# Algorithms in Bioinformatics

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## Task 13

Implement Nussinov algorithm for predicting secondary RNA structure with the following constraints:

- Complimentary base pairs should be at least 4 non-complimentary base pairs apart
- One pair of complimentary sequences is preferred of two pairs of complimentary sequences with the same total length

#### Input:

RNA sequence in FASTA format.

#### **Output:**

RNA secondary structure. Output all pairs of complimentary sequences with their positions in the RNA sequence.

# Example:

# Task 14

Implement Zuker algorithm for predicting secondary RNA structure.

#### Input:

RNA sequence in FASTA format.

**Output:** RNA secondary structure. Output all pairs of complimentary sequences with their positions in the RNA sequence.

# Example:

```
Input:
>seq
CCCCACGUUUUUACGUCCCC
```

```
Output:
4,ACGU-12,ACGU
```

## Task 15

We define an exact tandem repeat as a subsequence that appears consecutively at least twice. For example, AATT is a tandem repeat in CCAATTAATTAATTACC. Design an efficient algorithm for finding the longest exact tandem repeat within a given sequence.

## Input:

Sequence in FASTA format.

## Output:

Longest tandem repeat in FASTA format.

## Example:

```
Input:
>seq
AAAAAACGTACGTACGTAAAAAA
Output:
>repeat
ACGT
```

#### Task 16

Design an efficient algorithm for finding the longest exact repeat with at most one mismatch in a given sequence.

## Input:

Sequence in FASTA format.

#### Output:

Two instances of the longest repeat with maximum 1 mismatch in FASTA format.

## Example:

```
Input:
>seq
ACGTAAAAAAAAACCAAAATAAAACGG
Output:
>repeat1
AAAATAAAAC
>repeat2
AAAAAAAAAC
```