Determining the size of Coronal Bright Points using cross-correlation methods and data from AIA/SDO

Laurel Farris

10 April 2017

1

Outline

Introduction

Maths

Contents

Introduction

Math

What is a Coronal Bright Point (CBP)?

General

- Aka. X-ray bright point
- · Ubiquitous across solar disk
- Dominate during solar minimum
- Emerging flux vs. cancelling bipoles (opposite polarity magnetic features cancelling)
- Lifetimes: 1 hour \sim few days
- Size \sim 10-30 arcsec (22 Mm); cores \sim 4-7 Mm

Contents

Introduction

Maths

Cross-correlation

$$f(t) \star g(t) = f(-t) * g(t)$$

Here is some text.



Here is some text.

Contents

More

Supplemental content. Back to main

Block title

Text.

T

ext.

Properties from the literature

	period	decay time	velocity
kink osc	2-20 m	quickly	_
sausage osc	30 s – 7 m	_	_
acoustic osc	7-31 m	5-30 m	200 km s^{-1}
acoustic waves	140-420 s (2-7 m)	_	$35-165 \text{ km s}^{-1}$
fast waves	_	_	$>150 {\rm \ km \ s^{-1}}$
torsional modes	10 m	long	1000 km s^{-1}