Materials 12g2 - "pil"-extension of baseline model - Lagged inflation in TR using the "optimal forecaster" info assumption See Notes 9 Jan 2020

Laura Gáti

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Compare Mathematica (materials12g2.nb).

1 Model equations and goal

$$x_{t} = -\sigma i_{t} + \hat{\mathbb{E}}_{t} \sum_{T=t}^{\infty} \beta^{T-t} \left((1-\beta) x_{T+1} - \sigma(\beta i_{T+1} - \pi_{T+1}) + \sigma r_{T}^{n} \right)$$
 (1)

$$\pi_t = \kappa x_t + \hat{\mathbb{E}}_t \sum_{T=t}^{\infty} (\alpha \beta)^{T-t} \left(\kappa \alpha \beta x_{T+1} + (1-\alpha) \beta \pi_{T+1} + u_T \right)$$
 (2)

$$i_t = \psi_\pi \pi_{t-1} + \psi_x x_t + \bar{i}_t \tag{3}$$

Compact notation

$$z_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t} \\ x_{t} \\ i_{t} \end{bmatrix} = A_{a}f_{a} + A_{b}f_{b} + A_{s}s_{t} \quad \text{with} \quad s_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} r_{t}^{n} \\ \bar{i}_{t} \\ u_{t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(4)$$

2 MN matrices

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sigma}{\beta} & 1 + \sigma \psi_x \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} & -\kappa \end{bmatrix}}_{\equiv M} \begin{bmatrix} \pi_t \\ x_t \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \left[\sigma, & 1 - \beta - \sigma \beta \psi_x, & 0 \right] f_b + d_{x,s} s_t \\ \left[(1 - \alpha)\beta, & \kappa \alpha \beta, & 0 \right] f_a + d_{\pi,s} s_t \end{bmatrix}}_{\equiv N} \tag{5}$$

where

$$d_{x,s} = \sigma \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & -\psi_{\pi} \end{bmatrix} InxBhx \qquad InxBhx \equiv (I_{nx} - \beta h_x)^{-1}$$
 (6)

$$d_{\pi,s} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} InxABhx \qquad InxABhx \equiv (I_{nx} - \alpha\beta h_x)^{-1}$$
 (7)

$$d_{i,s} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \psi_{\pi} \end{bmatrix} \tag{8}$$

The new thing is the pair of linking equations that tell agents to use h_x to forecast π (they establish a relationship between $f_b(1)$, $f_a(1)$ and the sum of errors):

$$L1' = \frac{1}{(\beta)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} InxBhx.s_t - \frac{1}{(\beta)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} s_t$$
 (9)

$$L2' = \frac{1}{(\alpha\beta)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} InxABhx.s_t - \frac{1}{(\alpha\beta)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} s_t$$
 (10)

3 PQ matrices

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sigma}{\beta} & 1 & \sigma \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} & -\kappa & 0 \\ 0 & -\psi_x & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{\equiv P} \begin{bmatrix} \pi_t \\ x_t \\ i_t \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \left[\sigma, 1 - \beta, \beta(-\sigma) \right] f_b + c_{x,s} s_t \\ \left[(1 - \alpha)\beta, \alpha\beta\kappa, 0 \right] f_a + c_{\pi,s} s_t \\ c_{i,s} s_t \end{bmatrix}}_{\equiv O} \tag{11}$$

where

$$c_{x,s} = \sigma \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
. InxBhx; (12)

$$c_{\pi,s} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \text{InxABhx}$$
 (13)

$$c_{i,s} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \psi_{\pi} \end{pmatrix} = d_{i,s} \tag{14}$$

where InxABhx and InxBhx are the same as before.

The (*)-relation needs to be rewritten as

$$f_b(3) = \psi_x f_b(2) + \frac{1}{\beta} \{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \psi_{\pi} \end{bmatrix} (I_{nx} - \beta h_x)^{-1} s_t - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \psi_{\pi} \end{bmatrix} s_t \}$$
 (*)

and the PQ-solution is subject to the same linking equations L1' and L2'.

The Matlab code that uses this is matrices_A_12g2.m.