FOSS and the law

COMP8440: FOSSD Lecture 6



IANAL

(I am not a lawyer, this is not legal advice)

Areas of Law

- FOSS intersects with many areas of law
 - Copyright who can distribute a work
 - Patents government granted monopolies on ideas
 - Trade Secrets stuff that people want to keep secret
 - Trademarks names that are owned
- 'Intellectual Property'
 - A term greatly disliked by many in the FOSS community
 - Can lead to confusion as it lumps together very different areas of law

Derived Work

- A key concept for FOSS licensing
 - Often arises in questions on whether a license applies
 - Common (but misleading) rule of thumb on 'linking' and 'same address space'
 - Is a plugin module a derived work of the program?

A "derivative work" is a work based upon one or more preexisting works, such as a translation, musical arrangement, dramatization, fictionalization, motion picture version, sound recording, art reproduction, abridgment, condensation, or any other form in which a work may be recast, transformed, or adapted. A work consisting of editorial revisions, annotations, elaborations, or other modifications which, as a whole, represent an original work of authorship, is a "derivative work"

(US legal definition of derivative work)

Copyright Policies

- Many projects have a 'copyright policy'
 - Some projects require copyright assignment
 - Facilitates enforcement and re-licensing
 - May add 'legal friction' to development
 - Some projects use a 'signed-off' system
 - Pioneered by the Linux kernel
 - Implies agreement to Developers Certificate of Origin
 - Adoption of signed-off a result of SCO lawsuit
 - Some projects require non-corporate copyright
 - A result of some curious legal history for Samba
 - Some projects require a sign-up process
- Policies can backfire
 - Companies have used the policies to effectively avoid their license obligations

Patents

- A monopoly on an idea
 - A (limited term) government granted exclusive right
- Problems for FOSS
 - Expensive to gain, maintain and fight
 - Many software patents are trivial, but dangerous
 - Independent invention is not a defence

If people had understood how patents would be granted when most of today's ideas were invented, and had taken out patents, the industry would be at a complete standstill today

(Bill Gates, 1991)

Patents (continued)

- Efforts to defend against patents
 - Open Invention Nertwork
 - Patent pool
 - Peer-to-patent
 - Defensive publications
 - PubPat
 - Patent challenges
- License terms
 - Many FOSS licenses have patent defence clauses
 - Try to ensure we all sink or swim together
 - GPLv2 has patent defence, but Microsoft tried to sidestep it
 - GPLv3 strengthens those terms

Trademarks

- Exclusive right to a name or logo
 - Usually tied to a product type
 - Must be actively defended, or it can be lost
- Should a FOSS project register a trademark?
 - Can prevent abuse of projects name
 - · Can be expensive (especially in time) to defend
- Well known FOSS trademarks
 - Linux trademark (managed by Linux Foundation)
 - First gained as a result of a scam attempt
 - Distro trademarks (eg. RedHat)
 - Interesting problems for derived distributions
 - Mozilla Firefox trademark
 - led to IceWeasel

EULAs

- End User License Agreement
 - Rarely read, but can be toxic
 - Care needs to be taken by FOSS developers
- Common problems
 - Anti reverse engineering terms
 - Non-compete terms (eg. BitMover license)
 - OS or hardware ties
 - Can affects wine and virtualisation systems

License Enforcement

- What if a FOSS license is violated?
 - Infringer is approached, in a friendly fashion
 - Often infringement is not deliberate
 - Or results from misunderstanding FOSS
 - Most projects seek compliance, not payment
 - Can often be solved with a phone call or email
- When that fails
 - Seek help from groups like the SFLC
 - Software Freedom Law Center
 - If GPL software, contact gpl-violations.org

Further reading

- Key FOSS law sites
 - groklaw.net FOSS law discussions
 - pubpat.org patent reform and information
 - softwarefreedom.org defending FOSS