

Fig.2: A combination of 18 normalized clinical features in a principal component (PC1) is significantly correlated with the duration of TN surgical response classes (Spearman R = 0.48, p-corrected < 0.0001. Long-term and super responder categories distributions are matching, which might suggest that these groups represent one class.

Comment - 3-5 and 5+ years responders are highly similar clinically. This suggests that they rather represent one class. Subsequent supervised ML combined them together

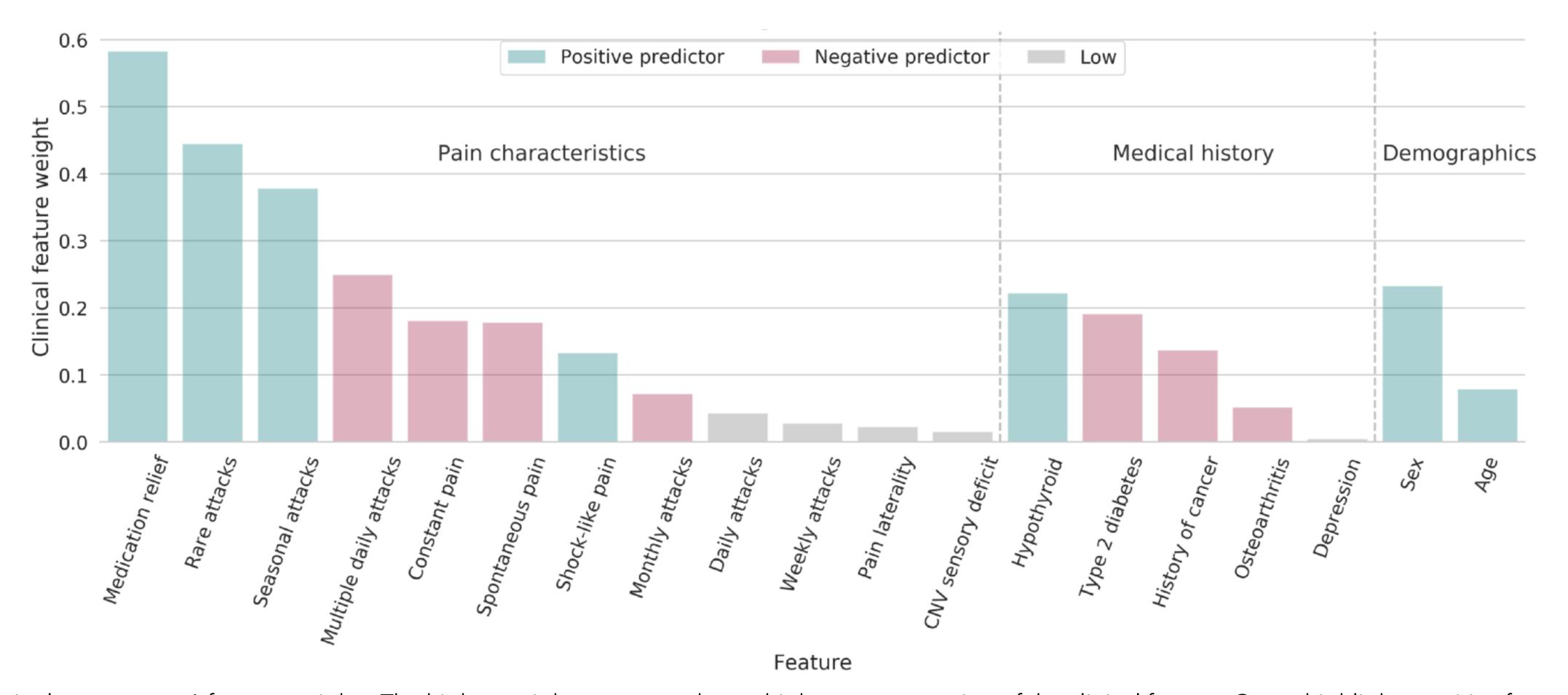


Fig.3: Principal component 1 feature weights. The higher weight corresponds to a higher representation of the clinical feature. Green highlights positive feature contribution for PC1 value and for the longer duration of surgical response, red corresponds to the negative contribution, and grey - has a low absolute value (<0.05). The frequency of pain episodes, degree of medication relief, the character of pain as well as clinical history are predictive of the duration of surgical response