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## **Practice 1**

### **BASIC CONCEPTS. INTRODUCTION TO THE USE OF EQUIPMENT**

#### **Objectives:**

The aim of this practice is that the students have a first contact with the lab and become familiar with the management of the basic instrumentation.

#### **FIRST PART**

##### **Verification of the truth table of a NAND gate**

**Duration of practice: 2 hours**

Instrumentation in the lab

- Power supply
- Digital multimeter
- Connectors

#### **Material the student must bring**

##### **Common to all practices**

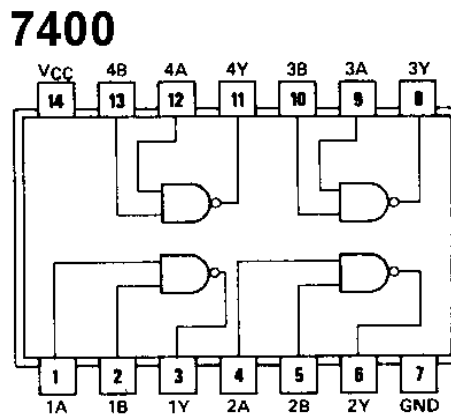
The equipment needed (**per pair**) will be:

- Breadboard (placa de inserción)
- flat nose pliers (alicates de punta plana)
- Wire stripper, scissors (Electrician), wire cutters or similar (pelacables,, tijeras de electricista)
- Small screwdriver (destornillador pequeño)
- Thin wire to connect components (without threads and rigid with the thickness suitable for insertion). (cable para conexión)

##### **Specific to this practice**

- Integrated circuit 7400: two-input NAND gates.
- LED.
- Two resistors of 1K and one of 2K2.
- Microswitches.

## Characteristics of CI 7400:



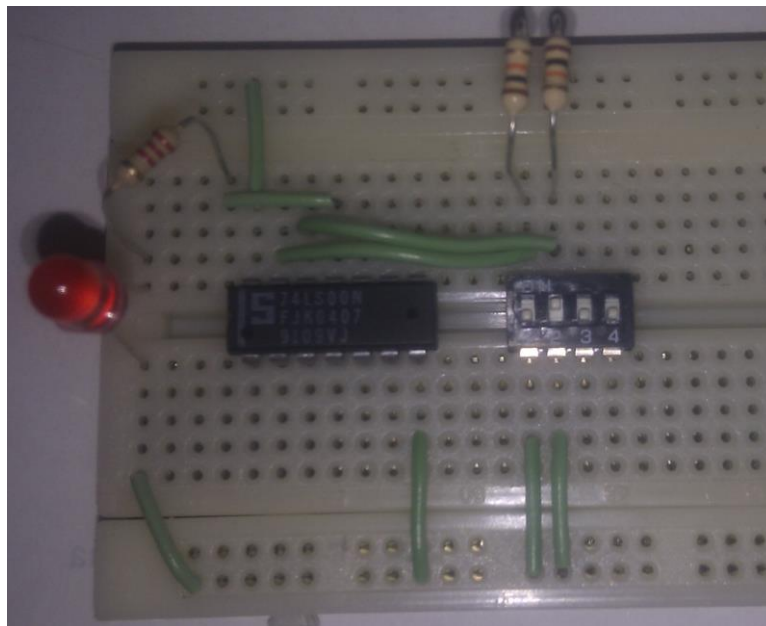
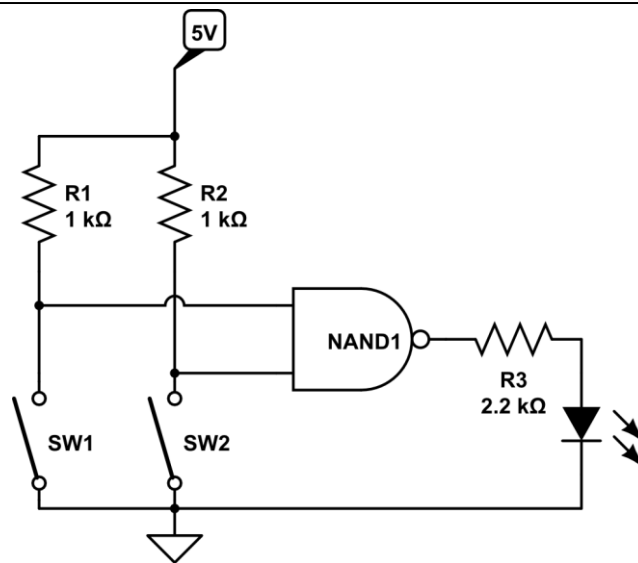
**DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE** (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max		
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0			V	Guaranteed Input HIGH Voltage for All Inputs
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage			0.8	V	Guaranteed Input LOW Voltage for All Inputs
$V_{IK}$	Input Clamp Diode Voltage		-0.65	-1.5	V	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $I_{IN} = -18 \text{ mA}$
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	2.7	3.5		V	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $I_{OH} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ per Truth Table
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage		0.25	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{ mA}$
			0.35	0.5	V	$I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current			20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IN} = 2.7 \text{ V}$
				0.1	mA	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IN} = 7.0 \text{ V}$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current			-0.4	mA	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IN} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
$I_{OS}$	Short Circuit Current (Note 1)	-20		-100	mA	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$
$I_{CC}$	Power Supply Current Total, Output HIGH			1.6	mA	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$
	Total, Output LOW			4.4		

Note 1: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, nor for more than 1 second.

## Practice Development:

For practical development we use the circuit shown in the following figure. The photograph is an indication to facilitate mounting components, do not follow exactly the assembly shown therein.



## 1. Assembly and performance

Assemble the previous circuit and verify the truth table of the NAND gate.

A	B	NAND
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	

Measure the input and output voltages for the different values of the truth table.



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A (Voltios)	B (Voltios)	NAND (Voltios)

## SECOND PART

### Functions with NAND gates

**Duration of practice: 2 hours**

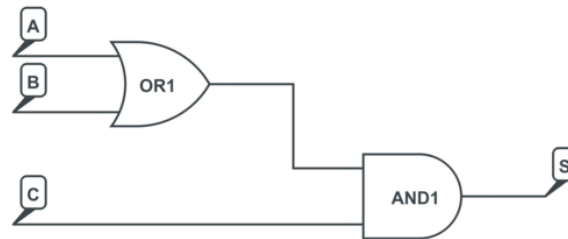
#### 1. 3-input NAND gate

Making a 3-input NAND gate with two input NAND gates. Apply de Morgan laws. Assemble the circuit and verify the truth table.

A	B	C	NAND
0	0	0	
0	0	1	
0	1	0	
0	1	1	
1	0	0	
1	0	1	
1	1	0	
1	1	1	

## 2. logic Functions

Deduce the logic function performed by the following circuit.



Describe the truth table of the logic function.

A	B	C	S
0	0	0	
0	0	1	
0	1	0	
0	1	1	
1	0	0	
1	0	1	
1	1	0	
1	1	1	