# TP1: first steps ROS

### Introduction to the environment

In the following you will practice the basics of ROS: subscribing and publishing to a **topic**, create your first **node** and controlling a robot with the keyboard.

All the ROS environment is already setup into a Docker container. To start it, enter the following command line:

```
./run.sh
```

To exit the container, use Ctrl + D, or the command line:

```
exit
```

ROS needs lots terminals to run the commands we need in this TP. So, we are encouraging you to use a terminal multiplexer, as *terminator* or *tmux*.

Run terminator command to open a new windows with terminator. Here some usefull shortcuts:

- Toggle fullscreen: F11
- Split terminals horizontally: Ctrl + Shift + O
- Split terminals vertically: Ctrl + Shift + E
- Close current Panel: Ctrl + Shift + W
- Open new tab: Ctrl + Shift + T
- Move to the terminal above the current one: Alt + ↑
- Move to the terminal below the current one: Alt + ↓
- Move to the terminal left of the current one: Alt + ←
- Move to the terminal right of the current one: Alt + →

### Part 1: publishing/subscribing to a topic

The first thing you should run is the **roscore** when you ROS, with the command:

```
roscore
```

Now open a new terminal above (Ctrl + Shift + O) and split it in two (Ctrl + Shift + E). You can click or use the shortcuts to navigates between the terminals.

In one terminal, list the current published topics using

```
rostopic list
```

For more information about rostopic you can use

```
rostopic help
```

In one terminal, subscribe to the topic /my\_topic, with the following command:

```
rostopic echo /my_topic
```

In the oher terminal, use the following command to publish a message containing a Float32 value to this topic:

```
rostopic pub /my_topic std_msgs/Float32 "data: 42.0"
```

The message sent will be shown in the first terminal. Well done, you just publish your first message in ROS!

List of ros message types could be found using the following command

```
rosmsg list
```

You can use the following command to get information about a message:

```
rosmsg info name_of_message_type
```

#### More difficult:

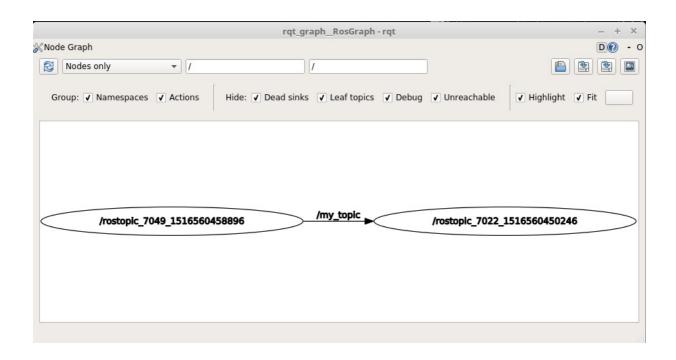
- Use the correct command to display the information concerning the message type std\_msgs/String
- Publish a message each second on /my\_second\_topic with the type std msgs/String and with your name as content
- Listen to this topic

#### Tips:

- to kill a command you can use Crtl + C
- try to change the value of the data send by the publisher to understand the mechanism
- you can publish a value with a specific rate, with the option -r. For a message sent each second:

```
rostopic pub -r 1.0 /my_topic std_msgs/Float32 "data: 42.0"
```

- use rostopic list to list all topics avalaible
- you can show the connexion between nodes using the command rqt\_graph



Part 2: let's code it in Python!

#### **Publisher node**

Create a file talker.py.

This node called talker will publish a std\_msgs/Float32 message to the topic /counter.

Complete the following code to publish every seconds the current counter, incremented by one at every loop cycle:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# python client for ROS
import rospy
# Float32 message
from std_msgs.msg import Float32

def talker():
    # init the node: rospy.init_node(NODE_NAME)
    rospy.init_node( ) # <--COMPLETE HERE

# init the publisher with the method signature:</pre>
```

Save the code into talker.py file, then execute the node with the command:

```
python talker.py
```

In an other terminal use rostopic echo to display the message that you are publishing. When you manage to see your message you can move to the next section.

#### Subscriber node

This node called listener will subscribe to the topic /counter and print the message to the output. For this you will define a subscriber that will call a function each time a new message is received (i.e using a callback).

Complete the following code into listener.py file:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import rospy
from std_msgs.msg import Float32
def callback(counter):
    rospy.loginfo("counter value: %d", counter.data)
def listener():
    # COMPLETE HERE
   rospy.init_node( ) # <-- COMPLETE HERE, warning each</pre>
node must have an unique name
    # init the subscriber with the method signature:
rospy.Subsciber(TOPIC NAME, MESSAGE TYPE, CALLBACK METHOD)
    sub = rospy.Subscriber( ) # <-- COMPLETE HERE</pre>
    # spin() simply keeps python from exiting until this node
is stopped
   rospy.spin()
if __name__ == '__main__':
    try:
        listener()
    except rospy.ROSInterruptException:
        pass
```

Execute the node with the command:

```
python listener.py
```

## Part 3: controlling a robot with the keyboard

Writes a node to control the **TurtleSim** robot using the keyboard. You will use:

• the TurtleSim viewer with the command: rosrun turtlesim turtlesim node

- find the topic to publish on, with: rosnode info NODE\_NAME
- explore the message needed by the robot: rostopic info TOPIC\_NAME
- find the message specifications, with: rosmsg show MSG\_NAME

#### **Tips**

- code for 1 is key 65
- code for ↓ is key 66
- code for → is key 67
- code for ← is key 68
- you can access to the key code with:

```
import sys
import tty
tty.setcbreak(sys.stdin)
while True:
    key = ord(sys.stdin.read(1))
```