



First Look at Flavour Tagging In Stable Beam Collisions

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Flavour Tagging Weekly 16/06/15





Aims

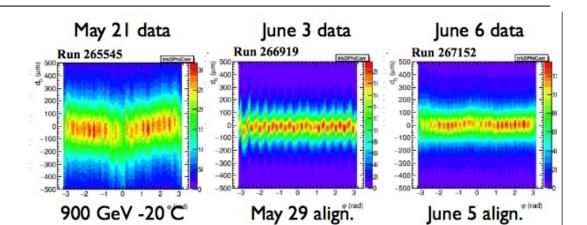
- Use dijets to compare data to MC.
- Get an early indication performance of the b-tagging algorithms in Run2 Collisions

Samples

- •user.vdao.mc15_13TeV.*.Pythia8EvtGen_jetjet_JZ*W.merge.AOD.*.BTAGNTUP_OrigV8full_BTAG STREAM/
- JZ1W-JZ6W No JZ0W
- ~ 1M Events
- user.vdao.data15_13TeV. 00267073.physics_Main.merge.AOD.f594_m1435.BTAGNTUP_V9full_BTAGSTREAM.30598468
- First stable beam collisions!
- ~11M Events from Run 267073
- 29th May Alignment

Beam Spot Quality
- Eric Torrence









Trigger Selections

- L1 RD0 Filled Trigger, P_T > 75 GeV
- See mostly JZ2 so increase MC stats
- L1 RD0 Filled Trigger with P_T > 35 GeV.
- Less stringing cuts on data allow us to more data (and MC) points to reduce statistical effects.
- L1 J50 Trigger with P_T > 175 GeV In the Backup
- This trigger is used with a large P_T cut such that the trigger is at optimal efficiency

Details/Cuts

- njets ≥ 1
- Leading Jet
- Subleading Jet, P_T > 25 GeV
- Run1MediumBadCuts == 0
- |eta| < 2.5
- Truth PV Check for MC
- abs(truth PVz reco PVz) < 0.5mm
- Truth Dijet Test for MC
- (pt 1+pt 2)/2 < 1.4* truth pt 1, for njet > 1
- (pt 1 < 1.4 * truth pt 1), for njet =1

- Good Run Cut for Data
- Run 267073
- LBN: 368-410, 413-416,
- 442-466, 471-485 and
- 491 to 724
- LabDr HadF truth matching.
- AntiKt4EMTopoJets.

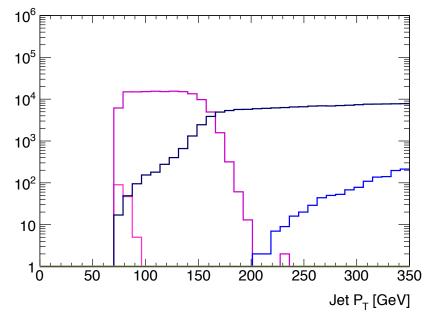


Jets

Jet P_T [GeV]

Di-jet sample re-weighting

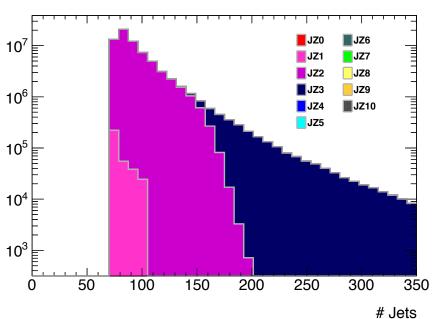
L1_RD0_Filled •UCL

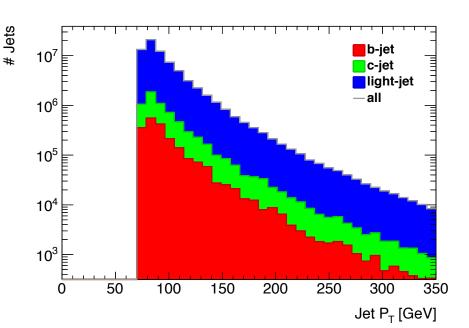


Total = mcwg*(Filter Eff.)*(CS[fb])*(Lumi[fb-1])
Weight = (# Events)

I think #events is right but we will do tests.

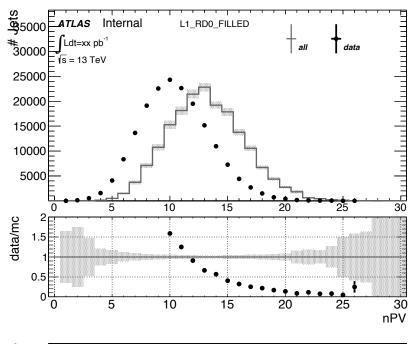
```
Xs(fb) Eff. Slice and Energy
7.8420E+13 6.7198E-04 #JZ1W 20-60 GeV
2.4334E+12 3.3264E-04 #JZ2W 60-160 GeV
2.6454E+10 3.1953E-04 #JZ3W 160-400 GeV
2.5464E+08 5.3009E-04 #JZ4W 400-800 GeV
4.5536E+06 9.2325E-04 #JZ5W 800-1300 GeV
2.5752E+05 9.4016E-04 #JZ6W 1300-1800 GeV
```

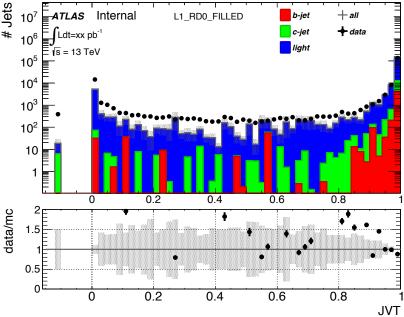


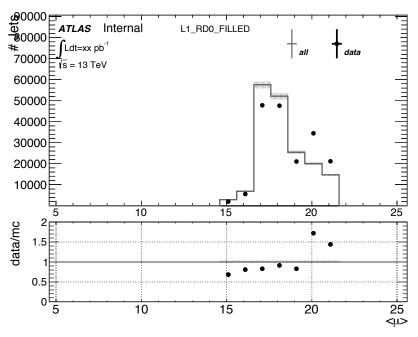


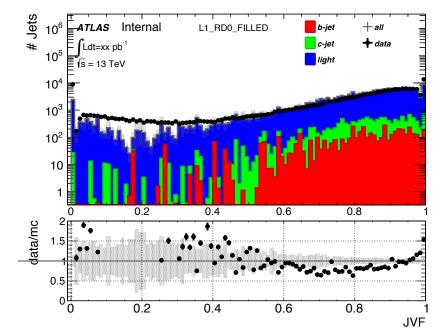
Event/Jet Properties







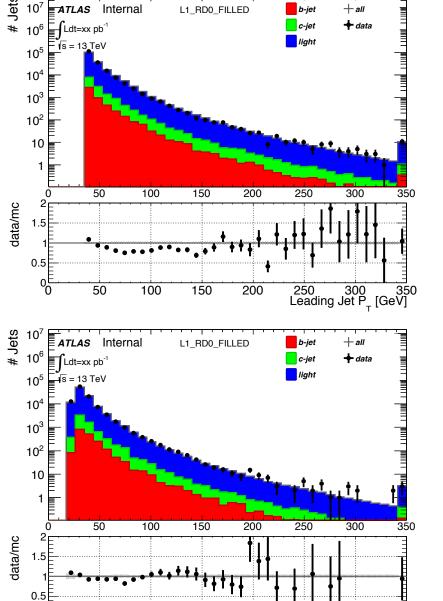




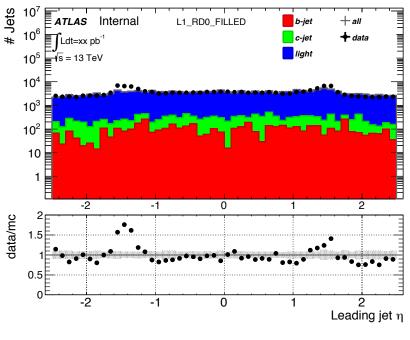


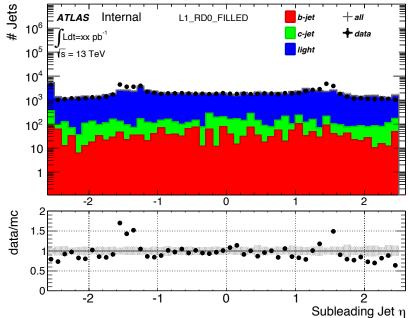
Jet Kinematic Distributions





 $\begin{array}{ccc} 250 & 300 & 350 \\ \text{Subleading Jet P}_{\mathsf{T}} \left[\text{GeV} \right] \end{array}$





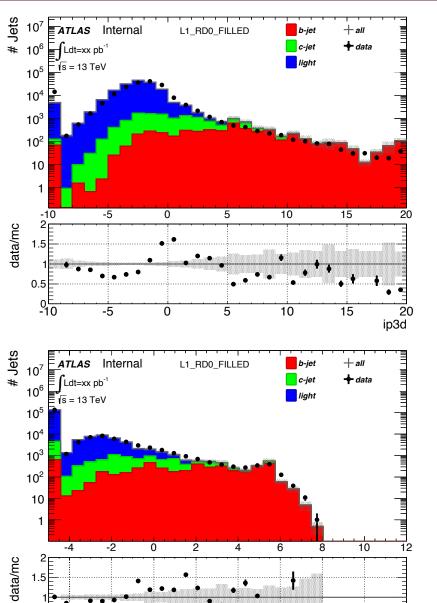


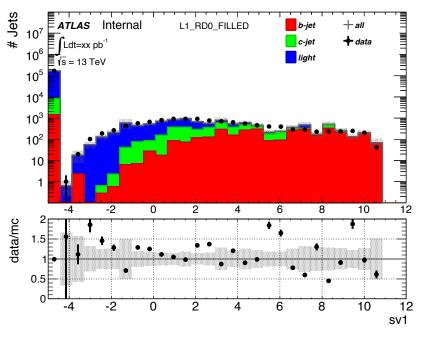
0.5

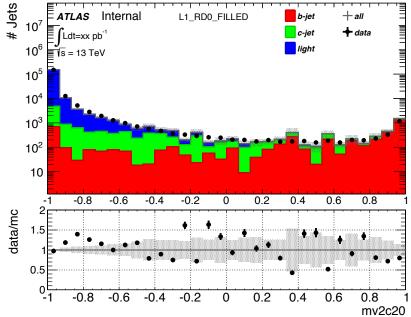
-2

Discriminants

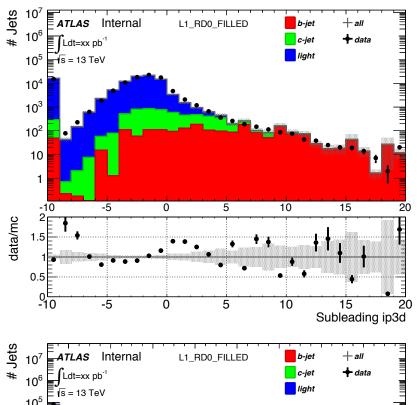


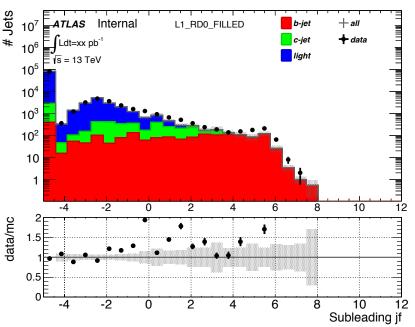


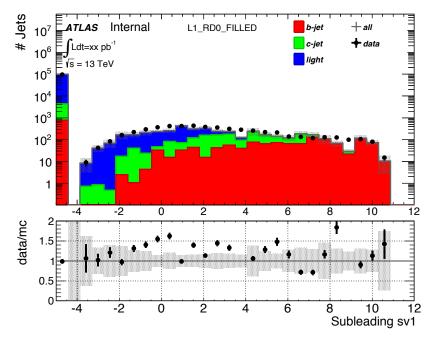


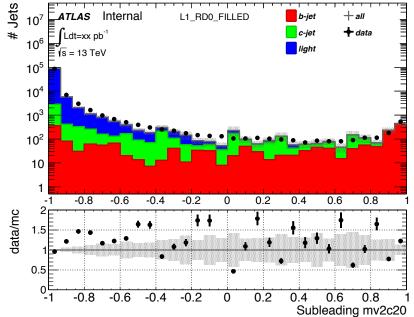




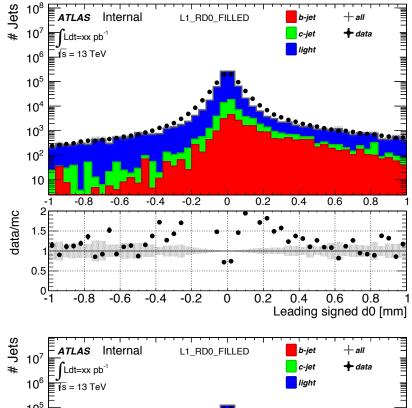


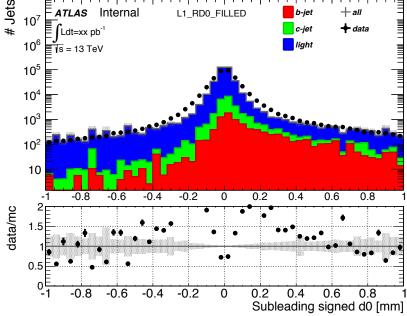


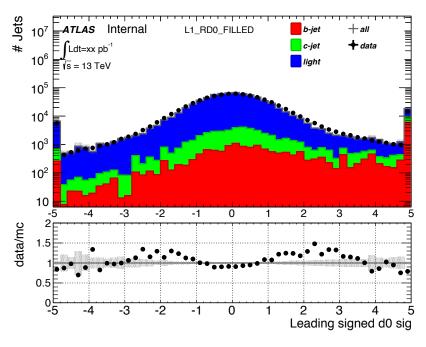


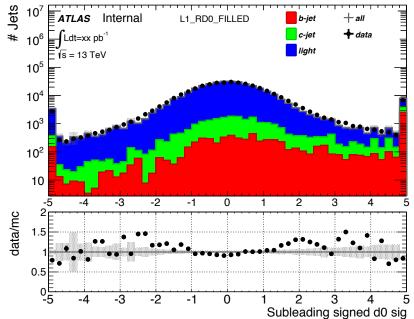




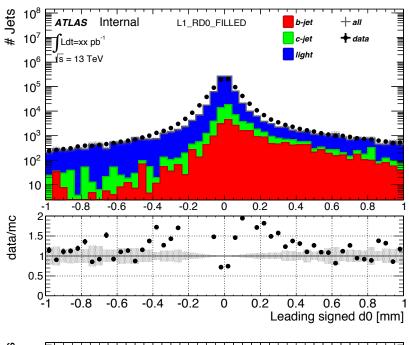


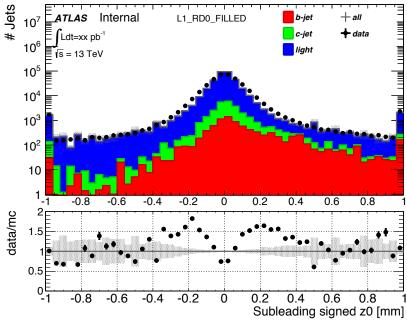


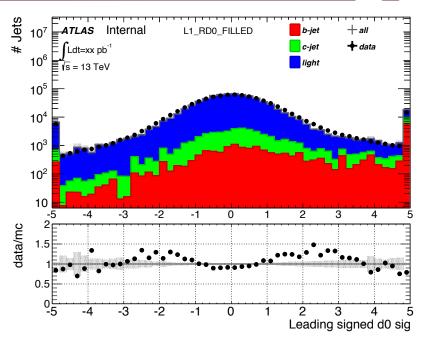


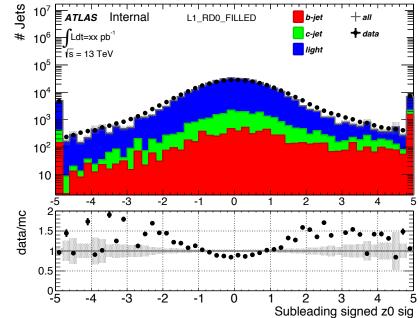














Conclusions

- There is beginning to be some agreement here.
- Algorithms are performing reasonably well given some of the caveats (d0 alignment ect.)

To Do

- Other runs, hopefully some with higher luminosity and new d0 alignments
- Add more variables to our studies
- sumtrkV pt
- Further PV plots.
- Couple of tests
- Better understand re-weighting (Look at sum of weights).
- Look and drop the truth PV check.

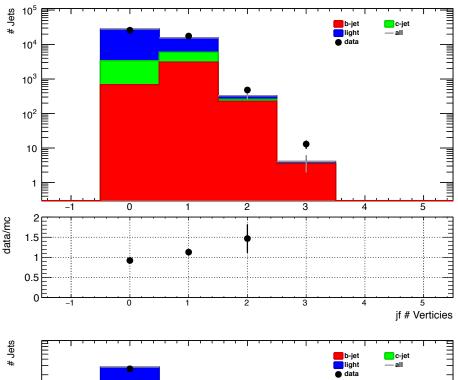


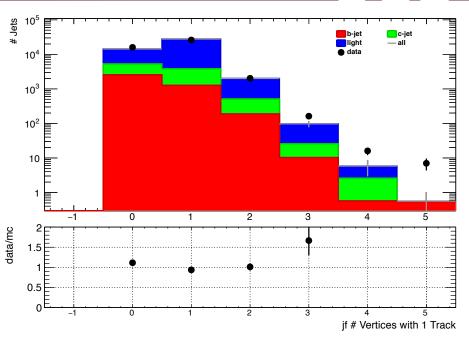
Backup

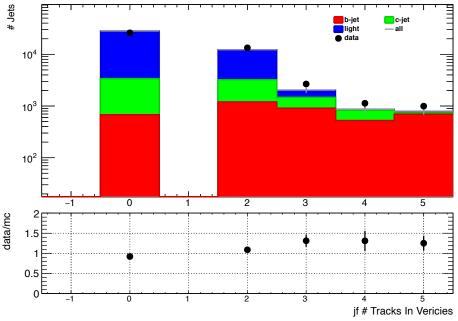
L1_RD0, Leading Jet, P_T > 35 GeV

L1_J50, P_T > 175 GeV

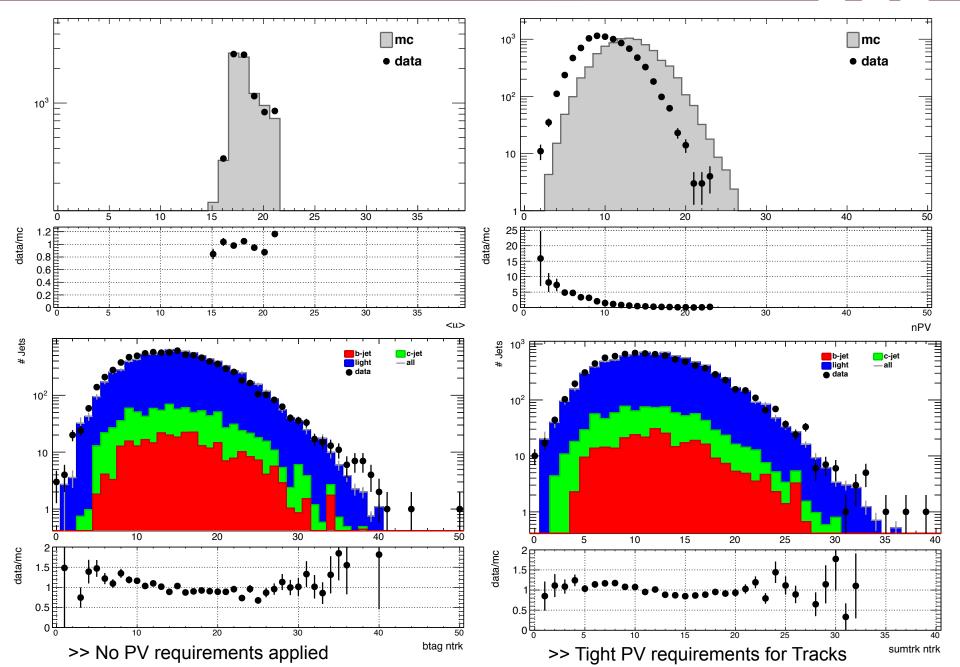






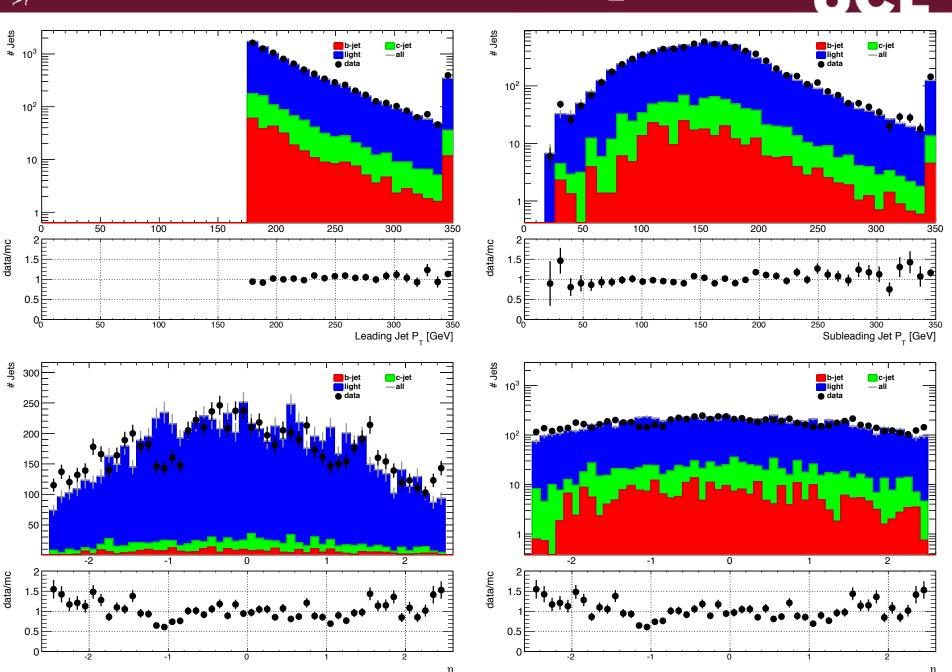


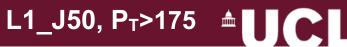


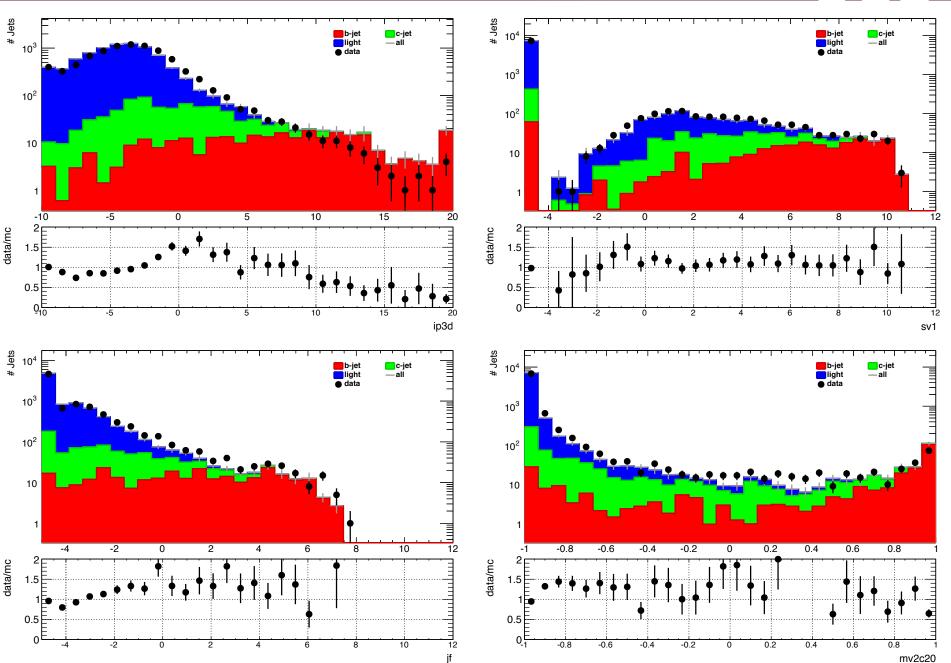


15 **Jet Kinematic Distributions**

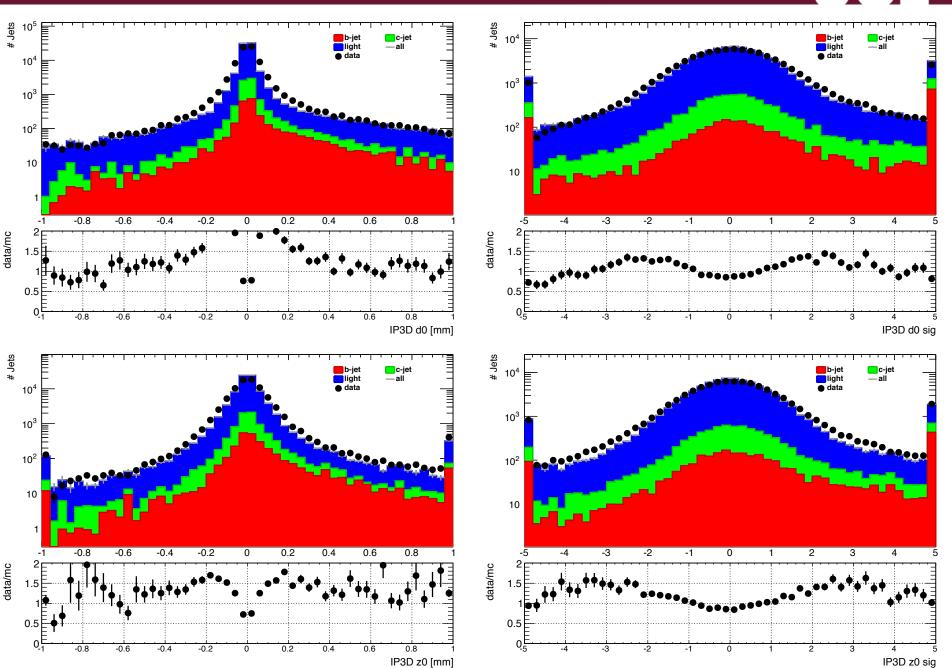
L1_J50, P_T>175 ≜ UCL











-0.6

-0.4

-0.2

-0.4

-0.6

-0.2

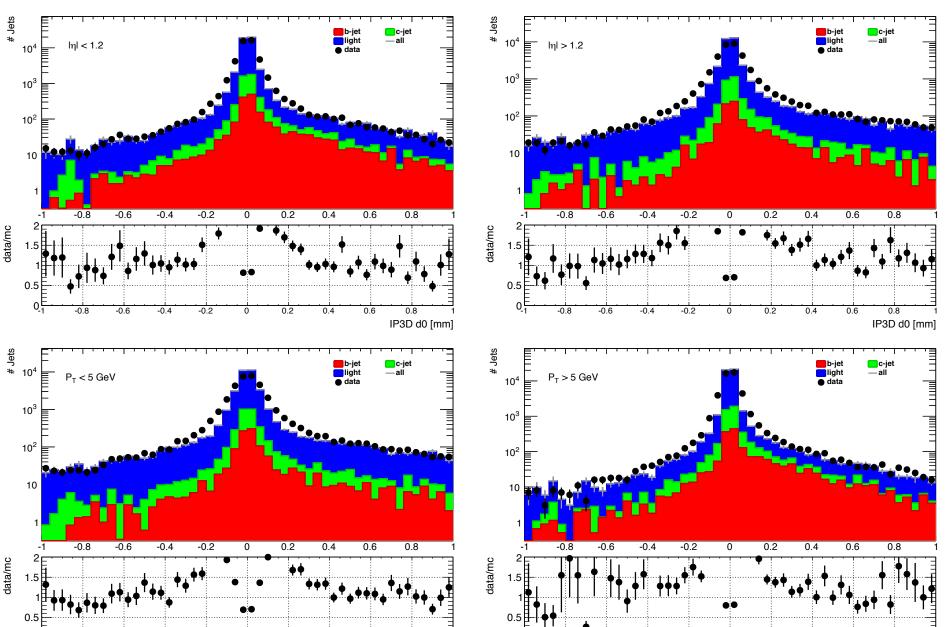
0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8 1 IP3D d0 [mm]





0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

IP3D d0 [mm]

-0.6

-0.4

-0.2

L1_J50, P_T>175 ≜ **UC**

-0.4

-0.2

-0.6

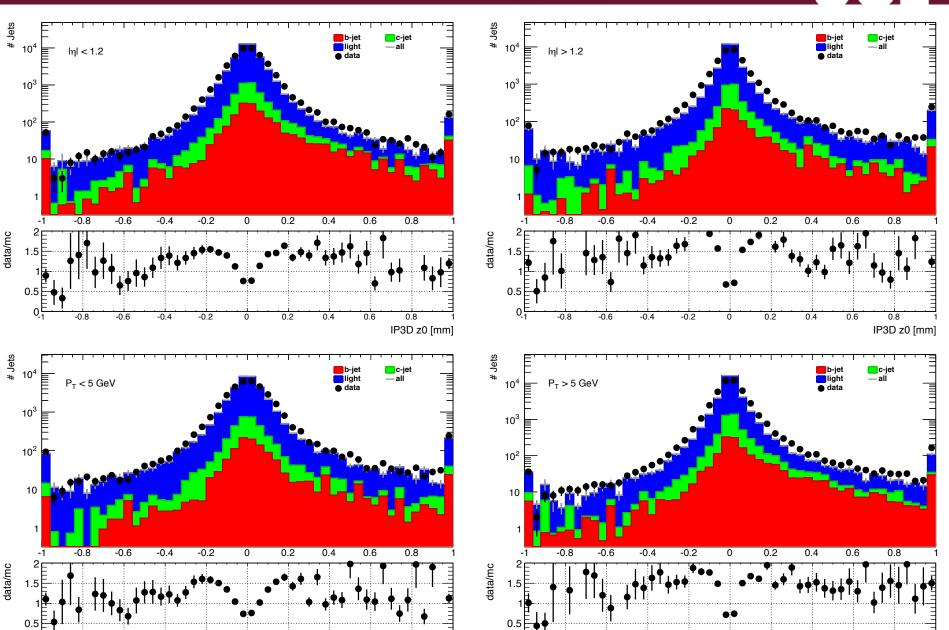
0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

IP3D z0 [mm]



0.2

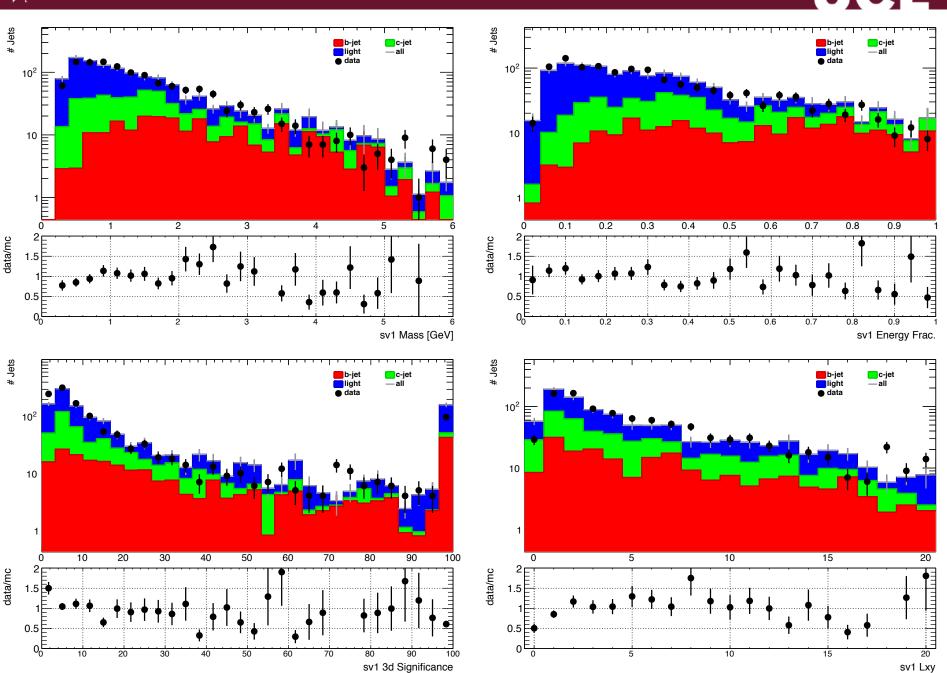
0.4

0.6

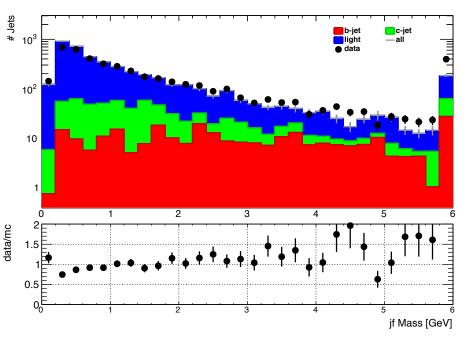
8.0

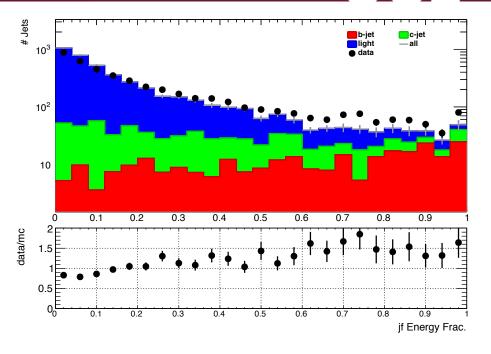
IP3D z0 [mm]

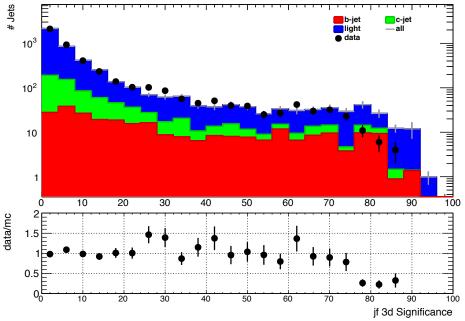
L1_J50, P_T>175 📥 📗 🗀



L1_J50, P_T>175 ≜ UCL







L1_J50, P_T>175 🛦 UCL

