Portfolio Part 3: Accompanying Instructions

STAT 244

These instructions refer to the specific video on Moodle: Portfolio Part 3: Pushing to Github from RStudio. Please note that this document *does not replace* the video instructions.

Make sure all commands are run in the Terminal (on the bottom of RStudio), which is the tab next to Console and Background Jobs.

- **i** (1) Note: At Time 00:19 in Video:
 - Ignore all the files I have on the bottom right
 - Your code space will just have .gitignore, your Rproj file, and README.md.
- (2) Command At Time 00:28 in Video (Optional)

ls -al ~/.ssh

- This command lists (using ls) all keys currently existing in a (hidden) file called ~/.ssh
- Even if you have a key here, you probably should generate a new one, so running this command isn't strictly necessary; you can proceed with the video.
- (3) Command At Time 01:01 in Video:

ssh-keygen -t ed25519 -C "your_email@example.com"

- Replace "your_email@example.com" with your MHC email address.
- This command generates a personal key for you.

(4) Command At Time 02:00 in Video:

eval "\$(ssh-agent -s)"

(5) Command At Time 02:20 in Video:

ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_ed25519

(6) Command At Time 02:33 in Video:

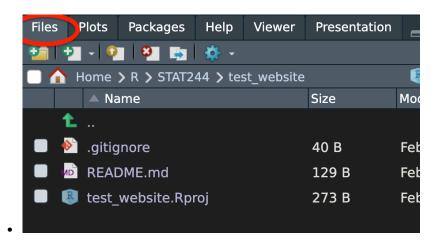
cat ~/.ssh/id_ed25519.pub

- The command cat prints the content of a file in the terminal (which we will then copy)
- When copying your key from the terminal (after using cat to output it), don't add any newlines or white space.
- (7) Command At Time 04:12 in Video:

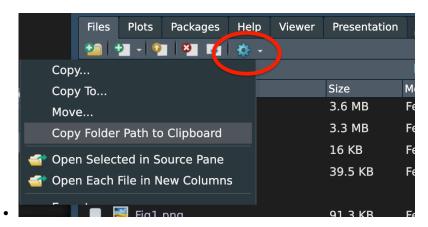
git remote -v

If this command generates an error with the words git and fatal, rest assured – this simply means you are not entering the commands in the directory (folder) where your Github documents are located.

• To fix this, go to the Files explorer and find the folder with your .gitignore, README.md, and Rproj file (mine is called test_website.Rproj):



• Click on the blue Gear icon and select Copy Folder Path to Clipboard. This will copy the exact location of your folder.



- In Terminal, type cd (which is cd followed by a space) and then paste in your folder location from your clipboard. For example, I would have: cd ~/R/STAT244/test_website
- In general, the command cd in Terminal means "go to this location" (for Linux systems).
- Now you should try:

```
git remote -v
```

and you should see something akin to what is in the video:

```
origin https://github.com/lauralyman/lauralyman.github.io.git

origin https://github.com/lauralyman/lauralyman.github.io.git (pull)
```

♀ (8) Full Command At Time 05:33 in Video:

The video makes this hard to see, but the entire command is:

```
git remote set-url origin git@github.com:OWNER/REPOSITORY.git
```

where you replace OWNER with your Github username (mine is lauralyman) and REPOSITORY with the name of your online repository (which should end in github.io; mine is lauralyman.github.io). So the command I enter is:

References

- Checking for existing SSH keys
- Generating a new SSH key and adding it to the ssh-agent
- Adding a new SSH key to your GitHub account
- Managing remote repositories