

工作总结与安排

上周工作

- 使用MRCNN模型提取有用信息；

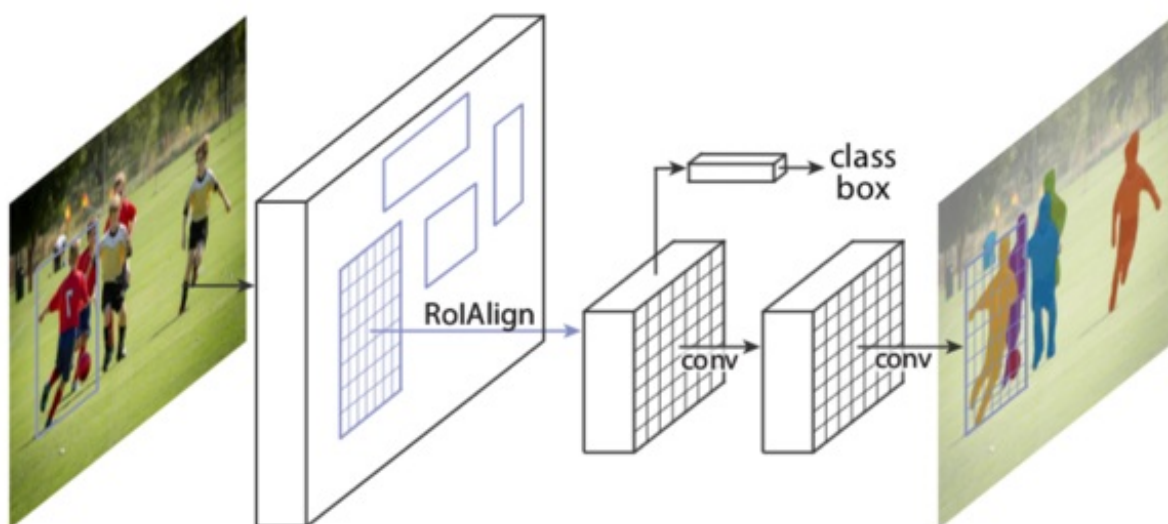
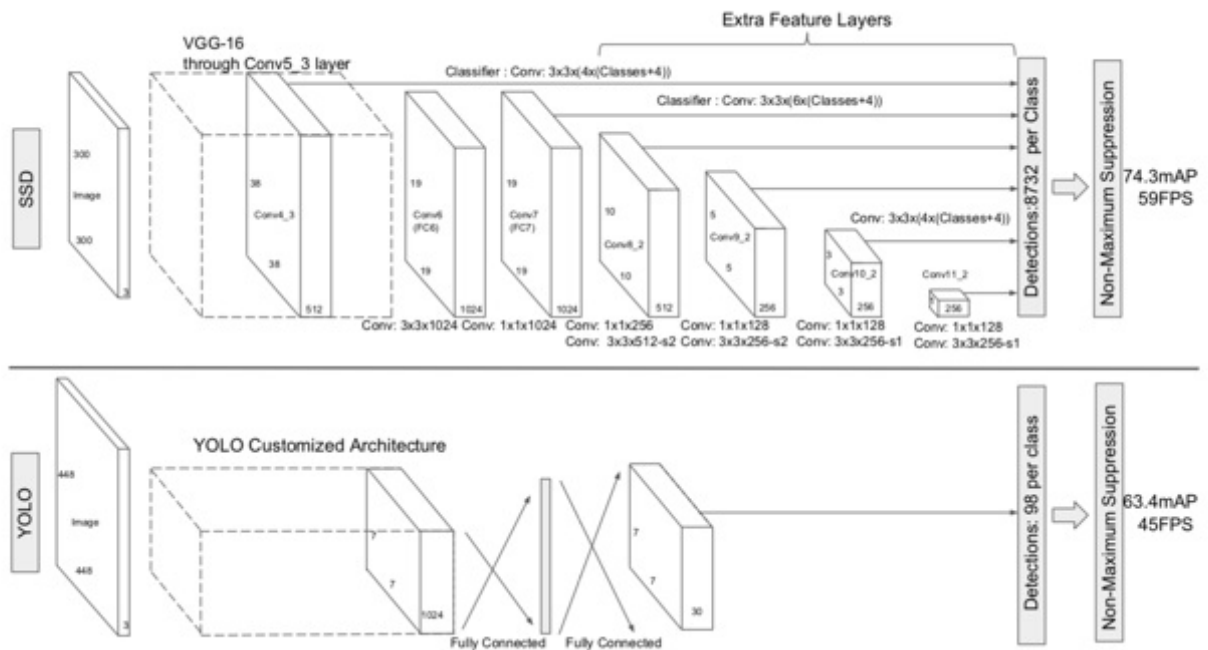


Figure 1. The **Mask R-CNN** framework for instance segmentation.

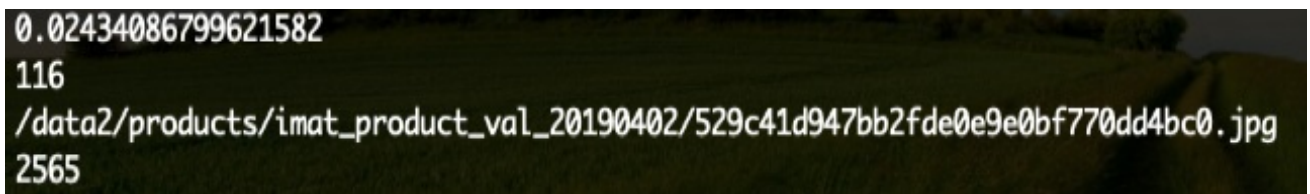
使用MRCNN模型对图片做预测，下面这个数字是使用一块GTX 1080跑一天处理的图片数（大概一秒1张半的样子）；这个方法速度慢，但是基本上每天都可以有结果；

```
5559b155637b0a4c1d745200155d7bc7.json aab175bc92a7d57555852acc60c4c000.json  
553a40a003bf6d84c6ae21e480f73e13.json aab1ff78da261a52d5cfa14854287421.json  
lizhonghuan@user:/data2/products/mrcnn_res/train1$ ls -l |grep "^-"|wc -l  
33017  
lizhonghuan@user:/data2/products/mrcnn_res/train1$
```

- 使用SSD进行目标检测；



下面这个结果是116/2565，大概可以检测到的信息比率是4.5%，约20ms处理一张；SSD的处理速度较快，但是有大部分图片会没有信息，有信息的话绝大多数是单目标；



下周安排

图像分割

Fully Convolutional Networks for Semantic Segmentation (FCN)

Mask R-CNN

Fully Convolutional Instance-aware Semantic Segmentation(FCIS)

FastFCN: Rethinking Dilated Convolution in the Backbone for Semantic Segmentation

Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation

Learning a Discriminative Feature Network for Semantic Segmentation

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