# Materials 23

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## Overview

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### 1 Implementation of target criterion

Problem: Model behaves as if Taylor rule was specified as just a function of exogenous process, i.e. is not E-stable. Need to trick it somehow.

#### A Model summary

$$x_{t} = -\sigma i_{t} + \hat{\mathbb{E}}_{t} \sum_{T=t}^{\infty} \beta^{T-t} \left( (1-\beta) x_{T+1} - \sigma(\beta i_{T+1} - \pi_{T+1}) + \sigma r_{T}^{n} \right)$$
(A.1)

$$\pi_t = \kappa x_t + \hat{\mathbb{E}}_t \sum_{T=t}^{\infty} (\alpha \beta)^{T-t} \left( \kappa \alpha \beta x_{T+1} + (1-\alpha) \beta \pi_{T+1} + u_T \right)$$
(A.2)

$$i_t = \psi_\pi \pi_t + \psi_x x_t + \bar{i}_t$$
 (if imposed) (A.3)

PLM: 
$$\hat{\mathbb{E}}_t z_{t+h} = a_{t-1} + b h_x^{h-1} s_t \quad \forall h \ge 1 \qquad b = g_x h_x$$
 (A.4)

Updating: 
$$a_t = a_{t-1} + k_t^{-1} (z_t - (a_{t-1} + bs_{t-1}))$$
 (A.5)

Anchoring function: 
$$k_t = k_{t-1} + \mathbf{g}(fe_{t-1}^2)$$
 (A.6)

Forecast error: 
$$fe_{t-1} = z_t - (a_{t-1} + bs_{t-1})$$
 (A.7)

This notation captures vector learning (z learned) for intercept only. For scalar learning,  $a_t = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{\pi}_t & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}'$  and  $b_1$  designates the first row of b. The learning setup allows me to evaluate the long-horizon expectations  $f_a$ ,  $f_b$ , and then the observables ( $\pi$ , x) are determined as:

$$x_t = -\sigma i_t + \begin{bmatrix} \sigma & 1 - \beta & -\sigma \beta \end{bmatrix} f_b + \sigma \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} (\mathbb{I}_{nx} - \beta h_x)^{-1} s_t$$
 (A.8)

$$\pi_t = \kappa x_t + \begin{bmatrix} (1 - \alpha)\beta & \kappa \alpha \beta & 0 \end{bmatrix} f_a + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} (\mathbb{I}_{nx} - \alpha \beta h_x)^{-1} s_t$$
 (A.9)

## B Target criterion

The target criterion in the simplified model (scalar learning of inflation intercept only,  $k_t^{-1} = \mathbf{g}(fe_{t-1})$ ):

$$\pi_{t} = -\frac{\lambda_{x}}{\kappa} \left\{ x_{t} - \frac{(1-\alpha)\beta}{1-\alpha\beta} \left( k_{t}^{-1} + ((\pi_{t} - \bar{\pi}_{t-1} - b_{1}s_{t-1})) \mathbf{g}_{\pi}(t) \right) \right\}$$

$$\left( \mathbb{E}_{t} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_{t+i} \prod_{j=0}^{i-1} (1 - k_{t+1+j}^{-1} - (\pi_{t+1+j} - \bar{\pi}_{t+j} - b_{1}s_{t+j}) \mathbf{g}_{\bar{\pi}}(t+j)) \right)$$
(B.1)

where I'm using the notation that  $\prod_{j=0}^{0} \equiv 1$ . For interpretation purposes, let me rewrite this as follows:

$$\pi_{t} = -\frac{\lambda_{x}}{\kappa} x_{t} + \frac{\lambda_{x}}{\kappa} \frac{(1-\alpha)\beta}{1-\alpha\beta} \left( k_{t}^{-1} + f e_{t|t-1}^{eve} \mathbf{g}_{\pi}(t) \right) \mathbb{E}_{t} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_{t+i}$$

$$-\frac{\lambda_{x}}{\kappa} \frac{(1-\alpha)\beta}{1-\alpha\beta} \left( k_{t}^{-1} + f e_{t|t-1}^{eve} \mathbf{g}_{\pi}(t) \right) \left( \mathbb{E}_{t} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_{t+i} \prod_{j=0}^{i-1} (k_{t+1+j}^{-1} + f e_{t+1+j|t+j}^{eve}) \mathbf{g}_{\pi}(t+j) \right)$$
(B.2)

Interpretation: tradeoffs from discretion in RE + effect of current level and change of the gain on future tradeoffs + effect of future expected levels and changes of the gain on future tradeoffs