

Código full-subtractor usando 2 half-subtractors:

```

1 `timescale 1ns/1ns
2 module halfsubtractor_tb();
3   reg a, b, c;
4   wire diff, borrow;
5   wire n1, n2, n3;
6
7   fullsubtractor half_test(.a(a), .b(b), .c(c), .diff(diff),
8   .borrow(borrow));
9   initial begin
10     a = 0;
11     b = 0;
12     c = 0;
13     #1
14     a = 0;
15     b = 0;
16     c = 1;
17     #1
18     a = 0;
19     b = 1;
20     c = 0;
21     #1
22

```

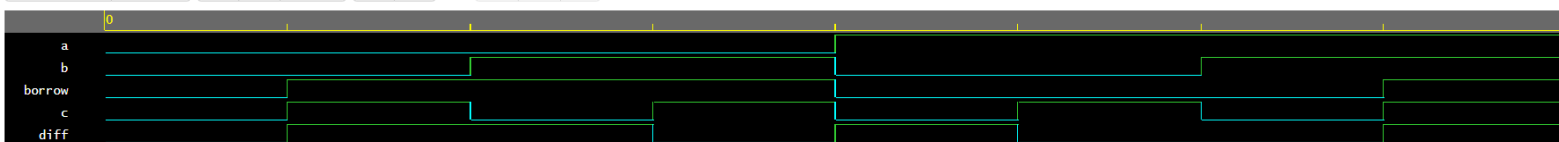
```

1 module halfsubtractor(a, b, diff, borrow);
2   input a, b;
3   output diff, borrow;
4
5   assign diff = a ^ b;
6   assign borrow = ~a & b;
7 endmodule
8
9 module fullsubtractor(a, b, c, diff, borrow);
10  input a, b, c;
11  output diff, borrow;
12  wire n1, n2, n3;
13
14  halfsubtractor first(.a(a), .b(b), .diff(n1), .borrow(n2));
15  halfsubtractor second(.a(n1), .b(c), .diff(diff), .borrow(n3));
16  assign borrow = n3 | n2;
17
18 endmodule
19
20

```

Diff= Vale 1 cuando la diferencia entre a, b y c es 1 ($a - b - c = \text{abs}(1)$)

Borrow = Vale 1 en el momento que detecte una resta negativa ($a-b < 0 \mid b-c < 0$)



Apuntes:

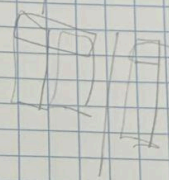
Full subtractor

T₀ T₀ Half-subtractor

A	B	Diff	Borrow
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0

$$\text{Diff}_1 = A \oplus B$$

$$\text{Borrow}_1 = \bar{A}B$$



T₀ T₀ Full-subtractor

A	B	C	Diff	Borrow
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

$$7-5 = 111$$

$$101$$

$$010$$

Borrow

$$14-8 = 1110$$

$$1000$$

$$0110$$

Diff

Diff₂

C \ AB	00	01	11	10
0		1		1
1	1		1	

Borrow₂

C \ AB	00	01	11	10
0		1		
1	1	1	1	

$$\bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + A\bar{B}C + A\bar{B}\bar{C}$$

$$C(\bar{A}\bar{B} + AB) + \bar{C}(\bar{A}B + A\bar{B})$$

$$C(A \oplus B) + \bar{C}(A \oplus B)$$

$$C \sim (A \oplus B) + \bar{C}(A \oplus B)$$

$$C \oplus \text{Diff}_1$$

$$\bar{A}C + \bar{A}B + BC = \text{Borrow}_1 + C(\bar{A} + B)$$

$$\bar{A}(C + B) + BC$$