Problem Statement:

Given an array of strings, return all groups of strings that are anagrams.

Anagrams: A word, a phrase or name formed by rearranging the letters of another, such as "spar" formed from "rasp". All inputs are in lower case.

Input: string = ['cat', 'dog', 'god', 'tca']

Output: [[1,4],[2,3]]

Explanation:

"cat" and "tca" are anagrams as both strings contain 'c' 'a' 't' and indices are at position at 1 & 4 "dog" and "god" are anagrams as both strings contain 'd' 'o' 'g' and indices are at position at 2&3

Note:

Consider the array as 1 based indexing