**Starter:** How do I output the species values for each of the dictionaries?

```
animals = [
     {'species': 'zebra', 'name': 'Penelope'},
     {'species': 'penguin', 'name': 'Jenn'},
     {'species': 'elephant', 'name': 'Harris'},
     {'species': 'flamingo', 'name': 'Florence'},
]
```



Python Session 5

### This session

- 1. Files
- 2. Pip package manager
- 3. APIs

**Reading/Writing Files** 

### Writing to a file

### Reading from a file

Joanne Susan Amina **Exercise 5.1:** Create a to-do list program that writes user input to a file

The program should:

- Ask the user to input a new to-do item
- Read the contents of the existing to-do items
- Add the new to do item to the existing to-do items
- Save the updated to-do items

You will need to manually create a new file called todo.txt in the same folder as your program before you start

#### Solution

Enter a to-do item: Walk the dog

**Working With CSV Files** 

#### Writing a CSV

#### Reading a CSV

{'name': 'Sara', 'age': '28'}

**Exercise 5.2:** This program is supposed to read data about trees from a file to find the shortest tree. Complete the program adding code to open trees.csv.

The trees.csv file included with your student guides. Save the csv file in the same folder as your Python program.

**Extension:** Find the tallest tree and print its height

```
In [ ]: spreadsheet = # Add code to open the csv file
    headers = spreadsheet.fieldnames
    print(headers)
    heights = []
    for row in spreadsheet:
        tree_height = row['height']
        heights.append(tree_height)
    shortest_height = min(heights)
    print(shortest_height)
```

#### Solution

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['id', 'height', 'species', 'age']

#### Extension solution

['id', 'height', 'species', 'age']

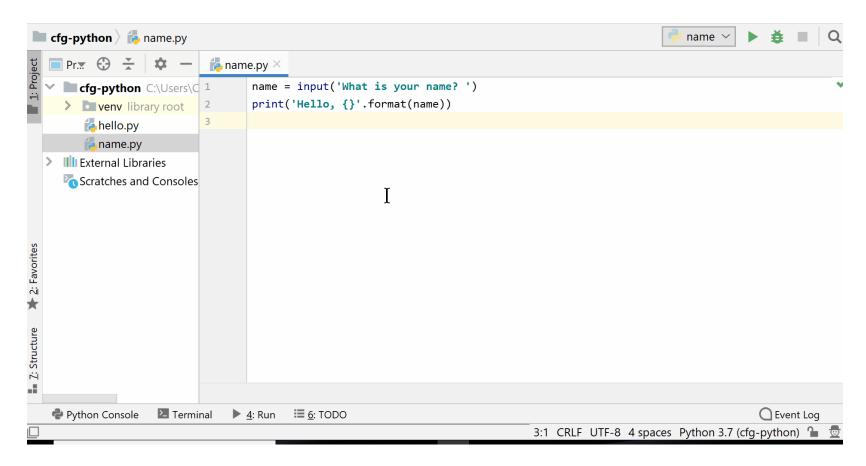
107 998

```
In [8]:
        import csv
         with open('trees.csv', 'r') as csv file:
             spreadsheet = csv.DictReader(csv file)
             headers = spreadsheet.fieldnames
             print(headers)
             heights = []
             for row in spreadsheet:
                 tree_height = row['height']
                 heights.append(tree height)
         shortest_height = min(heights)
         print(shortest height)
         tallest_height = max(heights)
         print(tallest height)
```

Python Pip

<b>pip:</b> A package	manager used to instal	I libraries that other	people have written

### pip is used via the terminal (command-line)

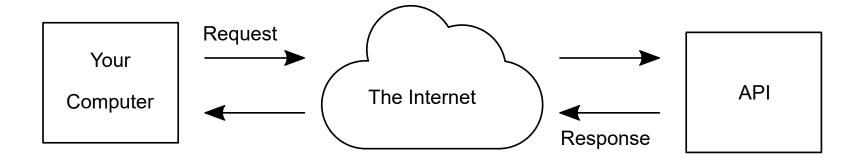


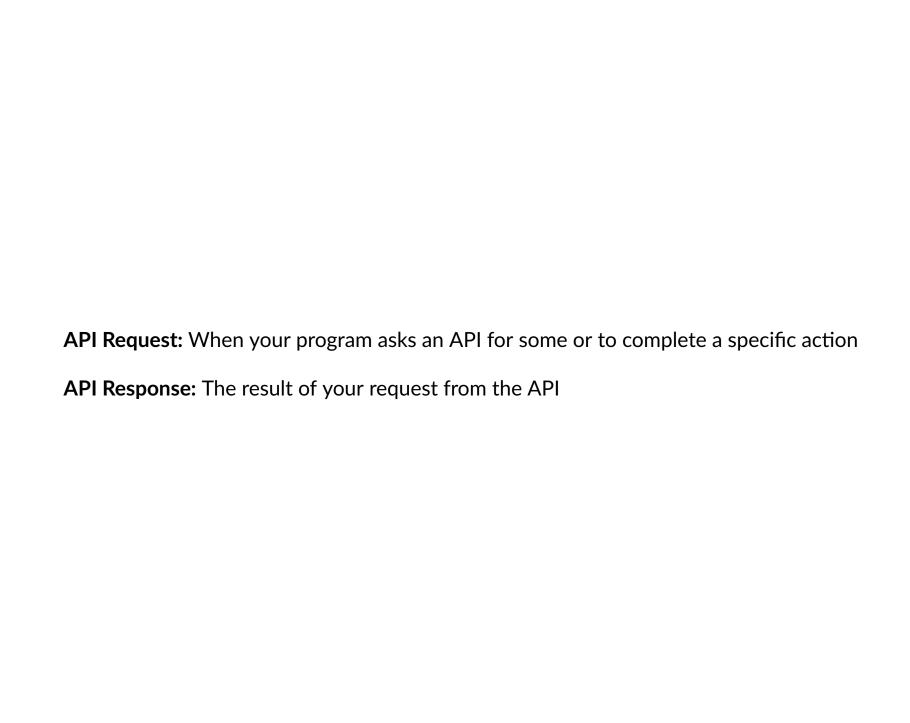
# Install the requests library using pip

command-line
pip install requests

**APIs: Reading Stuff** 

Application Programming Interface (API): A way for different programs to interact. For	
example they can send data to one another.	
Web APIs allow you to interact with other programs over the internet.	





The Cat API is an API to get Cats

thecatapi.com (https://thecatapi.com/)

We're going to use it to get information about the dozens of cat breeds

Save this as cat\_breeds.py

```
In [ ]: import requests
    from pprint import pprint

url = 'https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/breeds'

response = requests.get(url)
    print(response)

breeds = response.json()
    pprint(breeds)
```

# Reponse status codes:

Status Code	Name	Explanation
200	ОК	The request worked
404	Not found	Couldn't find the url you requested
400	Bad request	The request you made isn't understood

Exercise 5.3: Get the *name* and *origin* of all cat breeds and print the output Extension: Print if the breed is typically intelligent (intelligence is equal to or greater than 4)

#### Solution

```
In [ ]: import requests

url = 'https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/breeds'

response = requests.get(url)
print(response)

breeds = response.json()

for breed in breeds:
    print('Name: {}'.format(breed['name']))
    print('Origin: {}'.format(breed['origin']))
    print()
```

#### **Extension Solution**

```
In []: import requests
    url = 'https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/breeds'
    response = requests.get(url)
    print(response)

    breeds = response.json()

for breed in breeds:
    print('Name: {}'.format(breed['name']))
    print('Origin: {}'.format(breed['origin']))
    if breed['intelligence'] >= 4:
        print('Intelligent')
        print()
```

## Save to files

```
In [1]: import requests

url = 'https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/images/search?format=src'

response = requests.get(url)
with open('cat.png', 'wb+') as f:
    f.write(response.content)
```



Recap

### This session

- 1. Files
- 2. Pip package manager
- 3. APIs

**Question 1:** What is a web API?

Question 2: What is the purpose of pip and PyPI?

### **Question 3:** Explain what this code does:

```
In [ ]: import requests

url = 'https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/breeds'
response = requests.get(url)
data = response.json()

print(data['description'])
```

**Homework:** Session 5 homework questions on the mini-site Look at the project suggestions in your project guide and think about which one you might like to work on