

Computeranimation

Lesson 5 – Mass-Spring-Networks

Motivation

Topics

- Rigid Transformation
- Animation
- Collision
- Dynamic
- **Mass-Spring Simulation**
- Rigging and Skeletal Animation

Introduction

Mass-Spring-Systems

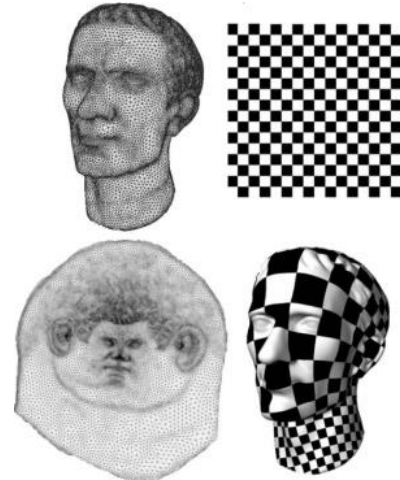
Mass-Spring-Networks

Application

Introduction

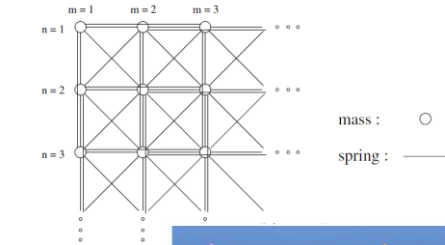
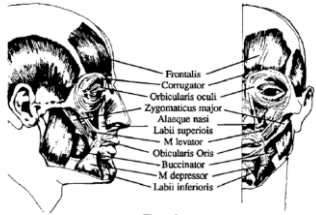
Basic Setup

- Mass Spring Systems (MSS) can be used to represent e.g. soft deformable objects
- Most ***Cloth Simulation*** Systems are originated from MSS
- Similar applications can be found in ***parameterization***

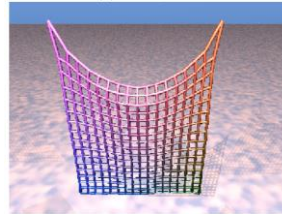


Introduction

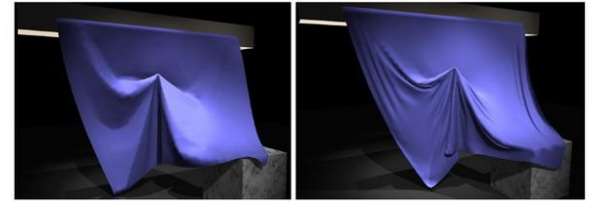
A Brief History of Cloth Simulation



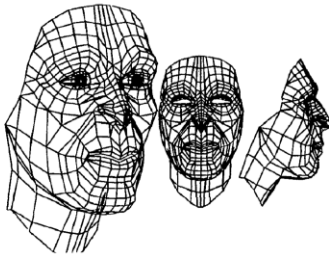
[Provot96]



[Mueller07]



[Keith Waters87]



[Tyson13]



Introduction

Mass-Spring-Systems

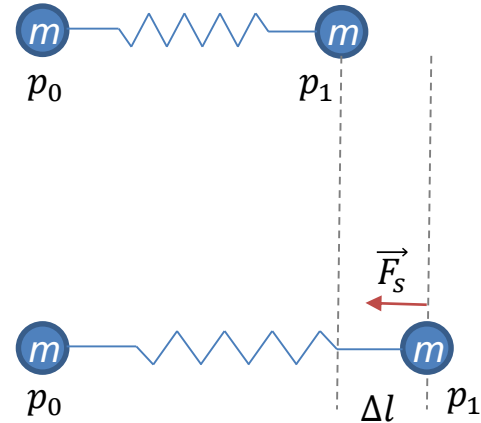
Mass-Spring-Networks

Application

Mass-Spring-Systems

Basic Setup

- To simulate cloth we define a System consisting of
 - Particles with a mass m
 - A spring connecting the particles with stiffness coefficient k and rest length l_0
- When a Spring is elongated it induces a Force \vec{F}_s

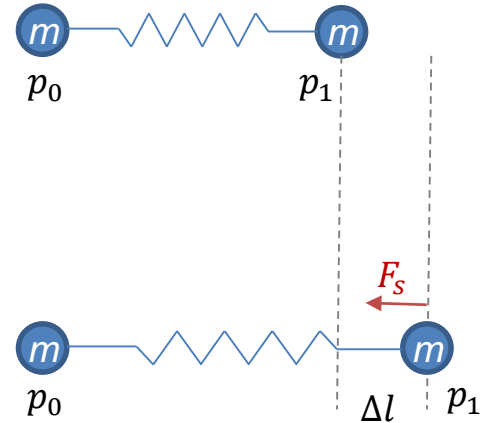


Mass-Spring-Systems

Hooke's Law

- The Force induced by a stretched spring...
 - acts in the direction to force the spring in the rest state
 - depends *linearly* on the amount of stretch and the spring stiffness coefficient

$$\vec{F}_s = \frac{(\vec{p}_1 - \vec{p}_0)}{\|\vec{p}_1 - \vec{p}_0\|} k \cdot \Delta l$$

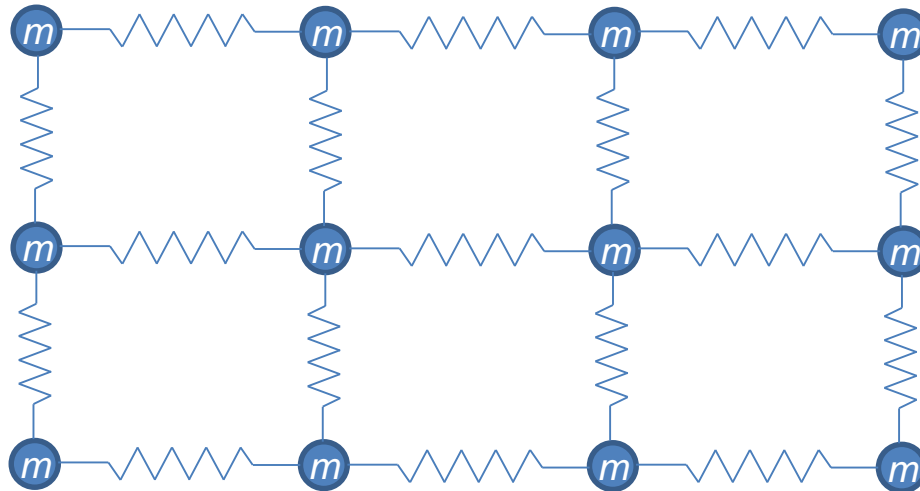


Introduction
Mass-Spring-Systems
Mass-Spring-Networks
Application

Mass-Spring-Networks

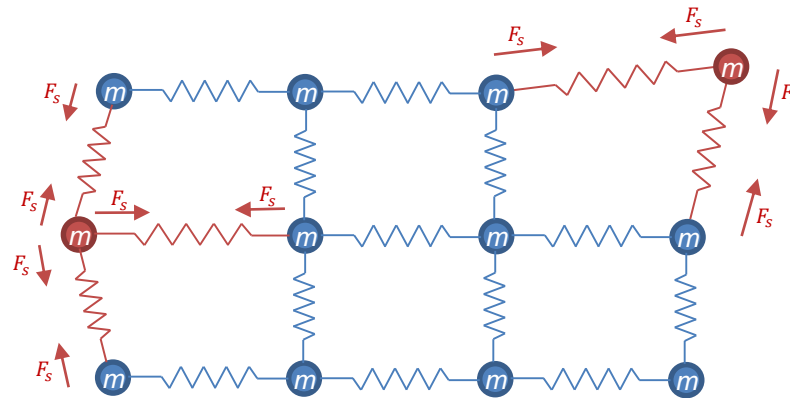
Basic Setup

- To simulate a deformable surface, a network of mass particles and springs is created



Mass-Spring-Networks

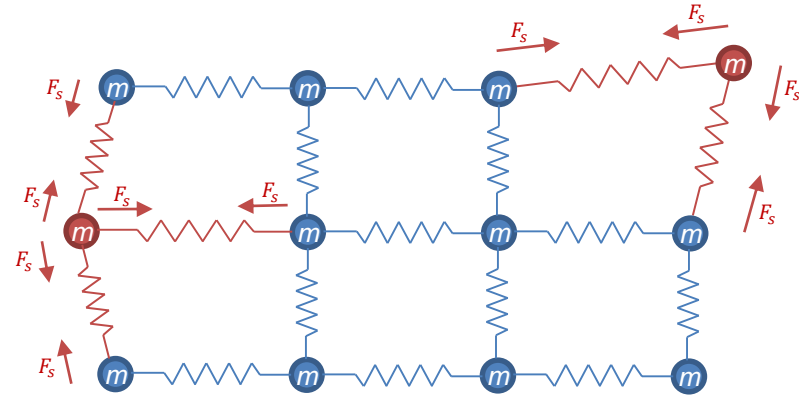
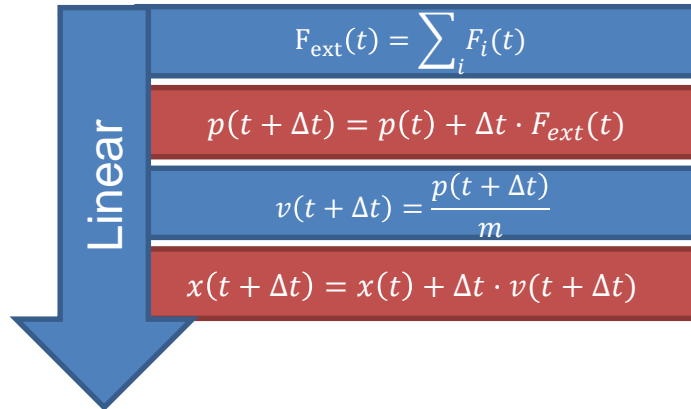
Over-Elongated Springs



Mass-Spring-Networks

Simulation

- For each Particle the sum of spring Forces are added to \vec{F}_{ext}
- Subsequential the integration is done as known:



Introduction

Mass-Spring-Systems

Mass-Spring-Networks

Application