

PROJECT REPORT

Project Title: Global Malnutrition Trends: A Power BI Analysis (1983-2019)

Team ID : PNT2025TMID06847

Team Size : 4

Team member : KANCHUPATI LAVANYA

Team member : SHAIK KARISHMA

Team member : NAGIREDDY DEEPTHI

Team member : NUDURUPATI SRIVIDYA

1.INTRODUCTON:

1.1 ProjectOverview:

The **Global Malnutrition Trends: A Power BI Analysis (1983-2019)** project aims to analyze historical malnutrition data to identify key trends, regional disparities, and underlying causes. By leveraging data from WHO, UNICEF, and other global sources, the study visualizes malnutrition patterns through interactive Power BI dashboards. The project integrates socioeconomic and policy-related factors to provide insights that aid policymakers, NGOs, and researchers in addressing nutrition challenges effectively. Machine learning techniques such as time-series forecasting and clustering are used to predict future risks and correlations. Ultimately, this analysis supports data-driven decision-making to improve nutrition security and public health outcomes worldwide.

1.2 Purpose:

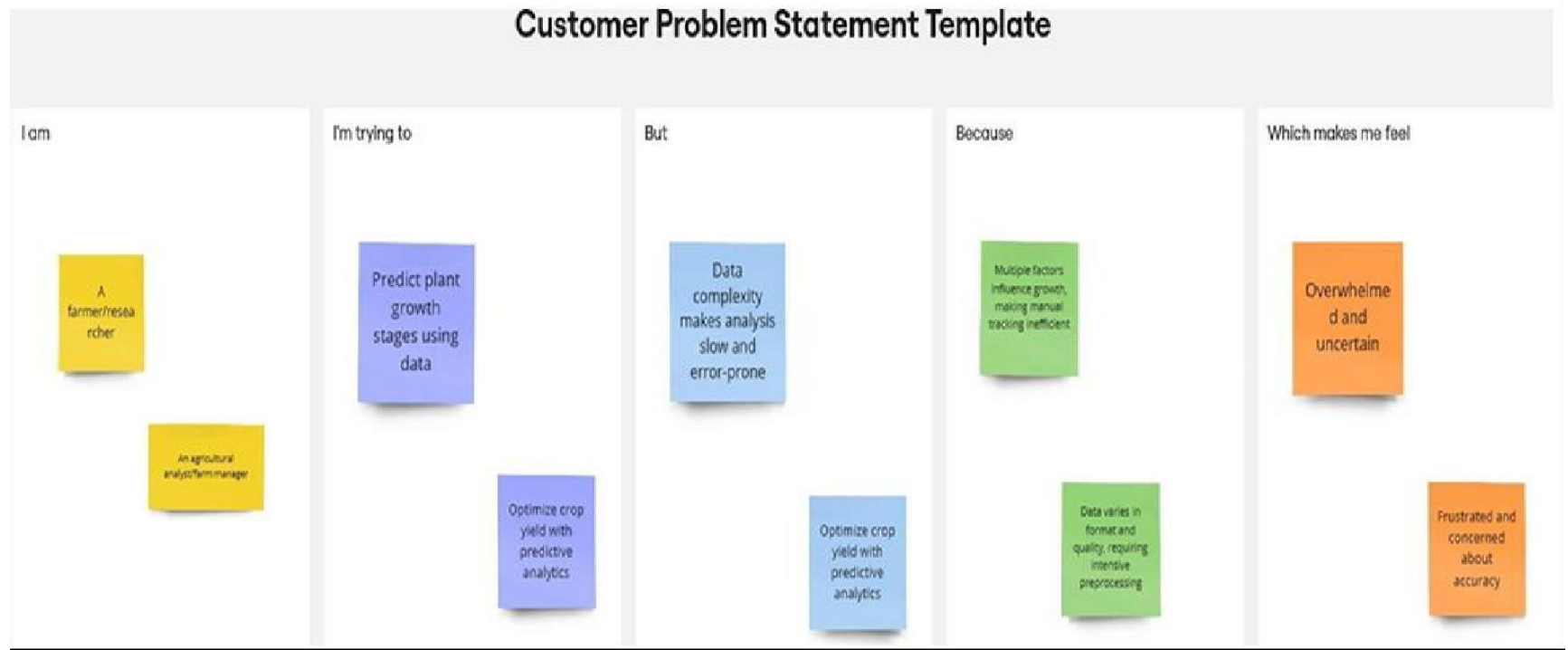
The purpose of the Global Malnutrition Trends: A Power BI Analysis (1983-2019) project is to analyze historical malnutrition data to identify key trends, regional disparities, and underlying causes. It aims to provide data-driven insights using interactive

Power BI dashboards to help policymakers, NGOs, and researchers make informed decisions. By integrating socioeconomic and policy-related factors, the project supports the development of effective intervention strategies to combat malnutrition. Machine learning techniques, such as time-series forecasting and clustering, are used to predict future malnutrition risks. Ultimately, the project seeks to enhance public health outcomes by improving nutrition security and addressing global disparities.

2 IDEATION PHASE:

2.1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

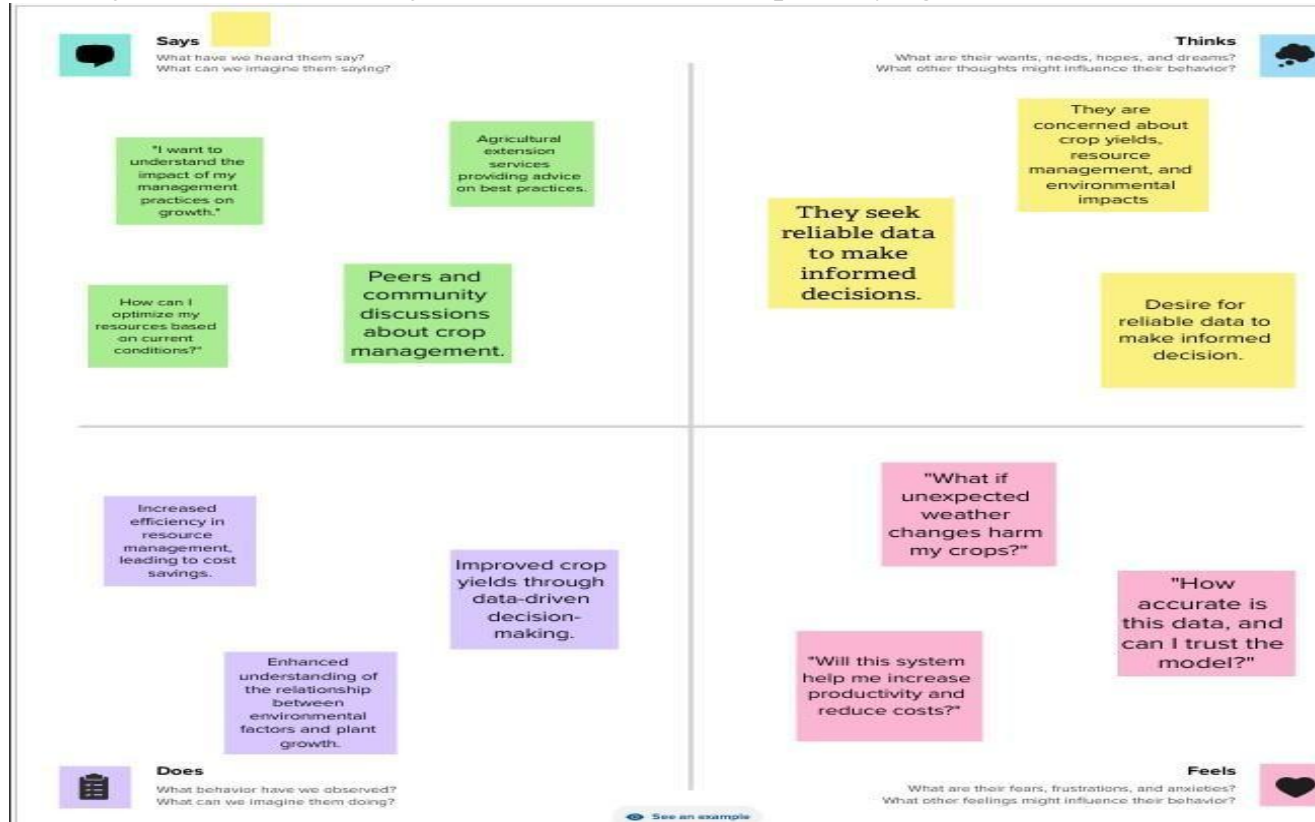
Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1 Rising Rates of Malnutrition in Vulnerable Populations.	a health policymaker /humanitarian worker	provide adequate nutrition to children and vulnerable communities.	malnutrition remains widespread, especially in low-income and conflict-affected regions.	of poverty, lack of access to nutritious food, and weak healthcare systems.	frustrated and helpless as preventable deaths and developmental issues persist.
PS-2 Micronutrient Deficiencies and Hidden Hunger	a public health professional /nutrition advocate.	<input type="checkbox"/> reduce micronutrient deficiencies in underprivileged communities. <input type="checkbox"/>	many individuals do not get enough essential vitamins and minerals.	<input type="checkbox"/> of poor diets, lack of awareness, and limited access to fortified foods. <input type="checkbox"/>	concerned about the long-term impact on health, immunity, and productivity
PS-3 Impact of Climate Change on Food Security	an environmentalist/agricultural researcher.	improve food security and sustainable agriculture.	climate change is disrupting food production	extreme weather conditions, droughts, and soil degradation	alarmed as more people struggle with hunger and malnutrition.



2.2 Empathy Map Canvas.

2.3 Brainstorming:

1. Project Overview Objective: What is the primary goal of this Power BI analysis? Scope: Define the time



(1983-2019) and geographic coverage (global, regional, country-specific). Significance: Why is analyzing malnutrition trends important? 2. Data Collection & Sources Possible Data Sources: - WHO, FAO, UNICEF, World Bank, Global Nutrition Report, national health surveys - Supplementary datasets (e.g., economic, agricultural, climate data) Data Attributes: - Country, region, year - Malnutrition indicators (stunting, wasting, underweight, obesity) - Socioeconomic factors (income levels, education, healthcare access) - Policy-related variables (government programs, aid distribution) 3. Power BI Dashboard Components - Visuals & Charts: - Trend Analysis: Line charts showing malnutrition trends over time - Geographical Heatmaps: Regional distribution of malnutrition rates - Comparative Analysis: Bar charts comparing countries and regions - Correlation Matrices: Relationship between malnutrition and other variables - Interactive Filters: Country, year, malnutrition type, economic factors 4. Expected Insights & Recommendations - Key trends in malnutrition and their implications - Policy recommendations for governments & NGOs - Future projections and areas needing further research

Step-3: Idea Prioritization

1

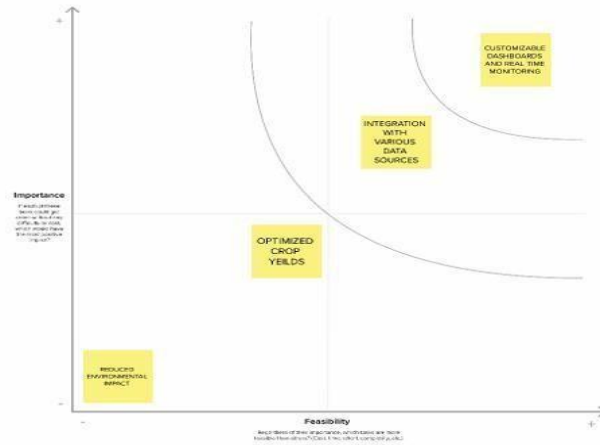
Prioritize

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

20 minutes

TIP

Encourage your team to think out loud as you place ideas on the grid. The facilitator can encourage the team to think out loud by asking them to say "I like" or "I don't like" out loud.



2

After you collaborate

You can export the mural as an image or pdf to share with members of your company who might find it helpful.

TIP

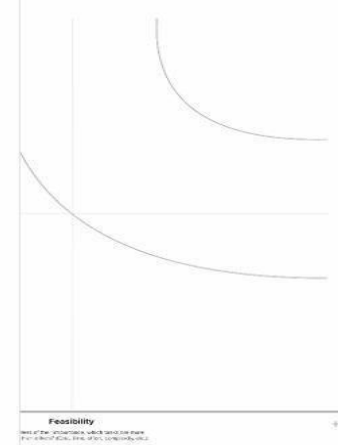
Encourage your team to think out loud as you place ideas on the grid. The facilitator can encourage the team to think out loud by asking them to say "I like" or "I don't like" out loud.

Quick add-ons

1. **Share the mural**
Share a new link to the mural with collaborators to host them in the grid and the outcomes of the session.
2. **Export the mural**
Export a copy of the mural as a PDF or PNG to share for email, reports to clients, or team future work.

Keep moving forward

- Strategy framework**
Define the components of a new idea or strategy.
[Open the template](#)
- Customer experience journey map**
Understand customer needs, motivations, and behaviors to drive innovation.
[Open the template](#)
- Strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats**
Identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) to innovation plans.
[Open the template](#)



Key Idea	Description	Impact	Feasibility
Addressing Childhood Undernutrition	Focus on reducing stunting, wasting, and underweight in children.	Very High	High
Improving Food Security	Ensuring access to affordable, nutritious food in vulnerable regions.	Very High	Medium
Enhancing Maternal and Infant Nutrition	Promoting breastfeeding, prenatal care, and maternal supplements.	High	High
Tackling Micronutrient Deficiencies	Implementing fortification programs (iron, vitamin A, iodine, etc.).	High	Medium
Strengthening Nutrition Education	Raising awareness on healthy eating habits and dietary diversity.	Medium	High
Climate-Resilient Agriculture	Supporting sustainable farming to counter climate-related food shortages.	High	Medium
Reducing Ultra-Processed Food Consumption	Implementing policies to reduce junk food consumption and promote healthy alternatives.	Medium	Low

3.RequirementAnalysis.

3.1CustomerJourneyMap

Scenario: [Existing experience through a product or service]	Entice  How does someone become aware of this service?	Enter  What do people experience as they begin the process?	Engage  In the core moments in the process, what happens?	Exit  What do people typically experience as the process finishes?	Extend  What happens after the experience is over?
 Experience steps What does the person (or people) at the center of this scenario typically experience in each step?	<div> <div>Awareness Agricultural professional becomes aware of the benefits of using Power BI</div> <div>Predictive analysis for predicting the plant growth</div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Onboarding User signs up for Power BI and begins the onboarding process</div> <div>Data Integration User integrates environmental and management data into Power BI</div> </div>	<div> <div>Exploration User explores data and creates predictive models using Power BI</div> <div>Insight Generation User generates insights and predictions about plant growth stages</div> <div>Decision-making User makes informed decisions about crop management based on insights and predictions</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Power BI User receives feedback from the system or Power BI and provides feedback to improve the system or the product used in the system</div> <div>Retention User receives feedback from the system or Power BI and provides feedback to improve the system or the product used in the system</div> </div>	<div> <div>Retention User continues to use Power BI and predictive analysis for future crop management decisions</div> <div>Advocacy User recommends Power BI and predictive analysis to peers and colleagues in the agriculture industry</div> <div>Retention User uses one continuous Power BI and predictive analysis to give the user continuity and also in business success</div> </div>
 Interactions What interactions do they have at each step along the way? ■ People: Who do they see or talk to? ■ Places: Where are they? ■ Things: What digital touchpoints or physical objects do they use?	<div> <div>Website User interacts with the Power BI website to learn about features and benefits</div> <div>Sales Team User interacts with the sales team to discuss pricing and implementation</div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Online Support User interacts with online support resources such as tutorials and forums</div> </div>	<div> <div>Customer support User interacts with customer support team to resolve issues</div> <div>User Integrates Environmental and management data into Power BI</div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Peer network User interacts with peer network including other farmers and agricultural professionals</div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Encourage into engagement by providing a simple and effective interface for managing data and creating predictive models</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>
 Goals & motivations At each step, what is a person's primary goal or motivation? ("Help me..." or "Help me avoid...")	<div> <div>Gain insights User wants to gain insights into plant growth stages and environmental factors</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Improved crop Yields User wants to increase crop yield and crop quality and yield was improved</div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Optimization of Resource allocation User wants to optimize resource allocation and reduce cost</div> <div>Make informed decisions User draws some main decisions for maintaining crop management</div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Retention User receives feedback from the system or Power BI and provides feedback to improve the system or the product used in the system</div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Retention User continues to use Power BI and predictive analysis for future crop management decisions</div> <div>Advocacy User recommends Power BI and predictive analysis to peers and colleagues in the agriculture industry</div> <div>Retention User uses one continuous Power BI and predictive analysis to give the user continuity and also in business success</div> </div>
 Positive moments What steps does a typical person find enjoyable, productive, fun, motivating, delightful, or exciting?	<div> <div>Supportive community User finds peer network and customer support team helpful and supportive</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Easy Onboarding User finds onboarding process easy and intuitive</div> <div>Exploration</div> </div>	<div> <div>Improved Crop Yields User sees improvement in crop yields and reduction in waste</div> <div>Confidence Increased Confidence in their ability to make data driven decisions and predict plant growth stages</div> <div>Increased efficiency Reduced time and effort spent on data analysis and decision making</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Interest Farmers Agriculture Professionals become more interested in learning about Power BI and predictive analysis</div> <div>Retention Farmers agriculture professionals receive value at the benefit of using Power BI and predictive analysis and gain</div> </div>	<div> <div>Insight Generation User generates valuable insights and predictions about plant growth</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>
 Negative moments What steps does a typical person find frustrating, confusing, angering, costly, or time-consuming?	<div> <div>Inefficient support User finds customer support team unresponsive or unhelpful</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Steep Learning Curve User finds it difficult to learn and use Power BI advanced features</div> <div>Cost and budget constraints</div> </div>	<div> <div>Difficulty with data integration User struggles with integrating environmental and management data into Power BI</div> <div>Frustration with Data Quality</div> <div>Difficulty in model interpretation</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Difficulty with data integration</div> <div>Integration issues with other tools</div> </div>	<div> <div>Incomplete Predictions User finds predictions and insights generated by Power BI inaccurate or unreliable</div> <div>Disconnection with results Customer support and value of money</div> <div>Limited scalability</div> </div>
 Areas of opportunity How might we make each step better? What ideas do we have? What have others suggested?	<div> <div>Develop Peer Network User and develop peer network to provide user with a supportive community and knowledge sharing opportunities</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Simplify Data Integration Improve data integration process to make it easier and more intuitive</div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Confidence Increased Confidence in their ability to make data driven decisions and predict plant growth stages</div> <div>Increased efficiency Reduced time and effort spent on data analysis and decision making</div> <div>Continuous improvement Continuous update and release the platform to meet evolving user needs</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	<div> <div>Retention User receives feedback from the system or Power BI and provides feedback to improve the system or the product used in the system</div> <div>Retention User receives feedback from the system or Power BI and provides feedback to improve the system or the product used in the system</div> </div>	<div> <div>Retention User continues to use Power BI and predictive analysis for future crop management decisions</div> <div>Advocacy User recommends Power BI and predictive analysis to peers and colleagues in the agriculture industry</div> <div>Retention User uses one continuous Power BI and predictive analysis to give the user continuity and also in business success</div> </div>

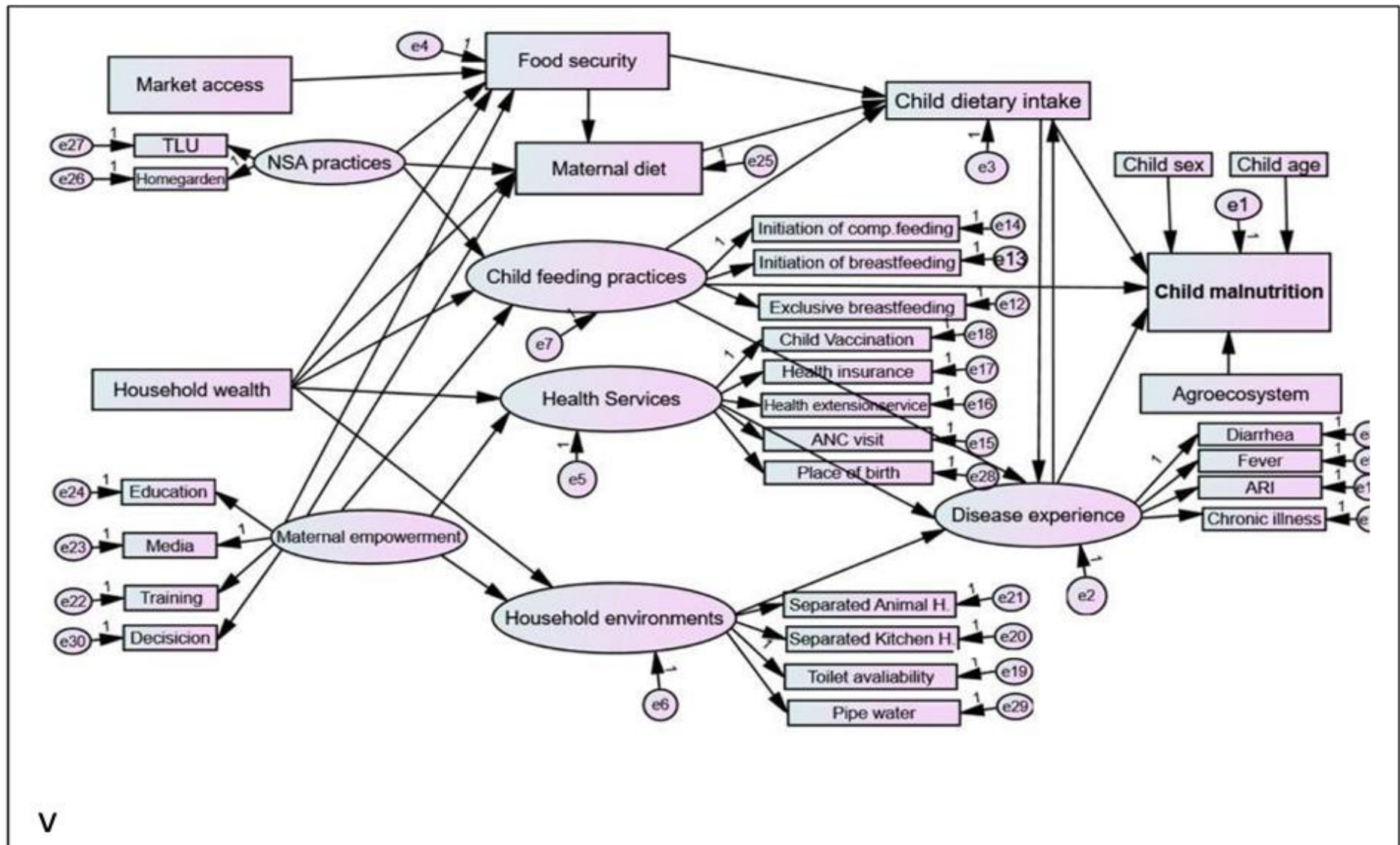
 Run an example

3.2. Solution Requirement.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	Data Ingestion	Collect malnutrition datasets from WHO, UNICEF, and World Bank Support manual upload of CSV/Excel files
FR-2	ETL (Extract, Transform, Load)	Clean missing values, remove duplicates Normalize data formats across different sources Perform aggregation by country, region, and year
FR-3	Data Storage & Processing	Store raw data in Azure Blob / AWS S3 Load transformed data into PostgreSQL / BigQuery Enable indexing for faster queries
FR-4	Data Enrichment	Merge malnutrition data with GDP, population stats Apply statistical analysis for data validation
FR-5	Machine Learning & Trend Analysis	Implement time-series forecasting for malnutrition trends Apply clustering techniques for regional insights Train regression models to correlate malnutrition with socio-economic factors
FR-6	Data Visualization	Create Power BI dashboards with interactive charts Implement geographic heatmaps for regional comparison

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Performance & Scalability	The system should process large datasets (millions of records) efficiently and support future data growth.
NFR-2	Security & Access Control	Implement role-based access control (RBAC), encryption, and multi-factor authentication (MFA) for data protection.
NFR-3	Usability & User Experience	Dashboards and reports should be user-friendly, intuitive, and support interactive visualizations.
NFR-4	Availability & Reliability	The system should have 99.9% uptime and ensure failover mechanisms for continuous operation.
NFR-5	Data Accuracy & Consistency	Data should be validated, cleaned, and free from inconsistencies before visualization.
NFR-6	Compliance & Data Privacy	Ensure compliance with GDPR, HIPAA, or other applicable data protection regulations.

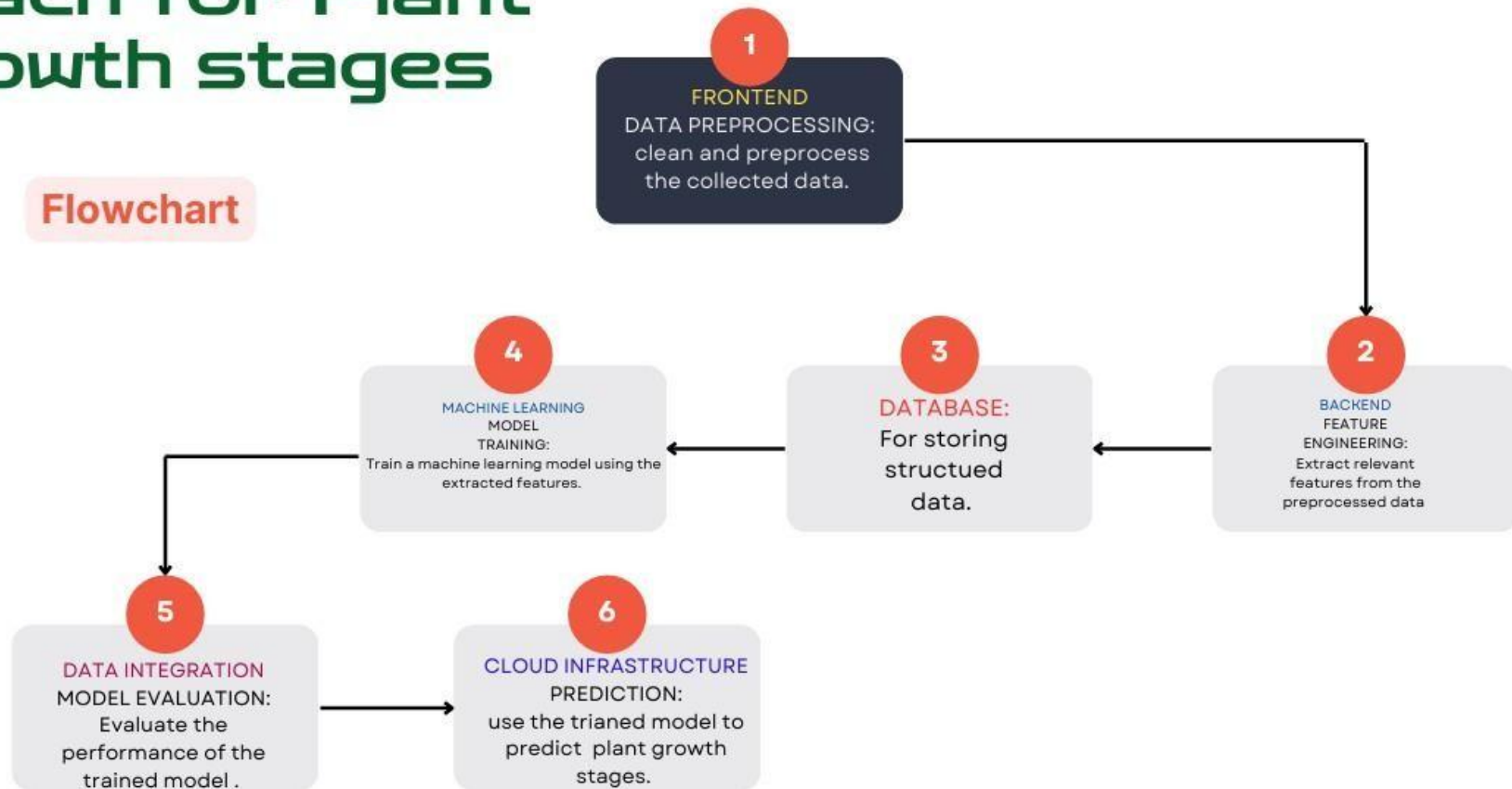
3.3 DataFlow Diagram.



3.3 Technology Stack.

Technology Stach for Plant growth stages

Flowchart



4.SolutionFit

1. Problem Statement

Malnutrition remains a critical global challenge, affecting millions, especially in developing countries. Despite various initiatives, real-time tracking and historical trend analysis of malnutrition data are often inadequate.

Policymakers, researchers, and organizations lack an intuitive and data-driven approach to monitor and combat malnutrition effectively.

2. Customer Pain Points

Lack of comprehensive, visual insights into long-term malnutrition trends.

Difficulty in identifying correlations between economic, social, and health indicators affecting malnutrition.

Policymakers and NGOs struggle to make data-backed decisions due to fragmented and unstructured data sources.

3. Proposed Solution

A Power BI-based analytical dashboard that visualizes malnutrition trends (1983-2019) using historical datasets.

Key features:

Interactive maps and trend charts to identify regional disparities.

Time-series analysis to understand progress and setbacks.

Correlation analysis with economic and health indicators.

Enables better decision-making by providing a data-driven narrative of global malnutrition patterns.

4. Value Proposition

Data-Driven Insights: Transforms complex datasets into actionable visualizations.

User-Friendly Interface: Interactive dashboards for policymakers, researchers, and organizations.

Predictive Capabilities: Helps forecast future malnutrition risks using historical trends.

Impact Assessment: Measures the effectiveness of past interventions and policies.

5. Validation & Evidence

Historical datasets from WHO, UNICEF, World Bank, and FAO are analyzed to ensure accuracy.

Initial Power BI prototypes have demonstrated clear patterns and correlations in malnutrition trends.

Feedback from experts and policymakers supports the need for a visual analytics tool for decision making.

6. Next Steps

Refinement: Enhance data integration and visual storytelling elements.

Stakeholder Collaboration: Work with health organizations and policymakers for feedback.

Predictive Analysis: Incorporate machine learning models to forecast future malnutrition trends.

Scalability: Expand the tool to cover additional health indicators and real-time data updates.

4.1 PROPOSEDSOLUTION

S.No.	Parameter	Description
•	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Malnutrition remains a persistent global challenge, affecting millions across various socio-economic backgrounds. Despite efforts by governments and international organizations, decision-makers face data accessibility issues, fragmented insights, and lack of historical trend analysis to evaluate the effectiveness of interventions.
•	Idea / Solution description	The proposed solution is a Power BI-based analytical dashboard designed to analyze global malnutrition trends from 1983 to 2019. This solution integrates historical data from sources such as WHO, UNICEF, and the World Bank to provide comprehensive insights into malnutrition patterns across different regions and time periods. Through interactive visualizations, users can explore malnutrition trends, identify correlations with socio-economic and health factors, and assess the impact of past interventions. Additionally, the dashboard incorporates predictive analytics to forecast future malnutrition risks, enabling proactive decision-making. By offering a user-friendly interface with dynamic charts, maps, and reports, this solution empowers policymakers, researchers, and NGOs to make data-driven decisions and implement more effective strategies to combat malnutrition worldwide.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	<p>The Power BI-based Global Malnutrition Trends Analysis has the potential to create a significant social impact by empowering policymakers, NGOs, and researchers with data-driven insights to combat malnutrition effectively. By providing a clear understanding of historical trends, regional disparities, and predictive analytics, this solution enables targeted interventions that can lead to better health outcomes, reduced child mortality, and improved nutritional policies worldwide.</p> <p>Key Social Benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Improved Policy Decisions: Governments and organizations can make informed choices to allocate resources where they are needed most. ✓ Early Detection & Prevention: Predictive analytics helps identify high-risk areas before malnutrition worsens. ✓ Better Intervention Strategies: Evaluates past initiatives, enabling the design of more effective nutrition programs. ✓ Enhanced Public Awareness: Interactive dashboards help raise awareness among stakeholders and the public.
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4.2 SOLUTIONARCHITECTURE:

1. Integrateddatasources:Combineddatafromvariousources,includingensors,weatherstations,andfarm management systems.

3:DataAnalysisandModeling

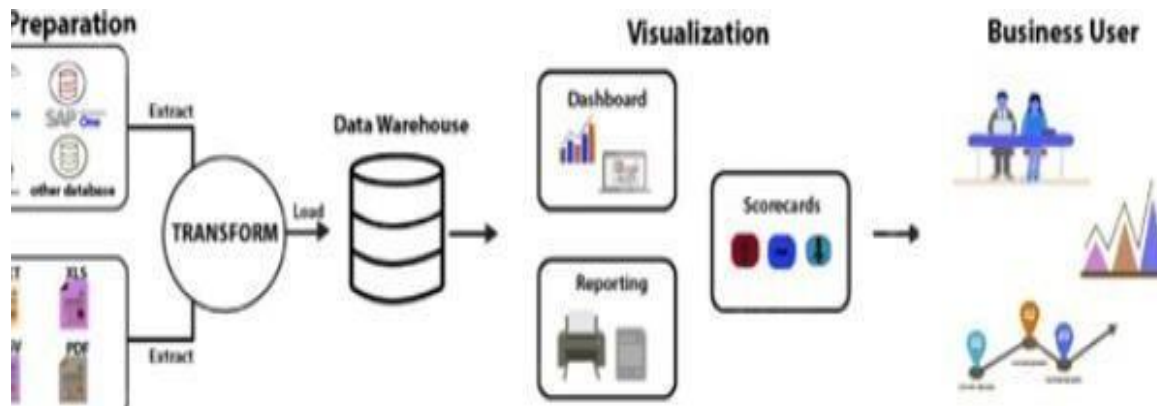
1. Data preprocessing: Clean, transform, and normalize data for analysis.
2. Feature engineering: Extract relevant features from environmental and management data.
3. Model selection: Choose a suitable algorithm for predicting plant growth stages, such as decision trees, random forests, or neural networks.
4. Model training and evaluation: Train and evaluate the predictive model using various metrics, including accuracy, precision, and recall.

Solution Design.

1. Define solution architecture: Design a solution architecture that integrates the predictive model with a user-friendly interface.
2. Choose technologies: Select technologies, including Power BI, Azure Machine Learning, and Azure IoT Hub.
3. Design data pipeline: Design a data pipeline that integrates data from various sources and feeds it into the predictive model.

5: Implementation and Deployment

1. Implement predictive model: Implement the predictive model using Azure Machine Learning.
2. Develop user interface: Develop a user-friendly interface using Power BI that allows farmers and agricultural managers to input data and view predictions.
3. Deploy solution: Deploy the solution to a cloud-based platform, such as Azure.



5. PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING.

5.1 Project Planning:

Sprint	Functional Requirement(Epic)	User Story Number	User Story/Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Data collection and Integration.	USN-1	Gather relevant environmental data, including temperature , humidity, soil moisture,	7	High	KANCHUPATI LAVANYA

			and light levels.			
	Data Preperation	USN-2	Cleans the collected data for analysis.	8	High	KANCHUPATI LAVANYA,SHA IK KARISHMA
Sprint-2	Data Analysis and Modeling	USN-3	Utilize Power BI's analytical tools to explore relationships between environmental factors and plant growth stages.	5	Low	SHAIK KARISHMA
	Visualization Developnment	USN-4	Create interactive visualization for key metrics	6	Medium	NAGIREDDY DEEPTHI
	Dashboard Design	USN-5	Design user-friendly interfaces that allow stakeholder	8	High	NUDURUPATI SRIVIDYA

			s to easily access and interpret data			
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			Incorporate visual elements such as charts, graphs, and map store present data effectively.			NAGIREDDY DEEPTHI
Sprint- 3	Implementation	USN- 6	Provide training and support to users to ensure they can effectively utilize the dashboards for decision- making	7	Medium	KANCHUPATI LAVANYA, NUDURUPATI SRIVIDYA
	Feedback		Gather feedback from stake holder on initial dashboard	6	Medium	SHAIK KARISHMA

	Evaluation and Continuous Improvement	USN-7	Analyze user engagement with the dashboards and gather feedback for enhancements. Foster a culture of data-driven decision-making with in the organization to maximize the benefits of the project.	9	High	SHAIK KARISHMA, NUDURUPATI SRIVIDYA ,KANCHUPATI LAVANYA
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Project Tracker, Velocity & Burn down Chart:(4Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	21	10Days	22Feb2025	03March2025	22	03March 2025
Sprint-2	20	10Days	04March 2025	13March2025	21	13March 2025

Sprint-3	15	3Days	13March 2025	14March 2025	14	14March 2025
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Velocity:

Total Story Points Completed:56

Total Number of Sprints=3

Velocity=Total Story Points/Number of Sprints

Velocity=56/3=18.66

Burn down Chart:

A burn chart is graphical representation of work left do versus time. It is often used in agile software development methodologies such as Scrum. Burn down charts be applied to any project containing measurable progress over time.

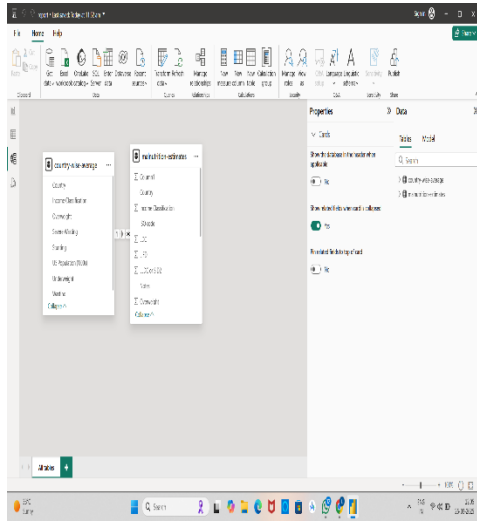
Sprint	Day	TotalStoryPoints	StorypointsCompleted	RemainingStoryPoints
1	1	56	0	56
	2	56	0	56
	3	56	0	56
	4	56	0	56
	5	56	0	56
	6	56	0	56

	7	56	0	56
	8	56	0	56
	9	56	0	56
	10	56	21	35
2	1	56	21	35
	2	56	21	35
	3	56	21	35
	4	56	21	35
	5	56	21	35

	6	56	21	35
	7	56	21	35
	8	56	21	35
	9	56	21	35
	10	56	20	15
3	1	56	15	15
	2	56	15	15
	3	56	15	15
	4	56	15	15
	5	56	15	15

	6	56	15	15
	7	56	15	15
	8	56	15	15
	9	56	15	15
	10	56	15	0

6. FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE

2.	Data Preprocessing	
3.	Utilization of Data Filters	We had shorted the data by giving the data type text, whole no. and the decimal no.
4.	DAX Queries Used	<p>1. Total Malnourished Population Over Time TotalMalnourished = SUM('MalnutritionData'[Malnourished_Population])</p> <p>2. Malnutrition Rate (%) by Country MalnutritionRate = DIVIDE(SUM('MalnutritionData'[Malnourished_Population]), SUM('MalnutritionData'[Total_Population]), 0) * 100</p> <p>3. Moving Average for Malnutrition Rate (5-Year) Malnutrition_MA5 = AVERAGEX(DATESINPERIOD('MalnutritionData'[Year], MAX('MalnutritionData'[Year]), -5, YEAR), [MalnutritionRate])</p>

		<p>4.Top 5 Most Affected Countries in a Given Year</p> <p>Top5Countries = TOPN(5, SUMMARIZE('MalnutritionData', 'MalnutritionData'[Country], "MalnutritionRate", [MalnutritionRate]), [MalnutritionRate], DESC)</p>
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6.1. Performance Testing

ModelPerformanceTesting:

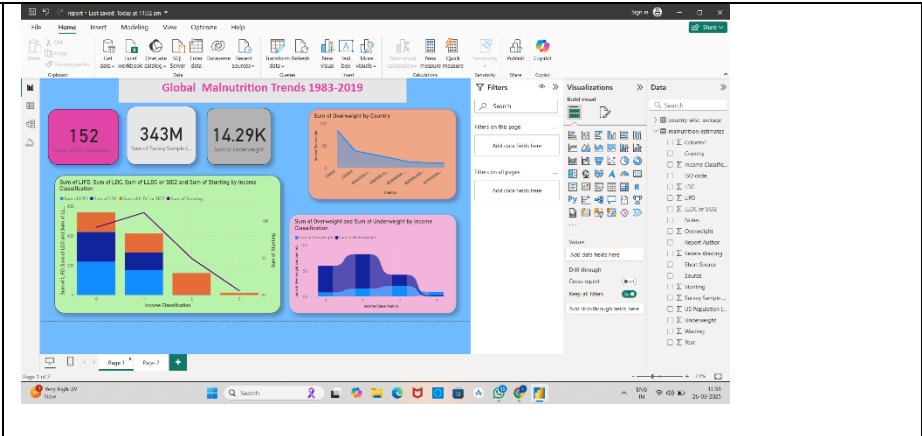
Projectteamshallfillthefollowinginformationinmodelperformancetestingtemplate.

6

S.No	Parameter	Screenshot/Values
1.	Data Rendered	8 column and 152 Rows.

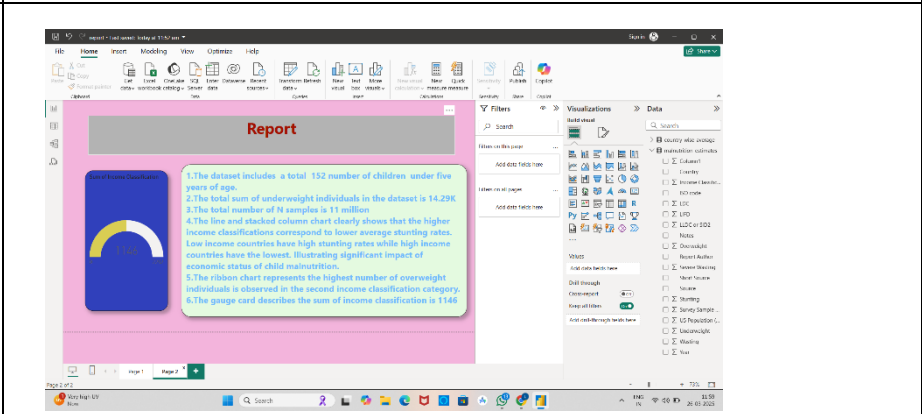
5.

Dashboard design



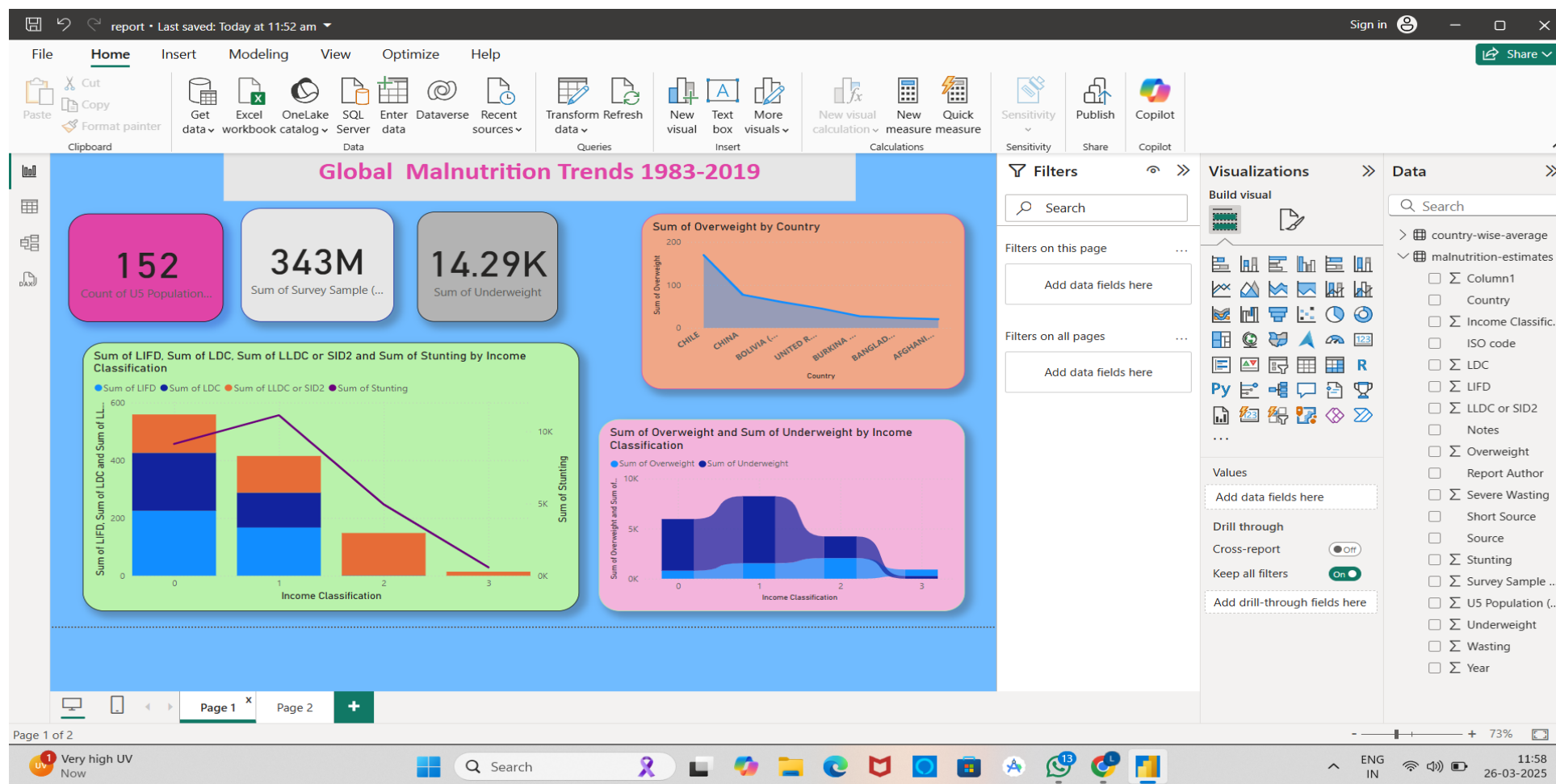
6

Report Design



7. RESULTS

7.1 Dashboard



Title: "Global Malnutrition Trends 1983-2019"

Visual Elements:

Three key metrics displayed in colored boxes:

152 (Count of US Population)

343M (Sum of Survey Sample)

14.29K (Sum of Underweight)

Multiple charts and graphs:

A line graph showing the Sum of Overweight by Country (includes countries like Chile, China, Bolivia, and others).

A bar and line combination chart depicting the Sum of LIFD, LDC, LLDC, SID2, and Sum of Stunting by Income Classification. Another graph illustrating Sum of Overweight and Sum of Underweight by Income Classification.

Filters and Data Fields:

A filter panel on the right allows filtering by different fields such as Country, Income Classification, Overweight, Underweight, Stunting, and more.

A data pane showing available fields like Country-wise average, Malnutrition estimates, Year, and other attributes.

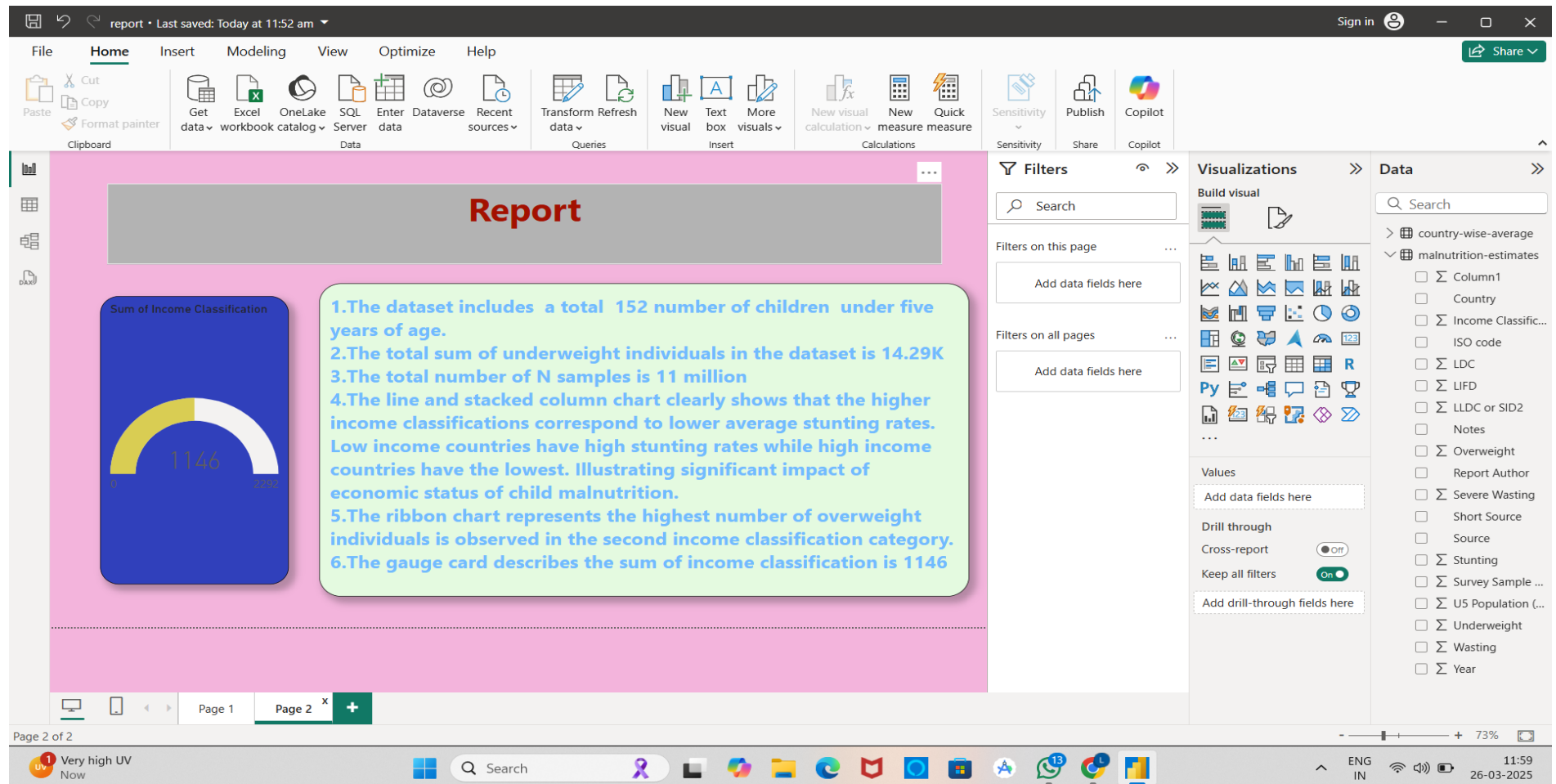
Interface Details:

The Power BI ribbon at the top contains options like Get Data, Transform Data, Visualizations, Filters, and Copilot.

The dashboard has a colorful theme with blue, pink, green, and orange backgrounds for different sections.

The bottom navigation shows Page 1 of 2, indicating multiple pages in the repo

7.2REPORT



Key Statistics:

- The dataset includes **152 children under five years of age**.
- The total **sum of underweight individuals** is **14.29K**.

- The total number of **N samples is 11 million**.

Key Insights:

- A **line and stacked column chart** shows that higher-income classifications correspond to lower average **stunting rates**.
- **Low-income countries** have high **stunting rates**, whereas high-income countries have the lowest—indicating a significant economic impact on **child malnutrition**.
- A **ribbon chart** indicates that the highest number of **overweight individuals** is observed in the **second income classification category**.

Visual Elements:

- A **gauge chart** (on the left side) displays the **sum of income classification as 1146**.
- A large **text box** summarizes the report's findings in blue text over a green background.

Interface Details:

- The Power BI **ribbon at the top** has options like **Get Data, Transform Data, New Visual, Publish, and Copilot**.
- The **Filters and Data Pane** on the right allow adding and modifying visualizations based on fields such as **Country, Overweight, Underweight, Stunting, and Year**

8.ADVANTAGES&DISADVANTAGES

Advantages:

1.Interactive Data Visualization:

- Power BI provides dynamic charts, graphs, and filters that allow users to explore malnutrition trends across countries and income classifications.

2.Data-Driven Insights:

- The analysis highlights key statistics, such as stunting, underweight, and overweight cases, helping policymakers and health organizations make informed decisions.

3.Comparative Analysis by Income Classification:

- The report shows clear relationships between income levels and malnutrition rates, offering insights into economic disparities in child health.

4.Real-Time Data Refresh & Updates:

- If connected to live datasets, Power BI can provide updated insights without manually recreating reports.

5.User-Friendly Interface:

- Power BI's drag-and-drop functionality makes it easy for non-technical users to explore the data.

6.Customizable & Scalable:

- The dashboard allows users to add filters, change visuals, and scale analysis based on evolving needs.

Disadvantages :

☐ **Data Accuracy & Completeness Issues:**

- Historical data (1983-2019) may have inconsistencies, missing values, or biases affecting the accuracy of insights.

☐ **Limited Granularity:**

- Aggregated data may not provide detailed insights at the regional or household level, limiting localized policy recommendations.

☐ **Complexity for New Users:**

- While Power BI is user-friendly, new users may struggle with advanced features like DAX calculations, relationships, and custom visuals.

☐ **Performance Issues with Large Datasets:**

- Analyzing millions of records can slow down performance, requiring data optimization techniques.

☐ **Dependence on Data Sources:**

- The quality of insights depends on the reliability of external data sources, which may have collection biases or outdated information.

☐ **Limited Offline Accessibility:**

- Power BI reports require internet access for cloud-based sharing, making it less convenient for offline users.

9. CONCLUSION:

The Global Malnutrition Trends (1983-2019) Power BI Analysis provides valuable insights into malnutrition patterns across income classifications and countries, highlighting the strong correlation between economic conditions and child health. The report reveals that low-income countries face higher stunting and underweight rates, while wealthier nations exhibit lower malnutrition levels, emphasizing the need for targeted policy interventions. While Power BI enables dynamic visualization and comparative analysis, challenges such as data accuracy, granularity limitations, and performance constraints must be addressed for more precise insights. Enhancing the study with real-time data integration, regional-level analysis, and predictive modeling can further strengthen its impact. Overall, this project serves as a powerful tool for data-driven decision-making in the fight against global malnutrition.

10. FUTURESCOPE

☐ Real-Time Data Integration:

- Incorporating **live data sources** from organizations like WHO, UNICEF, and FAO can provide up-to-date insights into malnutrition trends.

☐ Predictive Analytics & AI Integration:

- Using **machine learning models** within Power BI can help forecast future malnutrition rates based on economic, demographic, and healthcare trends.

☐ Regional & Household-Level Analysis:

- Enhancing the dataset with **granular-level data** (state, district, or household-level) can provide **more targeted insights** for policymakers.

❑ **Policy Impact Assessment:**

- Analyzing the **effectiveness of government nutrition programs** and interventions can help refine policies and improve child health outcomes.

❑ **Geospatial Visualization:**

- Implementing **maps and heatmaps** in Power BI can offer **better geographic insights** into malnutrition hotspots across countries and regions.

❑ **Integration with Socioeconomic Indicators:**

- Linking malnutrition trends with **education, poverty, sanitation, and healthcare access data** can provide a **holistic understanding** of underlying causes.

❑ **User-Friendly Dashboards for Decision-Makers:**

- Creating **customized, interactive dashboards** for health organizations, NGOs, and policymakers can enhance usability and drive **data-driven decision-making**.

11.APPENDIX

Dataset Link: <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ruchi798/malnutrition-across-the-globe?select=malnutrition-estimates.csv>

GITHUB Link: https://github.com/lavanyakanchupati/Nassscom_data_analytics_power_bi