

Assignment - 3

```
① class GFG {  
    public static void main (String [] args )  
    {  
        int i = 100 ;  
        long l = i ;  
        float f = 1 ;  
        System.out.println ("Int value" + i);  
        System.out.println ("Long value" + l);  
        System.out.println ("Float value" + f);  
    }  
}
```

Output :- Int value 100
Long value 100
Float value 100.0

```
② public class GFG {  
    public static void main (String [] argv)  
    {  
        char ch = 'C' ;  
        int num = 88 ;  
        ch = num ;    }  
}
```

Output :- An error will be generated
Possible lossy conversion from int to char
ch = num;

We are trying to put data from 4 bytes into 2 bytes which is not possible.

③ output :-

An error will be generated
incompatible types: possible lossy conversion
from int to char
ch = num;

④

```

public class GFG {
    public static void main (String [] args)
    {
        double d = 100.04;
        long l = (long) d;
        int i = (int) l;
        System.out.println ("Double value "+d);
        System.out.println ("long value "+l);
        System.out.println ("int value "+i);
    }
}

```

output :-

Double value 100.04

long value 100

Int value 100

while assigning value to byte type the fractional part is lost and reduced to modulo 256 (range of byte).

⑤

```

class GFG {
    public static void main (String args [])
    {
        byte b;
        int i = 257;
        double d = 328.142;
        System.out.println ("Conversion of int to byte");
        i %= 256;
        b = (byte) i;
        S.o.p ("i = " + i + " b = " + b);
        S.o.p ("\n Conversion of double to byte.");
        b = (byte) d;
        S.o.p ("d = " + d + " b = " + b);
    }
}

```

output :-

Conversion of int to byte.

i = 257 b = 1

Conversion of double to byte.

d = 328.142 b = 67

⑥ class GFG {
 public static void main (String args [])
 {
 byte b = 42;
 char c = 'a';
 short s = 1024;
 int i = 50000;
 float f = 5.67f;
 double d = 1.234;
 double result = (f*b)+(i/c)-(d*s);
 System.out.println("result = " + result);
 }
 }
 output :- ~~626~~
 result : 626.7718

⑦ class GFG {
 public static void main (String args [])
 {
 byte b = 50;
 b = (byte)(b*2);
 System.out.println(b);
 }
 }
 output :- 100

⑧ public class GFG {
 public static void main (String[] args)
 {
 int[] arr = {13, 7, 6, 45, 21, 9, 101, 102};
 Arrays.sort(arr);
 System.out.println("modified arr[] : 1.s",
 Arrays.toString(arr));
 }
 }

output :- Modified arr[] [6, 7, 9, 13, 21, 45
 101, 102]

```

⑨ public class GFGE {
    public static void main (String [] args)
    {
        String arr[] = {
            "Practice.geeksforgeeks.org", "quiz.geeksforgeeks.org",
            "code.geeksforgeeks.org" };
        Array.sort (arr);
        System.out.println("Modified arr []:\n1.\n\n",
            Arrays.toString (arr));
        Arrays.sort (arr, Collections.reverseOrder());
        System.out.println("Modified arr []:\n1.\n\n",
            Arrays.toString (arr));
    }
}

```

output :- Modified arr []
 [code.geekforgeeks.org, practice.geekforgeek.org,
 quiz.geekforgeeks.org]
 Modified arr []
 [quiz.geekforgeeks.org, practice.geekforgeek.org,
 code.geekforgeeks.org]

```

⑩ public class Collectionsorting {
    public static void main (String [] args)
    {
        ArrayList<String> al = new ArrayList<String>();
        al.add ("Geeks For Geeks");
        al.add ("Friends");
        al.add ("Dear");
        al.add ("Is");
        al.add ("Superb");
        Collections.sort (al);
        System.out.println("List after the use of " +
            Collection.sort (); \n" + al);
    }
}

```

output :-
 List after the use of collection.sort.
 [Dear, Friends, Geek For Geek, is, superb]