

A centre for multisensory integration in Drosophila Larva



Laura Lungu

Supervisor: Professor Albert Cardona

Advisor: Dr. Marco Tripodi

Department of Physiology, Development and Neuroscience University of Cambridge

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Declaration

I hereby declare that except where specific reference is made to the work of others, the contents of this dissertation are original and have not been submitted in whole or in part for consideration for any other degree or qualification in this, or any other university. This dissertation is my own work and contains nothing which is the outcome of work done in collaboration with others, except as specified in the text and Acknowledgements. This dissertation contains fewer than 65,000 words including appendices, bibliography, footnotes, tables and equations and has fewer than 150 figures.

Laura Lungu April 2025

Acknowledgements

I would like to acknowledge Michael Clayton - help in data analysis and coding Nicolo Ceffa - help with light sheet imaging, flywork; Pedro Gomez Daniel Lalanti Venkat for teaching me foundations of flywork and immunostaining; Yije Yin - help with neurotransmitter volumes Sam Harris - for fly genetics and behavioural testing

Abstract

Multisensory integration is cool, why not study it via the central complex, and it's the best thing to ever study, how great.

Table of contents

Li	ist of f	figures		xiii
Li	ist of t	tables		XV
1	Intr	oductio	o n	1
	1.1	Mappi	ing brains - Why care about brain maps?	. 1
	1.2			. 1
	1.3	Where	e does it come from?	. 1
2	My	second	chapter	3
	2.1	Short t	title	. 3
3	My	third ch	napter	9
	3.1	First se	ection of the third chapter	. 9
		3.1.1	First subsection in the first section	. 9
		3.1.2	Second subsection in the first section	. 9
		3.1.3	Third subsection in the first section	. 9
	3.2	Second	d section of the third chapter	. 10
	3.3	The la	yout of formal tables	. 10
R	eferen	ices		13
Aj	ppend	lix A H	How to install IATEX	15
Δ1	nnend	liv R I	nstalling the CUFD class file	10

List of figures

2.1	Minion	4
2.2	Best Animations	7

List of tables

3.1	A badly formatted table	11
3.2	A nice looking table	11
3.3	Even better looking table using booktabs	11

Chapter 1

Introduction

- 1.1 Mapping brains Why care about brain maps?
- 1.2
- 1.3 Where does it come from?

Chapter 2

My second chapter

2.1 Reasonably long section title

I'm going to randomly include a picture Figure 2.1.

If you have trouble viewing this document contact Krishna at: kks32@cam.ac.uk or raise an issue at https://github.com/kks32/phd-thesis-template/

Enumeration

text

- 1. The first topic is dull
- 2. The second topic is duller
 - (a) The first subtopic is silly
 - (b) The second subtopic is stupid
- 3. The third topic is the dullest

Morbi bibendum est aliquam, hendrerit dolor ac, pretium sem. Nunc molestie, dui in euismod finibus, nunc enim viverra enim, eu mattis mi metus id libero. Cras sed accumsan justo, ut volutpat ipsum. Nam faucibus auctor molestie. Morbi sit amet eros a justo pretium aliquet. Maecenas tempor risus sit amet tincidunt tincidunt. Curabitur dapibus gravida gravida. Vivamus porta ullamcorper nisi eu molestie. Ut pretium nisl eu facilisis tempor. Nulla rutrum tincidunt justo, id placerat lacus laoreet et. Sed cursus lobortis vehicula. Donec sed tortor et est cursus pellentesque sit amet sed velit. Proin efficitur posuere felis, porta auctor nunc.

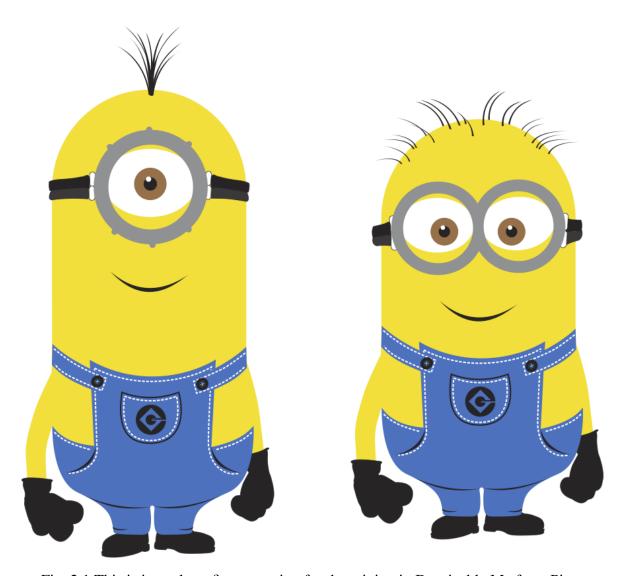


Fig. 2.1 This is just a long figure caption for the minion in Despicable Me from Pixar

2.1 Short title 5

Etiam non porta risus. Pellentesque lacinia eros at ante iaculis, sed aliquet ipsum volutpat. Suspendisse potenti.

Ut ultrices lectus sed sagittis varius. Nulla facilisi. Nullam tortor sem, placerat nec condimentum eu, tristique eget ex. Nullam pretium tellus ut nibh accumsan elementum. Aliquam posuere gravida tellus, id imperdiet nulla rutrum imperdiet. Nulla pretium ullamcorper quam, non iaculis orci consectetur eget. Curabitur non laoreet nisl. Maecenas lacinia, lorem vel tincidunt cursus, odio lorem aliquet est, gravida auctor arcu urna id enim. Morbi accumsan bibendum ipsum, ut maximus dui placerat vitae. Nullam pretium ac tortor nec venenatis. Nunc non aliquet neque.

Itemize

- The first topic is dull
- The second topic is duller
 - The first subtopic is silly
 - The second subtopic is stupid
- The third topic is the dullest

Description

The first topic is dull

The second topic is duller

The first subtopic is silly

The second subtopic is stupid

The third topic is the dullest

2.2 Hidden section

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¹My footnote goes blah blah blah! ...

2.2 Hidden section 7

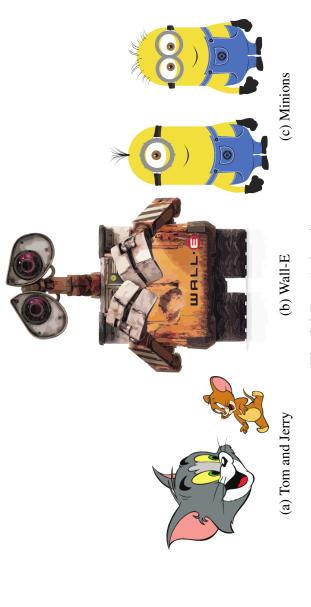


Fig. 2.2 Best Animations

Subplot

I can cite Wall-E (see Fig. 2.2b) and Minions in despicable me (Fig. 2.2c) or I can cite the whole figure as Fig. 2.2

Chapter 3

My third chapter

3.1 First section of the third chapter

And now I begin my third chapter here ...

And now to cite some more people Read [2], Ancey et al. [1]

3.1.1 First subsection in the first section

... and some more

3.1.2 Second subsection in the first section

... and some more ...

First subsub section in the second subsection

... and some more in the first subsub section otherwise it all looks the same doesn't it? well we can add some text to it ...

3.1.3 Third subsection in the first section

... and some more ...

First subsub section in the third subsection

... and some more in the first subsub section otherwise it all looks the same doesn't it? well we can add some text to it and some more and some more...

My third chapter

Second subsub section in the third subsection

... and some more in the first subsub section otherwise it all looks the same doesn't it? well we can add some text to it ...

3.2 Second section of the third chapter

and here I write more ...

3.3 The layout of formal tables

This section has been modified from "Publication quality tables in LATEX*" by Simon Fear.

The layout of a table has been established over centuries of experience and should only be altered in extraordinary circumstances.

When formatting a table, remember two simple guidelines at all times:

- 1. Never, ever use vertical rules (lines).
- 2. Never use double rules.

These guidelines may seem extreme but I have never found a good argument in favour of breaking them. For example, if you feel that the information in the left half of a table is so different from that on the right that it needs to be separated by a vertical line, then you should use two tables instead. Not everyone follows the second guideline:

There are three further guidelines worth mentioning here as they are generally not known outside the circle of professional typesetters and subeditors:

- 3. Put the units in the column heading (not in the body of the table).
- 4. Always precede a decimal point by a digit; thus 0.1 *not* just .1.
- 5. Do not use 'ditto' signs or any other such convention to repeat a previous value. In many circumstances a blank will serve just as well. If it won't, then repeat the value.

A frequently seen mistake is to use '\begin{center}' ... '\end{center}' inside a figure or table environment. This center environment can cause additional vertical space. If you want to avoid that just use '\centering'

Table 3.1 A badly formatted table

	Species I		Species II	
Dental measurement	mean	SD	mean	SD
I1MD	6.23	0.91	5.2	0.7
I1LL	7.48	0.56	8.7	0.71
I2MD	3.99	0.63	4.22	0.54
I2LL	6.81	0.02	6.66	0.01
CMD	13.47	0.09	10.55	0.05
CBL	11.88	0.05	13.11	0.04

Table 3.2 A nice looking table

Dental measurement	Species I		Species II	
Dentai measurement	mean	SD	mean	SD
I1MD	6.23	0.91	5.2	0.7
I1LL	7.48	0.56	8.7	0.71
I2MD	3.99	0.63	4.22	0.54
I2LL	6.81	0.02	6.66	0.01
CMD	13.47	0.09	10.55	0.05
CBL	11.88	0.05	13.11	0.04

Table 3.3 Even better looking table using booktabs

Dental measurement	Species I		Species II	
	mean	SD	mean	SD
I1MD	6.23	0.91	5.2	0.7
I1LL	7.48	0.56	8.7	0.71
I2MD	3.99	0.63	4.22	0.54
I2LL	6.81	0.02	6.66	0.01
CMD	13.47	0.09	10.55	0.05
CBL	11.88	0.05	13.11	0.04

References

- [1] Ancey, C., Coussot, P., and Evesque, P. (1996). Examination of the possibility of a fluid-mechanics treatment of dense granular flows. *Mechanics of Cohesive-frictional Materials*, 1(4):385–403.
- [2] Read, C. J. (1985). A solution to the invariant subspace problem on the space l_1 . Bull. London Math. Soc., 17:305–317.

Appendix A

How to install LATEX

Windows OS

TeXLive package - full version

- 1. Download the TeXLive ISO (2.2GB) from https://www.tug.org/texlive/
- 2. Download WinCDEmu (if you don't have a virtual drive) from http://wincdemu.sysprogs.org/download/
- 3. To install Windows CD Emulator follow the instructions at http://wincdemu.sysprogs.org/tutorials/install/
- 4. Right click the iso and mount it using the WinCDEmu as shown in http://wincdemu.sysprogs.org/tutorials/mount/
- 5. Open your virtual drive and run setup.pl

or

Basic MikTeX - TEX distribution

- Download Basic-MiKTEX(32bit or 64bit) from http://miktex.org/download
- 2. Run the installer
- 3. To add a new package go to Start » All Programs » MikTex » Maintenance (Admin) and choose Package Manager

4. Select or search for packages to install

TexStudio - TeX editor

- Download TexStudio from http://texstudio.sourceforge.net/#downloads
- 2. Run the installer

Mac OS X

MacTeX - TEX distribution

- Download the file from https://www.tug.org/mactex/
- 2. Extract and double click to run the installer. It does the entire configuration, sit back and relax.

TexStudio - TEX editor

- Download TexStudio from http://texstudio.sourceforge.net/#downloads
- 2. Extract and Start

Unix/Linux

TeXLive - T_EX distribution

Getting the distribution:

- 1. TexLive can be downloaded from http://www.tug.org/texlive/acquire-netinstall.html.
- 2. TexLive is provided by most operating system you can use (rpm,apt-get or yum) to get TexLive distributions

Installation

1. Mount the ISO file in the mnt directory

```
mount -t iso9660 -o ro,loop,noauto /your/texlive###.iso /mnt
```

- 2. Install wget on your OS (use rpm, apt-get or yum install)
- 3. Run the installer script install-tl.

```
cd /your/download/directory
./install-tl
```

- 4. Enter command 'i' for installation
- 5. Post-Installation configuration: http://www.tug.org/texlive/doc/texlive-en/texlive-en.html#x1-320003.4.1
- 6. Set the path for the directory of TexLive binaries in your .bashrc file

For 32bit OS

For Bourne-compatible shells such as bash, and using Intel x86 GNU/Linux and a default directory setup as an example, the file to edit might be

```
edit $~/.bashrc file and add following lines
PATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/bin/i386-linux:$PATH;
export PATH
MANPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/man:$MANPATH;
export MANPATH
INFOPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/info:$INFOPATH;
export INFOPATH
```

For 64bit OS

```
edit $~/.bashrc file and add following lines
PATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/bin/x86_64-linux:$PATH;
export PATH
MANPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/man:$MANPATH;
export MANPATH
```

INFOPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/info:\$INFOPATH;
export INFOPATH

Fedora/RedHat/CentOS:

```
sudo yum install texlive
sudo yum install psutils
```

SUSE:

sudo zypper install texlive

Debian/Ubuntu:

```
sudo apt-get install texlive texlive-latex-extra
sudo apt-get install psutils
```

Appendix B

Installing the CUED class file

LATEX.cls files can be accessed system-wide when they are placed in the <texmf>/tex/latex directory, where <texmf> is the root directory of the user's TeXinstallation. On systems that have a local texmf tree (<texmflocal>), which may be named "texmf-local" or "localtexmf", it may be advisable to install packages in <texmflocal>, rather than <texmf> as the contents of the former, unlike that of the latter, are preserved after the LATeXsystem is reinstalled and/or upgraded.

It is recommended that the user create a subdirectory <texmf>/tex/latex/CUED for all CUED related LATeXclass and package files. On some LATeXsystems, the directory look-up tables will need to be refreshed after making additions or deletions to the system files. For TeXLive systems this is accomplished via executing "texhash" as root. MIKTeXusers can run "initexmf -u" to accomplish the same thing.

Users not willing or able to install the files system-wide can install them in their personal directories, but will then have to provide the path (full or relative) in addition to the filename when referring to them in LATEX.