

Figure 2b. Region based univariate analysis of myelin maps. Vertical axis displays intensity of MM (higher intensity represents higher myelin content). Lines connect each MS-TN patient to the corresponding age and sex matched HC (only ipsilateral and bilateral regions shown).

Figure 3:

MM intensity distribution demonstrated demyelination in the right fornix-stria terminalis in a left-symptomatic vs right-symptomatic analysis of MS-TN patients (p<0.05)