## Titanic Dataset - Classification Lab

*Instructions:* Today you are going to split up into teams to compete for top accuracy on a real-world dataset. To excel in this challenge, you will need to integrate many skills: pandas, EDA, feature engineering, model selection, regularization, and model validation.

You will be provided two CSV files: "titanic-train.csv" and "titanic-test.csv". Use the training set for EDA, feature-engineering, and to build and validate your model. When your team is ready to make a submission, use your trained model to make predictions on the test set. Send your predictions to me on Slack, along with one notebook per group. Your final predictions on the "titanic-test.csv" are how your team will be assessed.

**The Dataset:** Real data on the Titanic's passengers. This is a classification problem; The binary response you are to predict is survival (yes or no).

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Definition</u>                          |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| survival        | Survival                                   |  |  |
| pclass          | Ticket class                               |  |  |
| sex             | Sex  |  |  |
| Age             | Age in years                               |  |  |
| sibsp           | # of siblings / spouses aboard the Titanic |  |  |
| parch           | # of parents / children aboard the Titanic |  |  |
| ticket          | Ticket number                              |  |  |
| fare            | Passenger fare                             |  |  |
| cabin           | Cabin number                               |  |  |
| embarked        | Port of Embarkation                        |  |  |

## Guiding questions:

- What would be valuable in an exploratory analysis?
- How should null values be handled?
  - I will count any dropped rows in the test submission as incorrectly classified.
- KNN or Logistic Regression?
- Is there any implicit information in the dataset that you can use to engineer new features?
  - Example: Creating a new binary variable "man\_lowerclass" for passengers who were male and lower class. This generated feature might allow the model to cleanly separate passengers who died from those who survived.
  - IF YOU ARE GENERATING FEATURES ON THE TRAINING SET,
    ENSURE THE PROCESS IS EXACTLY REPRODUCIBLE FOR THE FINAL TEST SET
- What tools do you have to balance bias and variance?
- How do you test for overfitting? What do you do to prevent it?

## Teams:

- Team 1
  - Sarah
  - Laura
  - Grady
- Team 2
  - Nikhil
  - Peter
  - ⊕ Eunice (absent)
  - Zen
- Team 3
  - Carol
  - Matthew
  - Jason
  - Zack
- Team 4
  - Fidel
  - o Alana
  - Ji
  - o Simon