

## Career in Cyber Security

(Jr.) Security analyst

Senior security analyst

Security process engineer

Head of Cyber Security

CISO

## Cyber Security

### Day in a life of Cyber Security Expert

- Monitoring and analyzing security events
- Conducting vulnerability assessments
- Implementing security controls
- Responding to security incidents
- Conducting security research
- Developing security policies and procedures
- Training and awareness

### How to transition to the role

1. Take care of your personal Cyber Security
2. Understand if Cyber Security analyst role is for you:
  - [cybercademy.org/quiz](https://cybercademy.org/quiz)
  - [hackthebox.com](https://hackthebox.com), [tryhackme.com](https://tryhackme.com)
  - Security conferences, Capture the flag events
3. Certification:
  - Offensive Security Certified Professional (OSCP)
  - CompTIA

## Cyber Security

### Characteristics of Cyber security analyst

Sceptical	Trust no one
Modesty	Those that excel prefer to avoid the spotlight
Altruism	Should want to help people
Scientific	Solve problems using data and analytic skills
Curious	Cybersecurity is ever changing

## Cyber Security

### Further reading / listening



#### Books

- "The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Discovering and Exploiting Security Flaws", Stuttard D., Pinto M., 2007



#### Podcasts

- Darknet Diaries - [darknetdiaries.com](https://darknetdiaries.com)
- CyberWire daily - [thecyberwire.com](https://thecyberwire.com)
- The Social-Engineer Podcast
- Malicious life (Cybereason)
- Risky Business

What are the different levels of cybersecurity?

Personal, company, and global.

Physical, cyber, and national.

Individual, organizational, and international.

incorrect

None of the above.



## Cyber Security

### Role variations

Information security manager

Application security manager

Governance risk and compliance analyst / manager

Head of Cyber Security

Ethical hackers / Pen-testers

Threat intelligence analyst

Risk managers

Creating Cyber Security products

Why is cybersecurity important for a company?

correct

To protect sensitive information, prevent damage to services, ensure privacy, and promote trust and confidence.



To prevent phishing attacks and conduct regular security audits.

To protect physical security systems and prevent unauthorized access.

To ensure the integrity of financial security systems and protect trade secrets.