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# Tranalyzer2

pcapd



Create PCAP Files

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Tranalyzer Development Team

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## 1 pcapd

### 1.1 Description

The pcapd plugin can be used to create PCAP files based on some criteria such as flow indexes (Section 1.3.2) or alarms raised by other plugins (Section Section 1.3.3).

### 1.2 Dependencies

If PD\_MODE\_OUT=1 (one pcap per flow), the libpcap version must be at least 1.7.2. (In this mode, the plugin uses the `pcap_dump_open_append()` function which was introduced in the libpcap in February 12, 2015.)

### 1.3 Configuration Flags

The following flags can be used to configure the plugin:

Variable	Default	Description	Flags
PD_MODE_PKT	0	0: all packets, 1: activate packet range selection	
PD_STRTPKT	1	Packet at which processing starts	PD_MODE_PKT=1
PD_ENDPKT	10	Packet at which processing ends (0: end of flow)	PD_MODE_PKT=1
PD_MODE_IN	0	0: if -e option was used, extract flows listed in FILE, otherwise, extract flows whose alarm bit is set 1: dump all packets	
PD_EQ	1	Save matching (1) or non-matching (0) flows	PD_MODE_IN=0
PD_OPP	0	1: extract also the opposite flow, 0: don't	PD_MODE_IN=0
PD_DIRSEL	0	2: extract A flow, 3: extract B flow, 0: off	PD_MODE_IN=0
PD_MODE_OUT	0	0: one pcap 1: one pcap per flow	
PD_SPLIT	1	Split the output file (Tranalyzer -W option)	
PD_LBSRCH	0	Search algorithm (-e option): 0: linear search 1: binary search	
PD_TSHFT	0	Time stamp shift in packets	
PD_TTSFTS	0	Time stamp increment seconds	PD_TSHFT=1
PD_TTSFTNMS	1	Time stamp increment micro/nano seconds (depends on TSTAMP_PREC in <i>tranalyzer.h</i> )	PD_TSHFT=1
PD_MACSHFT	0	MAC shift in packets	
PD_MACSSHFT	1	Src MAC increment in packets last byte	PD_MACSHFT=1
PD_MACDSHFT	1	Src MAC increment in packets last byte	PD_MACSHFT=1
PD_VLNSHFT	0	VLAN shift in packets	
PD_VLNISHFT	1	VLAN increment in packets	PD_VLNSHFT=1
PD_IPSHFT	0	IPv4/6 increment in packets	
PD_IP4SHFT	0x00000001	IPv4 shift 32 bit network order	PD_IPSHFT=1
PD_IP6SHFT	0x0000000000000001	IPv6 shift last 64 bit network order	PD_IPSHFT=1

Variable	Default	Description	Flags
PD_TTLSHFT	0	0: no TTL change, 1: TTL shift, 2: random shift	
PD_TTL	8	sub value from TTL	PD_TTLSHFT=1
PD_TTLMOD	128	TTL modulo	PD_TTLSHFT>0
PD_CHKSUML3	0	Correct checksum in IPv4 header	
PD_MAX_FD	128	Max. number of simultaneously open file descriptors	PD_MODE_OUT=1
PD_SUFFIX	"_pcapd.pcap"	Suffix for output pcap file	

### 1.3.1 Environment Variable Configuration Flags

The following configuration flags can also be configured with environment variables (ENVCTRL>0):

- PD\_MAX\_FD
- PD\_SUFFIX

### 1.3.2 PD\_MODE\_IN=0, -e option used

The idea behind this mode (PD\_MODE\_IN=0 and Tranalyzer -e option used) is to use `awk` to extract flows of interest and then the `pcapd` plugin to create one or more PCAP with all those flows. The input file (-e option) consists of one column listing the flow indexes (one entry per row). Lines starting with '%', '#', a space or a tab are ignored, along with empty lines:

```
# This file is passed to tranalyzer via -e option: t2 -e file.txt ...
# Each row lists a different flow index to extract.
123  # Extract flow 123
456  # Extract flow 456
#789 # Do NOT extract flow 789
```

Flows whose index appears in the -e file will be dumped in a file named `PREFIX_PD_SUFFIX`, where `PREFIX` is the value given to Tranalyzer -e option. Note that if `PD_EQ=0`, then flows whose index does **not** appear in the file will be dumped.

### 1.3.3 PD\_MODE\_IN=0, -e option not used

In this mode (PD\_MODE\_IN=0 and Tranalyzer -e option **NOT** used), every flow whose status bit `FL_ALARM=0x20000000` is set (`PD_EQ=1`) or not set (`PD_EQ=0`) will be dumped in a file named `PREFIX_PD_SUFFIX`, where `PREFIX` is the value given to Tranalyzer -w or -W option.

### 1.3.4 PD\_MODE\_IN=1

In this mode, all the packets are dumped into one or more PCAP files. If Tranalyzer -W option is used, then the pcap files will be split accordingly. For example, the following command will create PCAP files of 100MB each: `tranalyzer -i eth0 -W out:100M`

### 1.3.5 PD\_MODE\_OUT=1

In this mode, every flow will have its own PCAP file, whose name will end with the flow index.

## 1.4 Plugin Report Output

The following information is reported:

- Number of packets extracted

## 1.5 Additional Output

A PCAP file with suffix `PD_SUFFIX` will be created. The prefix and location of the file depends on the configuration of the plugin.

- If Tranalyzer `-e` option was used, the file is named according to the `-e` option.
- Otherwise the file is named according to the `-w` or `-W` option.

## 1.6 Examples

For the following examples, it is assumed that Tranalyzer was run as follows, with the `basicFlow` and `txtSink` plugins in their default configuration:

```
tranalyzer -r file.pcap -w out
```

The column numbers can be obtained by looking in the file `out_headers.txt` or by using `tawk`.

### 1.6.1 Extracting ICMP Flows

To create a PCAP file containing ICMP flows only, proceed as follows:

1. Identify the “*Layer 4 protocol*” column in `out_headers.txt` (column 14):  

```
grep "Layer 4 protocol" out_headers.txt
```
2. Extract all flow indexes whose protocol is ICMP (1):  

```
awk -F'\t' '$14 == 1 { print $2 }' out_flows.txt > out_icmp.txt
```
3. Configure `pcapd.h` as follows: `PD_MODE_IN=0, PD_EQ=1`
4. Build the `pcapd` plugin: `cd $T2HOME/pcapd/; ./autogen.sh`
5. Re-run Tranalyzer with the `-e` option:  

```
tranalyzer -r file.pcap -w out -e out_icmp.txt
```
6. The file `out_icmp.txt.pcap` now contains all the ICMP flows.

### 1.6.2 Extracting Non-ICMP Flows

To create a PCAP file containing non-ICMP flows only, use the same procedure as that of Section 1.6.1, but replace `PD_EQ=1` with `PD_EQ=0` in step 3. Alternatively, replace `$14==1` with `$14!=1` in step 2. Or if an entire flow file is preferred to the flow indexes only, set `PD_FORMAT=1` and replace `print $2` with `print $0` in step 2.