

**Due: 11:59pm Friday, March 14****Instructions**

- One (1) report per team is required; the team lead must upload the file to the assignment section of the course homepage at <https://classes.pace.edu>.
- Create a file named “CS696A\_WR2\_{TeamName}.docx” (i.e., if your team name is “ABC”, the file name is “CS696A\_WR2\_ABC.docx”); all three (3) exercises must be completed inside the same file.

**Exercise 1: Database Design [30 pts]**

Identify all the data that must be stored inside the database. Key questions you must consider are:

- How many data tables are required?
- What does each data table represent?
- For each item in the table, what fields or attributes are required?

The questions above aren't meant to be exhaustive; if you believe more details must be provided describing your data, feel free to add additional information.

**Grading Rubric**

Per each grading criterion, the top 25% will receive “A”, the middle 50% will receive “B”, and the rest will receive “C”. No submission or omission of the exercise will result in zero (0).

Grading Criteria	Description	Scores
Technical Soundness [20 pts]	Describe why certain data items must be stored in the database, and why certain fields or attributes are required for the individual items.	A: 20pts B: 18pts C: 16pts
Requirement Coverage [10 pts]	The comprehensiveness of written discussion across all the data items necessary for the requirements proposed in Written Report 1.	A: 10pts B: 9pts C: 8pts

**Exercise 2: Requirement Analysis [50 pts]**

Based on Written Report #1 and the requirements outlined, explain how the database design from Exercise 1 will support key requirements. There are requirements that don't necessitate database calls or connections; such requirements can be ignored for this exercise. Choose at least 5-7 requirements that rely heavily on the data stored in the database tables.

As a suggestion, for this exercise, focus on the requirements that require the data from multiple database tables and/or the ones that use the relationship between the items stored in different tables. For example, as seen during Week 7 lecture in TikTok example, assuming Videos and Users are stored in separate databases, you can focus on how “a user liking a video” will be represented in the database and implemented in a software logic.

**Grading Rubric**

Per each grading criterion, the top 25% will receive “A”, the middle 50% will receive “B”, and the rest will receive “C”. No submission or omission of the exercise will result in zero (0).

Grading Criteria	Description	Scores
Technical Depth [30 pts]	For the complicated requirements utilizing the data from multiple database tables, the depth of explanation on how such requirements can be implemented across the system.	A: 30pts B: 27pts C: 24pts
Requirement Coverage [20 pts]	The comprehensiveness of written discussion across all the requirements proposed in Written Report 1.	A: 20pts B: 18pts C: 16pts

**Exercise 3: Database Technology Choice [20 pts]**

Based on your answers in Exercise 1 and 2, explain your reasoning on what database technology (relational or non-relational) you will choose for the implementation. Provide tradeoff analysis (i.e., explain why the option you aren't choosing isn't suitable to deliver your requirements).

**Grading Rubric**

Per each grading criterion, the top 25% will receive “A”, the middle 50% will receive “B”, and the rest will receive “C”. No submission or omission of the exercise will result in zero (0).

Grading Criteria	Description	Scores
Tradeoff Analysis [20 pts]	Explain why you are choosing the recommended database technology to build your product. If you are choosing a specific database (e.g., MySQL, DynamoDB, MongoDB, etc.), feel free to describe how the chosen database supports your reasoning.	A: 20pts B: 18pts C: 16pts