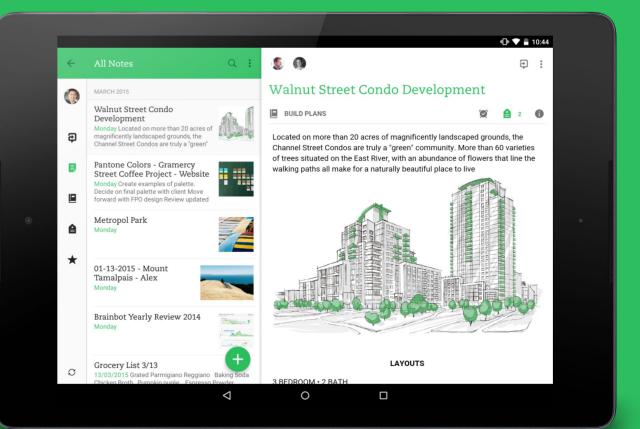
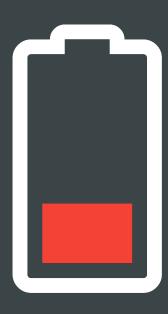
# Schedule background jobs at the right time







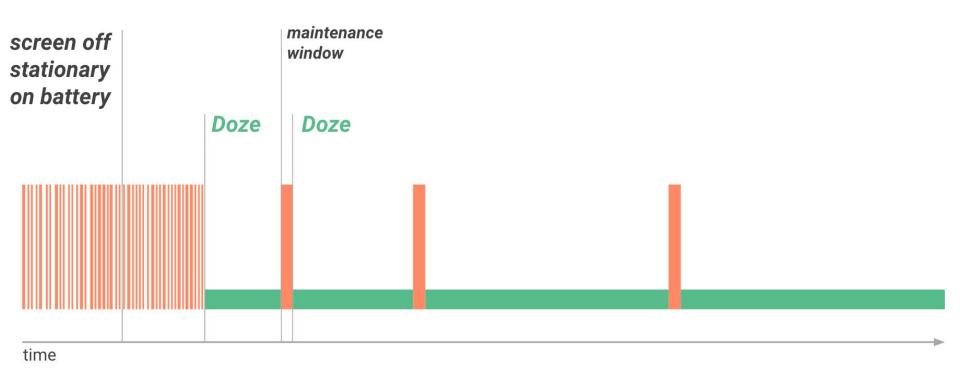
#### Motivation



#### Motivation

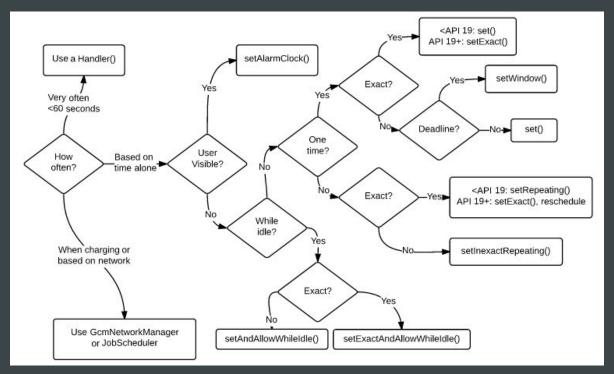
- Every app has some kind of repeated work
- Don't waste battery unnecessarily
- App should still work correctly even in Doze mode or in App Standby
- Scheduling repeated work is quite a headache with 3 different APIs all doing similar things

# Doze & App Standby



All APIs in a nutshell

# AlarmManager



# AlarmManager

- + Available on all devices
- + Easy to send broadcast to start a service delayed

- API behavior differs between platform versions
- A lot of boilerplate
- Device state ignored
- ...

# JobScheduler

- Easy to use with fluent API
- + Respects device state

- Only on API 21+ (some features only API 24+)
- Platform bugs
- Still a lot of boilerplate code

# GCM Network Manager

- + Similar API like JobScheduler
- + minSdkVersion 9

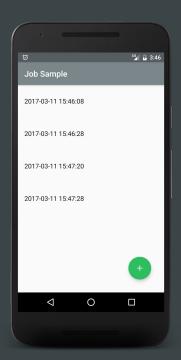
- Part of Google's Play Services SDK
- Can't be used without Play Services being pre-installed (most Chinese devices)
- API contains some gotchas

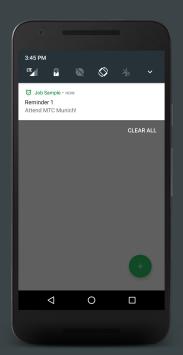
# (Firebase JobDispatcher)

+ Wrapper for job scheduling engines

- Setup is difficult
- Library not maintained
- Only GCM NetworkManager supported
- Many open issues
- → I would not recommend using it

# Demo - Reminder app





## Requirements

- Show the reminder in a notification.
- Sync reminders with the server
- Support all devices
- Be a good citizen

# Reminder job

- Must be exact
- Can have multiple at the same time
- AlarmManager is the correct API

# Reminder job

```
<receiver</pre>
   android:name=".reminder.ReminderReceiver"
  android:exported="false"/>
public class ReminderReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {
  private static final String EXTRA ID = "EXTRA ID";
  @Override
  public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {
       int id = intent.getIntExtra(EXTRA_ID, -1);
       if (id < 0) {
       Reminder reminder = ReminderEngine.instance().getReminderById(id);
       if (reminder != null) {
           ReminderEngine.instance().showReminder(reminder);
```

#### API 14-18

#### API 14-18

### API 19-22

### API 19-22

### API 23-25

### API 23-25

# Reminder job

```
public static void schedule(Context context, Reminder reminder) {
    // ...
    if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.M) {
        manager.setExactAndAllowWhileIdle(AlarmManager.RTC_WAKEUP, when, pendingIntent);
    } else if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.KITKAT) {
        manager.setExact(AlarmManager.RTC_WAKEUP, when, pendingIntent);
    } else {
        manager.set(AlarmManager.RTC_WAKEUP, when, pendingIntent);
    }
}
```

# Sync job

- Can be inexact, but must be repeating
- Run job only on an unmetered network and only if device is charging
- Don't wake up the device to sync data
- JobScheduler and GCM Network Manager work best, AlarmManager is fallback

```
public class SyncJob extends JobService {
  @Override
   public boolean onStartJob(JobParameters params) {
       new Thread(() -> {
               new SyncEngine().syncReminders();
           } catch (IOException e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
               jobFinished(params, false); // don't forget to call
       }).start();
  @Override
   public boolean onStopJob(JobParameters params) {
```

```
public static void schedule(Context context) {
  long interval = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(6);
   JobInfo jobInfo = new JobInfo.Builder(JOB ID, new ComponentName(context, SyncJob.class))
           .setRequiresCharging(true)
           .setRequiredNetworkType(JobInfo.NETWORK TYPE UNMETERED)
           .setPersisted(true)
           .setPeriodic(interval)
           .build();
   JobScheduler jobScheduler = (JobScheduler) context
                .getSystemService(Context.JOB_SCHEDULER_SERVICE);
   jobScheduler.schedule(jobInfo);
```

```
.setRequiresCharging(true)
.setRequiredNetworkType(JobInfo.NETWORK TYPE UNMETERED)
.setPersisted(true)
```

#### API 24-25

```
long flex = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(3);
        .setPeriodic(interval, flex)
```

# Flex parameter explained



# Flex parameter explained



# With Google Play Services

# With Google Play Services

```
public class SyncJob extends GcmTaskService {
    @Override
    public int onRunTask(TaskParams taskParams) {
        try {
            new SyncEngine().syncReminders();
            return GcmNetworkManager.RESULT_SUCCESS;

        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            return GcmNetworkManager.RESULT_FAILURE;
        }
    }
}
```

# With Google Play Services

```
private static final String TAG = "SyncJob";
public void schedule(Context context) {
  long interval = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(6);
  long flex = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(3);
  PeriodicTask task = new PeriodicTask.Builder()
           .setTag(TAG)
           .setService(SyncJob.class)
           .setRequiresCharging(true)
           .setRequiredNetwork(Task.NETWORK_STATE_UNMETERED)
           .setPersisted(true)
           .setUpdateCurrent(true)
           .setPeriod(interval / 1 000)
           .setFlex(flex / 1 000)
           .build();
  GcmNetworkManager.getInstance(context).schedule(task);
```

# With Google Play Services

```
private static final String TAG = "SyncJob";
           .setTag(TAG)
           .setPeriod(interval / 1 000)
           .setFlex(flex / 1 000)
```

#### API 14-19

- Use AlarmManager
- As much fun as the reminder job...

```
public void schedule(Context context) {
  if (Build.VERSION.SDK INT >= Build.VERSION CODES.N) {
       scheduleWithJobScheduler24(context);
  } else if (Build.VERSION.SDK INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.LOLLIPOP) {
       scheduleWithJobScheduler21(context);
  } else if (GoogleApiAvailability.getInstance().isGooglePlayServicesAvailable(context)
           == ConnectionResult.SUCCESS) {
       scheduleWithGcmNetworkManager(context);
       scheduleWithAlarmManager(context);
```

#### Conclusion

 A lot of boilerplate to achieve something that should be simple

#### Conclusion

- A lot of boilerplate to achieve something that should be simple
- It should be much easier

# github.com/evernote/android-job

#### android-job

- Single API to use the JobSchduler, GCM Network
   Manager and AlarmManager
- All API 24 features supported
- Automatically chooses best API to run a job
- Less boilerplate, e.g. no manifest entry needed
- No reflection used
- Maintained and improved continuously
- ... and more

#### **API**

```
private void scheduleAdvancedJob() {
   PersistableBundleCompat extras = new PersistableBundleCompat();
   extras.putString("key", "Hello world");
   int jobId = new JobRequest.Builder(DemoSyncJob.TAG)
           .setExecutionWindow(30 000L, 40 000L)
           .setExact(30 000L)
           .setPeriodic(TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(3))
           .setBackoffCriteria(5 000L, JobRequest.BackoffPolicy.EXPONENTIAL)
           .setRequiresCharging(true)
           .setRequiresDeviceIdle(false)
           .setRequiredNetworkType(JobRequest.NetworkType.CONNECTED)
           .setRequirementsEnforced(true)
           .setExtras(extras)
           .setPersisted(true)
           .setUpdateCurrent(true)
           .build()
           .schedule();
```

#### Setup

```
dependencies {
    compile 'com.evernote:android-job:1.1.7'
}

public class App extends Application {
    @Override
    public void onCreate() {
        super.onCreate();

        JobManager.create(this).addJobCreator(new ReminderJobCreator());
    }
}
```

#### Setup

```
public class ReminderJobCreator implements JobCreator {
   @Override
   public Job create(String tag) {
       switch (tag) {
           case ReminderJob.TAG:
               return new ReminderJob();
           case SyncJob.TAG:
               return new SyncJob();
           default:
```

### Reminder job

```
public class ReminderJob extends Job {
   public static final String TAG = "ReminderJob";
   private static final String EXTRA ID = "EXTRA ID";
  @NonNull
  @Override
   protected Result onRunJob(Params params) {
       int id = params.getExtras().getInt(EXTRA_ID, -1);
       Reminder reminder = ReminderEngine.instance().getReminderById(id);
       if (reminder == null) {
           return Result.FAILURE;
       ReminderEngine.instance().showReminder(reminder);
       return Result.SUCCESS;
```

### Reminder job

#### Reminder job

```
public class SyncJob extends Job {
  public static final String TAG = "SyncJob";
  @NonNull
  @Override
  protected Result onRunJob(Params params) {
     new SyncEngine().syncReminders();
     return Result.SUCCESS;
  }
}
```

```
public static int schedule() {
   Set<JobRequest> jobRequests = JobManager.instance().getAllJobRequestsForTag(TAG);
  if (!jobRequests.isEmpty()) {
       return jobRequests.iterator().next().getJobId();
   long interval = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(6); // every 6 hours
   long flex = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(3); // wait 3 hours before job runs again
   return new JobRequest.Builder(TAG)
           .setPeriodic(interval, flex)
           .setPersisted(true)
           .setUpdateCurrent(true)
           .setRequiredNetworkType(JobRequest.NetworkType.UNMETERED)
           .setRequiresCharging(true)
           .setRequirementsEnforced(true)
           .build()
           .schedule();
```

```
Set<JobRequest> jobRequests = JobManager.instance().getAllJobRequestsForTag(TAG);
if (!jobRequests.isEmpty()) {
    return jobRequests.iterator().next().getJobId();
```

```
long interval = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(6); // every 6 hours
long flex = TimeUnit.HOURS.toMillis(3); // wait 3 hours before job runs again
        .setPeriodic(interval, flex)
        .setPersisted(true)
```

```
.setUpdateCurrent(true)
```

```
.setRequiredNetworkType(JobRequest.NetworkType.UNMETERED)
.setRequiresCharging(true)
.setRequirementsEnforced(true)
```

## Who is using it?



#### FAQ

#### Which API is used?

- Exact job
- API 21+
- Play Services installed
- Else

- → AlarmManager
- → JobScheduler
- → GcmNetworkManager
- → AlarmManager

#### FAQ

#### What happens after a reboot?

- All jobs are rescheduled if necessary
  - → even after a force close
  - → even after the Play Services were updated

#### FAQ

My periodic jobs aren't running as expected.

Keep Doze and the system in mind



### android-job

#### Tips & Tricks

- Look at the samples in the README
- Read the FAQ
- Uncertain? Having problems?
  - → Create an issue

#### Conclusion

- Android APIs force you to
  - o do the same thing multiple times
  - write a lot of boilerplate
  - catch many gotchas
- android-job to the rescue

# Schedule background jobs at the right time

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