

## 3 Get CPU temperature, Adjust fan speed

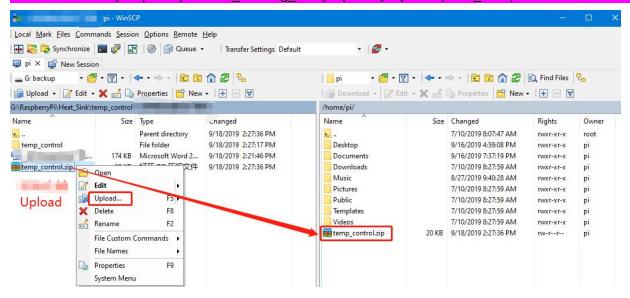
The Raspberry Pi RGB\_Cooling\_HAT needs to be properly plugged into the GPIO port of the Raspberry Pi and open the Raspberry Pi system **I2C** function.

The experimental phenomenon is to read and print the Raspberry Pi CPU temperature, and adjust the speed of the fan rotation according to the temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the rotation speed.

#### 1. File transfer

1.1 Install **WinSCP** tool on the computer side, connect the Raspberry Pi and transfer the **temp\_control.zip** package to the pi directory of the Raspberry Pi.

Path of WinSCP:[Raspberry Pi RGB\_Cooling\_HAT]---[Tools]---[winscp556\_setup.1416364912.exe]



### 1.2 Extract file

Open the Raspberry Pi terminal and input command **Is** to find the RGB\_Cooling\_HAT.zip file. As shown below:



Input command to extract file:

unzip RGB Cooling HAT.zip



```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ unzip RGB_Cooling_HAT.zip
Archive: RGB_Cooling_HAT.zip
    creating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/RGB_Cooling_HAT.py
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/fan.py
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/fan_temp.py
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/install.sh
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/oled.py
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/rgb.py
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/rgb_effect.py
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/rgb_temp.py
    extracting: RGB_Cooling_HAT/start.desktop
    inflating: RGB_Cooling_HAT/start.sh
```

# 2. Compiling and running program

2.1 Input command to enter temp control find file:

```
cd RGB_Cooling_HAT./
Is
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/RGB_Cooling_HAT $ ls
fan.py fan_temp.py oled.py RGB_Cooling_HAT.py rgb_effect.py rgb.py rgb_temp.py start.desktop start.sh
pi@raspberrypi:~/RGB_Cooling_HAT $
```

2.2 2.2 Input command to run program.

python fan temp.py

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/RGB_Cooling_HAT $ python fan_temp.py
46.0
45.0
48.0
47.0
```

After run this program, we can see the Raspberry Pi CPU temperature will be printed, and adjust the speed of the fan rotation according to the temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the rotation speed.

#### 3. About code

3.1 Initialize Raspberry Pi I2C configuration, import smbus module for I2C communication, import time module for delay, and import os module for access to operating system services



```
import smbus
import time
import os
bus = smbus.SMBus(1)

addr = 0x0d
fan_reg = 0x08
state = 0
temp = 0
level_temp = 0
```

3.2 In the loop, use os.popen to obtain the temperature using the command vcgencmd measure\_temp to obtain the CPU temperature, and intercept the temperature value and assign it to temp.

```
cmd = os.popen('vcgencmd measure_temp').readline()
CPU_TEMP = cmd.replace("temp=","").replace("'C\n","")
print(CPU_TEMP)
temp = float(CPU_TEMP)
```

Get the temperature, then judge the temperature value and modify the fan speed. It can be modified according to actual needs.

```
if abs(temp - level_temp) >= 1:
   if temp <= 45:
        level\_temp = 45
       bus.write_byte_data(addr, fan_reg, 0x00)
   elif temp <= 47:
        level\_temp = 47
       bus.write_byte_data(addr, fan_reg, 0x04)
   elif temp <= 49:
        level\_temp = 49
       bus.write_byte_data(addr, fan_reg, 0x06)
   elif temp <= 51:
        level\_temp = 51
       bus.write_byte_data(addr, fan_reg, 0x08)
   elif temp <= 53:
        level_temp = 53
       bus.write_byte_data(addr, fan_reg, 0x09)
   else:
        level_temp = 55
        bus.write_byte_data(addr, fan_reg, 0x01)
time.sleep(1)
```