  $s$ .

**Output:**

Fasta file with subsequence  $s_1$ .

**Example:**

*Input file:*

>seq

ACGTTTACGT

*Output:*

ACGT

## Task 5

Given two strings  $s$  and  $t$ . Find substring  $s'$  of  $s$  that maximize an alignment score with respect to  $t$  and output optimal alignment of  $s'$  against  $t$ . If multiple such alignments exist, then you may output any one.

**Input:**

Fasta file with two sequences  $s$  and  $t$ .

**Output:**

An optimal alignment score of  $s'$  and  $t$ , followed by an optimal alignment  $s'$  against  $t$ . If multiple such alignments exist, then you may output any one.

**Example:**

*Input:*

```
>seq1
acgtacgt
>seq2
acgt
```

*Output:* Fasta file with two sequences.

**Output:**

An alignment of these sequences if Levenshtein distance is less than  $k$  or “not similar” in other case.

**Example:**

*Input:*

```
>seq1
acgtacgt
>seq2
agtacgt
```

*Output:*

```
acgtacgt
a-gtacgt
0
acgt
acgt
```

## Task 6

Implement alignment algorithm with “Four Russians” optimization.

**Input:**

Fasta file with two sequences.

**Output:**

An alignment of these sequences.

**Example:**

*Input:*

```
>seq1
acgtacgt
>seq2
agtacgt
```

*Output:*  
acgtacgt  
a-gtacgt