



# **A centre for multisensory integration in *Drosophila* Larva**



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I would like to dedicate this thesis to my loving parents ...



## **Declaration**

I hereby declare that except where specific reference is made to the work of others, the contents of this dissertation are original and have not been submitted in whole or in part for consideration for any other degree or qualification in this, or any other university. This dissertation is my own work and contains nothing which is the outcome of work done in collaboration with others, except as specified in the text and Acknowledgements. This dissertation contains fewer than 65,000 words including appendices, bibliography, footnotes, tables and equations and has fewer than 150 figures.

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## **Abstract**

Multisensory integration is cool, why not study it via the central complex, and it's the best thing to ever study, how great. TEST



# Table of contents

<b>List of figures</b>	<b>xiii</b>
<b>List of tables</b>	<b>xv</b>
<b>1 Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Mapping brains . . . . .	1
1.2 . . . . .	1
1.3 Multisensory integration . . . . .	1
<b>2 Methods</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1 Electron Microscopy Reconstructions . . . . .	3
2.1.1 Seymour volume . . . . .	3
2.1.2 Neurotransmitter Volumes . . . . .	3
2.2 Connectomics . . . . .	3
2.2.1 Sensory Iformation Flow . . . . .	3
2.2.2 Lineage Matching . . . . .	3
2.3 Finding for Dopaminergic Neurons . . . . .	3
2.3.1 Stochastic Labelling of DANs via Multicolor FLP-out . . . . .	3
2.3.2 Immunohistochemistry . . . . .	4
2.3.3 Matching LM images with Seymour Data . . . . .	4
2.4 Light Sheet Microscopy and Ca Imaging . . . . .	5
2.4.1 Genetic lines . . . . .	5
2.4.2 Sample Preparation . . . . .	5
2.4.3 Imaging . . . . .	5
2.4.4 Data Analysis . . . . .	5
2.5 Behavioural Assays . . . . .	5
2.5.1 Sample Preparation . . . . .	5
2.5.2 Behavioural Analysis . . . . .	5

2.6 Genetic Lines . . . . .	5
<b>3 Results</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1 Connectomics . . . . .	7
<b>4 Discussion</b>	<b>9</b>
4.1 first part . . . . .	9
<b>References</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Appendix A How to install L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>Appendix B Installing the CUED class file</b>	<b>17</b>

## List of figures



## List of tables





# **Chapter 1**

## **Introduction**

### **1.1 Mapping brains**

### **1.2**

### **1.3 Multisensory integration**



# **Chapter 2**

## **Methods**

### **2.1 Electron Microscopy Reconstructions**

#### **2.1.1 Seymour volume**

#### **2.1.2 Neurotransmitter Volumes**

### **GABA**

### **Acetylcholine**

### **2.2 Connectomics**

#### **2.2.1 Sensory Information Flow**

#### **2.2.2 Lineage Matching**

### **2.3 Finding for Dopaminergic Neurons**

#### **2.3.1 Stochastic Labelling of DANs via Multicolor FLP-out**

The multi color flp out method.

what happens if i write stuff here

### **2.3.2 Immunohistochemistry**

### **2.3.3 Matching LM images with Seymour Data**

## **2.4 Light Sheet Microscopy and Ca Imaging**

### **2.4.1 Genetic lines**

### **2.4.2 Sample Preparation**

### **2.4.3 Imaging**

### **2.4.4 Data Analysis**

## **2.5 Behavioural Assays**

### **2.5.1 Sample Preparation**

### **2.5.2 Behavioural Analysis**

## **2.6 Genetic Lines**



# **Chapter 3**

## **Results**

### **3.1 Connectomics**





# **Chapter 4**

## **Discussion**

### **4.1 first part**



## References



# Appendix A

## How to install L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

### Windows OS

#### TeXLive package - full version

1. Download the TeXLive ISO (2.2GB) from  
<https://www.tug.org/texlive/>
2. Download WinCDEmu (if you don't have a virtual drive) from  
<http://wincdemu.sysprogs.org/download/>
3. To install Windows CD Emulator follow the instructions at  
<http://wincdemu.sysprogs.org/tutorials/install/>
4. Right click the iso and mount it using the WinCDEmu as shown in  
<http://wincdemu.sysprogs.org/tutorials/mount/>
5. Open your virtual drive and run setup.pl

or

#### Basic MikTeX - T<sub>E</sub>X distribution

1. Download Basic-MiK<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub>(32bit or 64bit) from  
<http://miktex.org/download>
2. Run the installer
3. To add a new package go to Start » All Programs » MikTeX » Maintenance (Admin)  
and choose Package Manager

4. Select or search for packages to install

## **TexStudio - T<sub>E</sub>X editor**

1. Download TexStudio from  
<http://texstudio.sourceforge.net/#downloads>
2. Run the installer

## **Mac OS X**

### **MacTeX - T<sub>E</sub>X distribution**

1. Download the file from  
<https://www.tug.org/mactex/>
2. Extract and double click to run the installer. It does the entire configuration, sit back and relax.

### **TexStudio - T<sub>E</sub>X editor**

1. Download TexStudio from  
<http://texstudio.sourceforge.net/#downloads>
2. Extract and Start

## **Unix/Linux**

### **TeXLive - T<sub>E</sub>X distribution**

#### **Getting the distribution:**

1. TexLive can be downloaded from  
<http://www.tug.org/texlive/acquire-netinstall.html>.
2. TexLive is provided by most operating system you can use (rpm,apt-get or yum) to get TexLive distributions

## Installation

1. Mount the ISO file in the mnt directory

```
mount -t iso9660 -o ro,loop,noauto /your/texlive####.iso /mnt
```

2. Install wget on your OS (use rpm, apt-get or yum install)
3. Run the installer script install-tl.

```
cd /your/download/directory
./install-tl
```

4. Enter command 'i' for installation
5. Post-Installation configuration:  
<http://www.tug.org/texlive/doc/texlive-en/texlive-en.html#x1-320003.4.1>
6. Set the path for the directory of TexLive binaries in your .bashrc file

### For 32bit OS

For Bourne-compatible shells such as bash, and using Intel x86 GNU/Linux and a default directory setup as an example, the file to edit might be

```
edit ~/.bashrc file and add following lines
PATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/bin/i386-linux:$PATH;
export PATH
MANPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/man:$MANPATH;
export MANPATH
INFOPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/info:$INFOPATH;
export INFOPATH
```

### For 64bit OS

```
edit ~/.bashrc file and add following lines
PATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/bin/x86_64-linux:$PATH;
export PATH
MANPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/man:$MANPATH;
export MANPATH
```

```
INFOPATH=/usr/local/texlive/2011/texmf/doc/info:$INFOPATH;  
export INFOPATH
```

**Fedora/RedHat/CentOS:**

```
sudo yum install texlive  
sudo yum install psutils
```

**SUSE:**

```
sudo zypper install texlive
```

**Debian/Ubuntu:**

```
sudo apt-get install texlive texlive-latex-extra  
sudo apt-get install psutils
```



# Appendix B

## Installing the CUED class file

$\text{\LaTeX}$ .cls files can be accessed system-wide when they are placed in the  $\langle\text{texmf}\rangle/\text{tex}/\text{latex}$  directory, where  $\langle\text{texmf}\rangle$  is the root directory of the user's  $\text{\TeX}$  installation. On systems that have a local  $\text{texmf}$  tree ( $\langle\text{texmflocal}\rangle$ ), which may be named “ $\text{texmf-local}$ ” or “ $\text{localtexmf}$ ”, it may be advisable to install packages in  $\langle\text{texmflocal}\rangle$ , rather than  $\langle\text{texmf}\rangle$  as the contents of the former, unlike that of the latter, are preserved after the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  system is reinstalled and/or upgraded.

It is recommended that the user create a subdirectory  $\langle\text{texmf}\rangle/\text{tex}/\text{latex}/\text{CUED}$  for all CUED related  $\text{\LaTeX}$  class and package files. On some  $\text{\LaTeX}$  systems, the directory look-up tables will need to be refreshed after making additions or deletions to the system files. For  $\text{\TeX}$ Live systems this is accomplished via executing “ $\text{texhash}$ ” as root.  $\text{MikTeX}$  users can run “ $\text{initexmf -u}$ ” to accomplish the same thing.

Users not willing or able to install the files system-wide can install them in their personal directories, but will then have to provide the path (full or relative) in addition to the filename when referring to them in  $\text{\LaTeX}$ .

